

# On Pairing-Free Blind Signature Schemes in the Algebraic Group Model

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CISPA

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Algorand

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# Three-Move Blind Signature Schemes



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sk



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sk



pk,  $m$

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sk

$$R \stackrel{\$}{\leftarrow} \text{Sign}_1(\text{sk})$$



pk, m

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sk



pk, m

$R \stackrel{\$}{\leftarrow} \text{Sign}_1(\text{sk}) \xrightarrow{R}$

# Three-Move Blind Signature Schemes



sk



pk, m

$R \xleftarrow{\$} \text{Sign}_1(\text{sk})$

$R$

$c \xleftarrow{\$} \text{User}_1(\text{pk}, R, m)$

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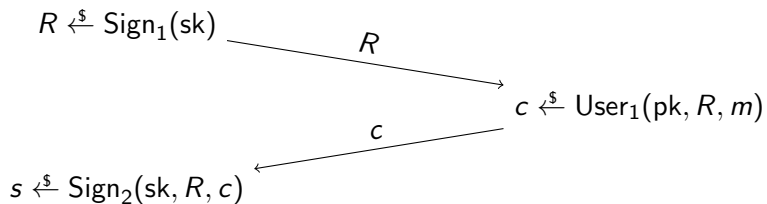
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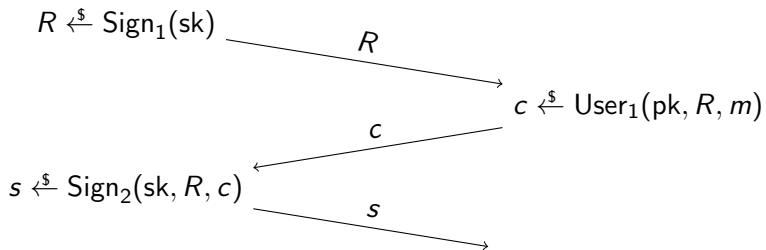
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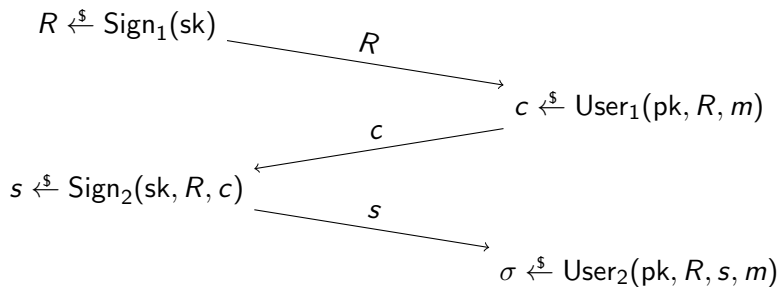
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# Security Notions - Blindness

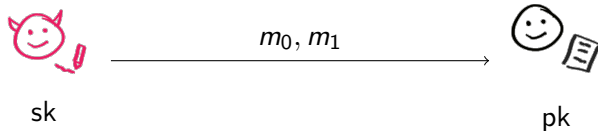


sk

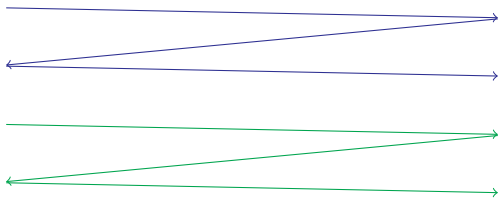
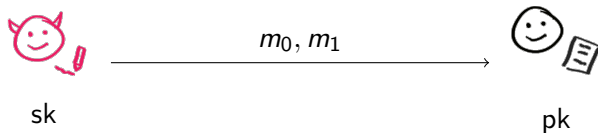


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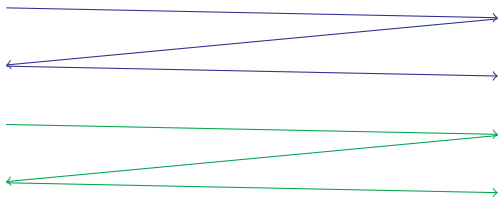
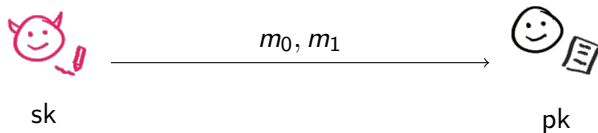
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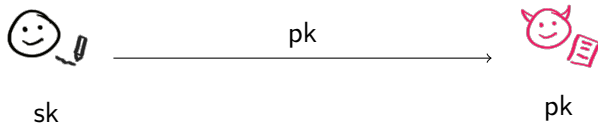
$(m_0, \sigma_0), (m_1, \sigma_1)$  or  $(m_0, \sigma_0), (m_1, \sigma_1)$ ?

