

Composition with Knowledge Assumptions

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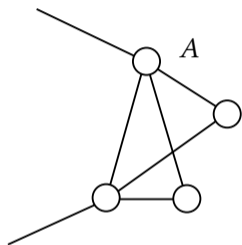
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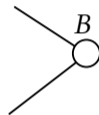
`mkohlwei@ed.ac.uk`

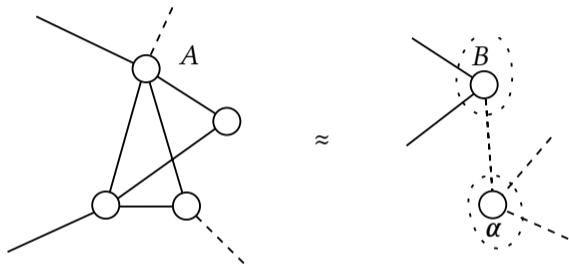
The University of Edinburgh & IOHK

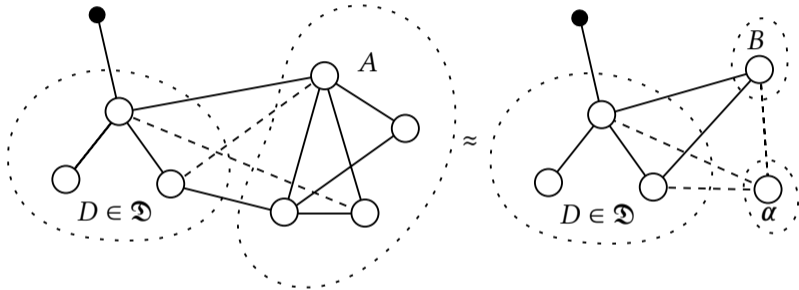
- ▶ Knowledge assumptions are useful
- ▶ Compositional security proofs are useful
- ▶ **They conflict**

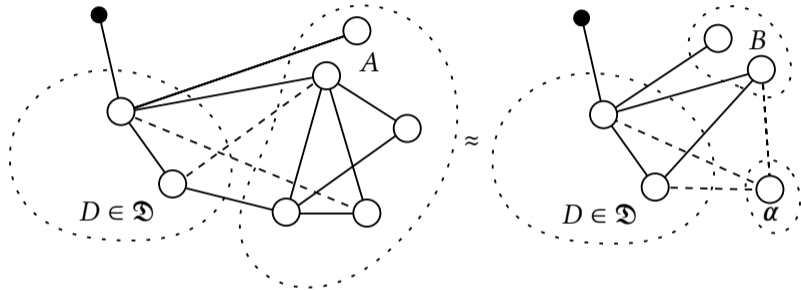


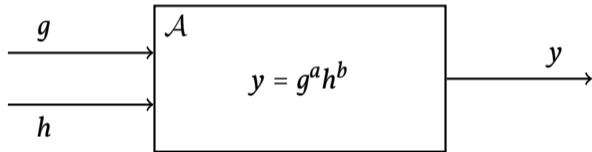
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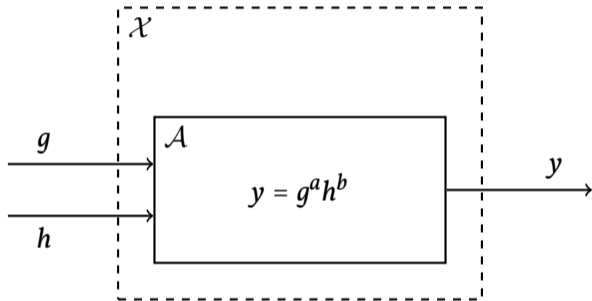


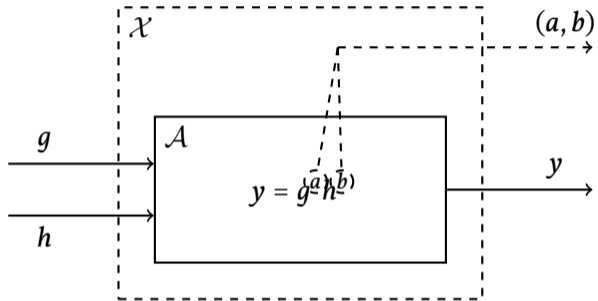












$$\tau \equiv \mathbb{0} \mid \mathbb{1} \mid \tau_1 + \tau_2 \mid \tau_1 \times \tau_2 \mid \tau^* \mid [\mathfrak{R}_{pp}] \mid \langle \mathfrak{R}_{pp}, I \rangle$$

$$E \equiv \top \mid \text{inj}_1(E) \mid \text{inj}_2(E) \mid (E_1, E_2) \mid \varepsilon \mid E_1 :: E_2 \mid [E]_{\mathfrak{R}_{pp}} \mid \langle E_1, E_2 \rangle_{\mathfrak{R}_{pp}}^I$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \vdash \top : \mathbb{1} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\vdash x : \tau_1}{\vdash \text{inj}_1(x) : \tau_1 + \tau_2}$$

$$\frac{\vdash x : \tau_2}{\vdash \text{inj}_2(x) : \tau_1 + \tau_2}$$

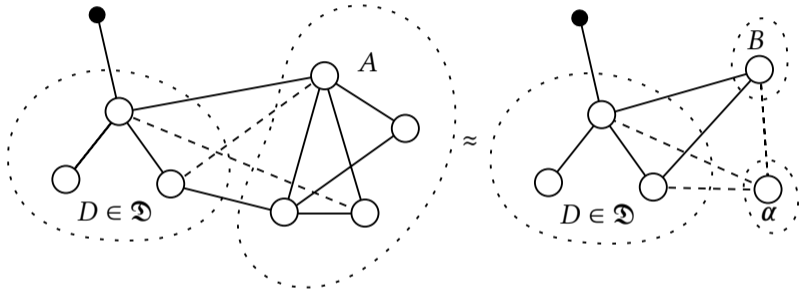
$$\frac{\vdash x : \tau_1 \quad \vdash y : \tau_2}{\vdash (x, y) : \tau_1 \times \tau_2}$$

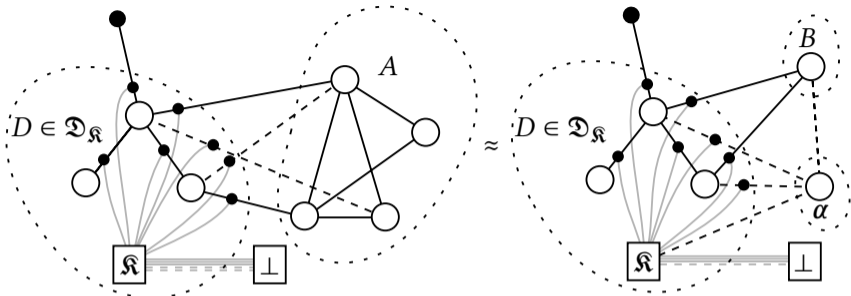
$$\vdash \varepsilon : \tau^*$$

$$\frac{\vdash x : \tau \quad \vdash \vec{x} : \tau^*}{\vdash x :: \vec{x} : \tau^*}$$

$$\frac{\vdash x : X_{pp} \quad \vdash w : W_{pp} \quad (x, w) \in \mathcal{R}_{pp}(I)}{\vdash \langle x, w \rangle_{\mathfrak{R}_{pp}}^I : \langle \mathfrak{R}_{pp}, I \rangle}$$

$$\frac{\vdash x : X_{pp}}{\vdash [x]_{\mathfrak{R}_{pp}} : [\mathfrak{R}_{pp}]}$$





Example, where $y = g^a h^b$:

- ▶ Original: $(1, [y]_{\mathfrak{K}_{pp}}): \mathcal{Z} \times [\mathfrak{K}_{pp}]$
- ▶ Lifted: $(1, \langle y, (g, a)::(h, b)::\varepsilon \rangle_{\mathfrak{K}_{pp}}^{\{g, h\}}): \mathcal{Z} \times \langle \mathfrak{K}_{pp}, \{g, h\} \rangle$
- ▶ Recorded: $\langle y, (g, a)::(h, b)::\varepsilon \rangle_{\mathfrak{K}_{pp}}^{\{g, h\}}: \langle \mathfrak{K}_{pp}, \{g, h\} \rangle$
- ▶ Queried: $y: X_{pp} \mapsto (g, a)::(h, b)::\varepsilon: W_{pp}(X_{pp})$

$$A \xrightarrow{\varepsilon_1, \alpha, \mathfrak{D}} B \wedge B \xrightarrow{\varepsilon_2, \beta, \mathfrak{D}\alpha} C \implies A \xrightarrow{\varepsilon_1 + \varepsilon_2, \alpha\beta, \mathfrak{D}} C$$

$$A \xrightarrow{\varepsilon, \alpha, \mathfrak{D}\mathbf{C}} B \implies \mathbf{C}A \xrightarrow{\varepsilon, \alpha, \mathfrak{D}} \mathbf{C}B$$

Statements slightly simplified for clarity.

Where $\vec{\mathfrak{K}}_1, \vec{\mathfrak{K}}_2$ are disjoint sets of knowledge assumptions:

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc} A & \xrightarrow{\varepsilon_1, \alpha, \mathcal{D}_{\vec{\mathfrak{K}}_1}} & B \\ & \wedge & \\ B & \xrightarrow{\varepsilon_2, \beta, \mathcal{D}_{\vec{\mathfrak{K}}_2}} & C \end{array} \right] \Longrightarrow A \xrightarrow{\varepsilon_1 + \varepsilon_2, \vec{\mathfrak{K}}_2(\alpha)\beta, \mathcal{D}_{\vec{\mathfrak{K}}_1 \cup \vec{\mathfrak{K}}_2}} C$$

$$A \xrightarrow{\varepsilon, \alpha, \mathcal{D}_{\vec{\mathfrak{K}}}} B \Longrightarrow \forall C \in \text{RespNet}_{\vec{\mathfrak{K}}} : \vec{\mathfrak{K}}(C)A \xrightarrow{\varepsilon, \gamma, \mathcal{D}_{\vec{\mathfrak{K}}}} \vec{\mathfrak{K}}(C)B$$

Statements slightly simplified for clarity.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 A \xrightarrow{\varepsilon_1, \alpha, \mathcal{D}_{\mathfrak{K}}^-} B \wedge B \xrightarrow{\varepsilon_2, \beta, \mathcal{D}_{\mathfrak{K}}^-} C \not\Rightarrow A \xrightarrow{\varepsilon_1 + \varepsilon_2, \alpha\beta, \mathcal{D}_{\mathfrak{K}}^-} C \\
 A \xrightarrow{\varepsilon, \alpha, \mathcal{D}_{\mathfrak{K}}^-} B \not\Rightarrow CA \xrightarrow{\varepsilon, \alpha, \mathcal{D}_{\mathfrak{K}}^-} CB
 \end{array}$$

- ▶ Groth16 is composable in the AGM.
- ▶ Special-case composition permits composing with a setup ceremony.
- ▶ Many practical questions remain:
 - ▶ Which schemes are simulation extractable?
 - ▶ Is the current practice of freely re-using curve pairs and universal setups safe?