# Security Notions - One-more-unforgeability

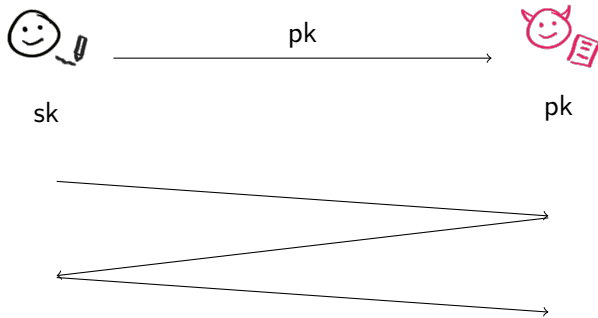




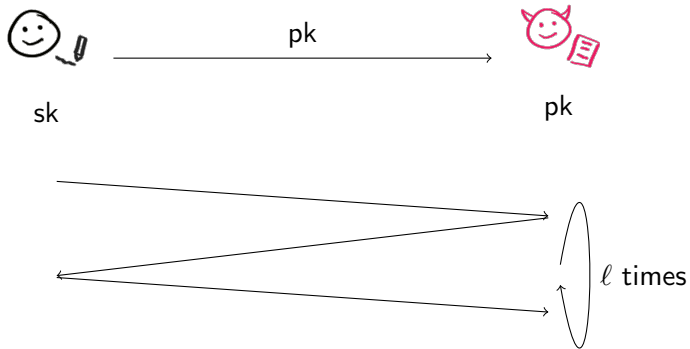
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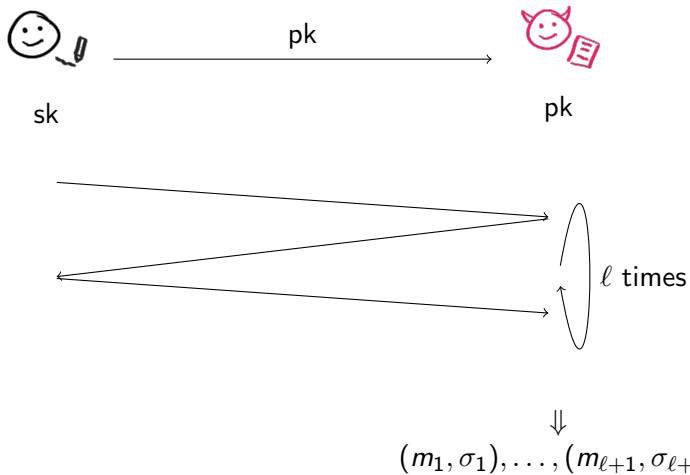
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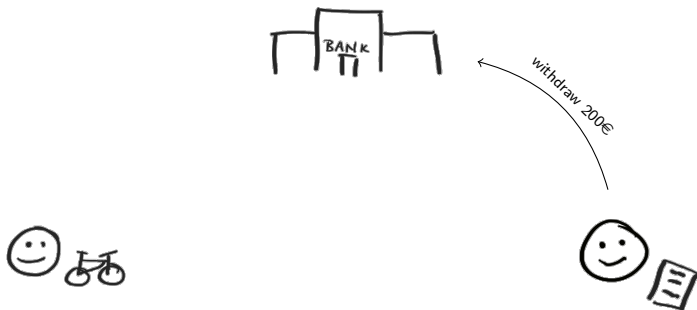
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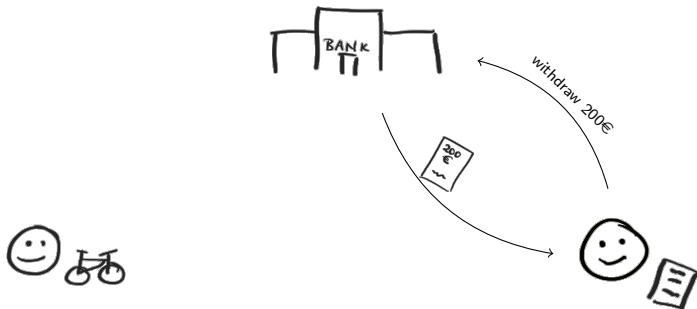
# Motivation - eCash [Cha82]



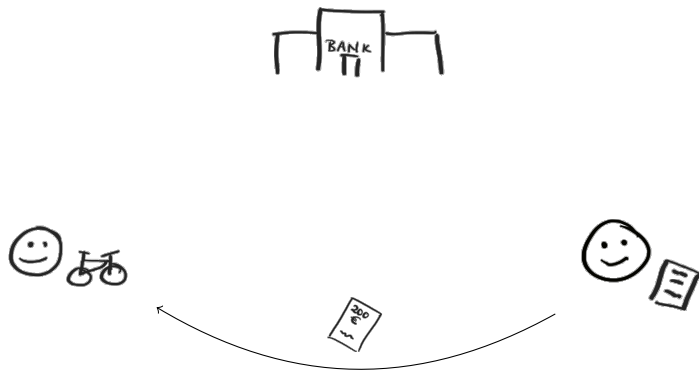
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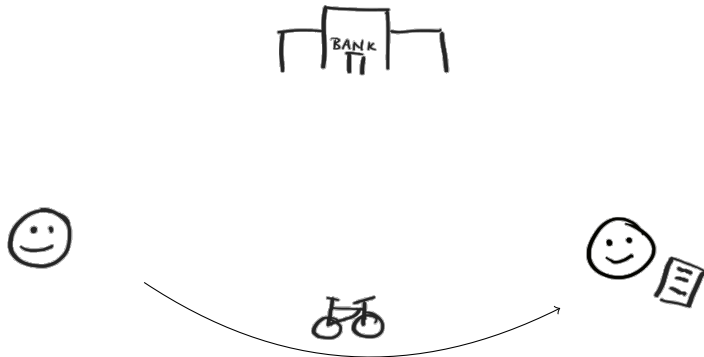


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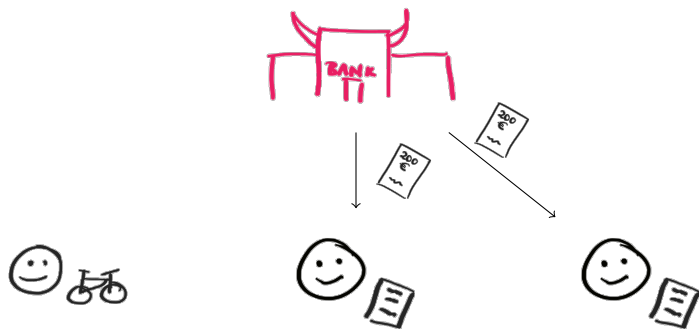
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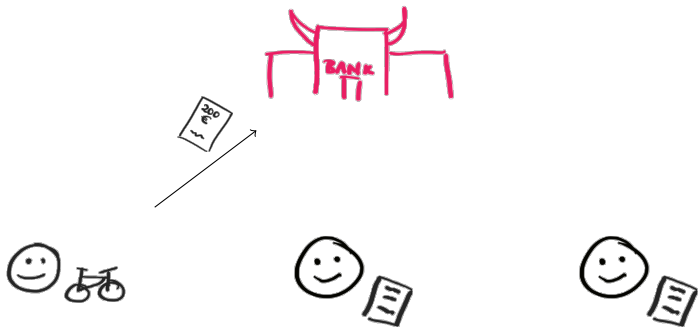
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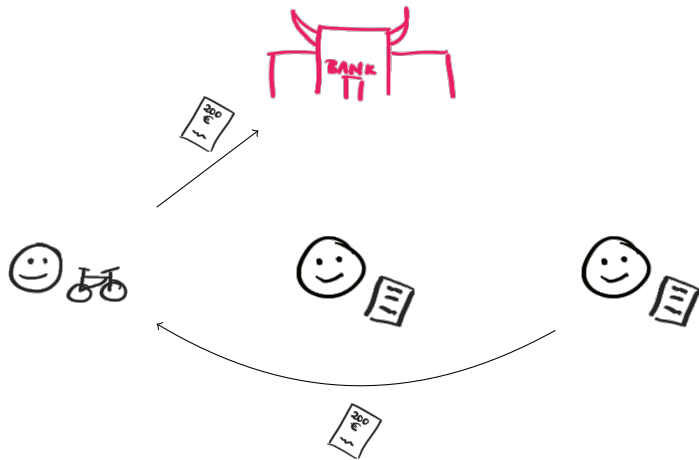
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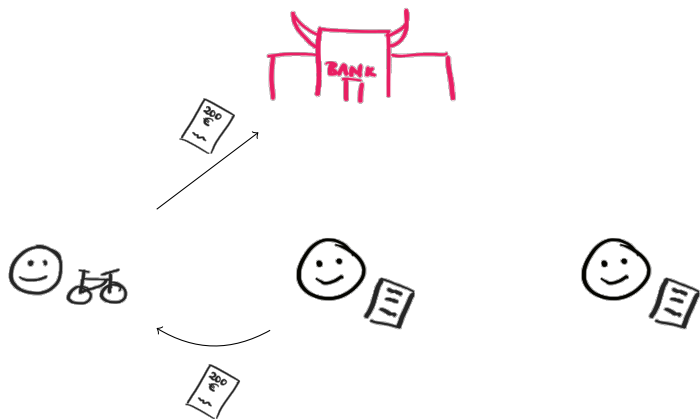
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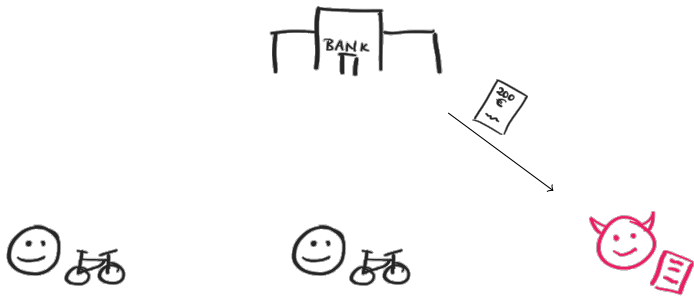
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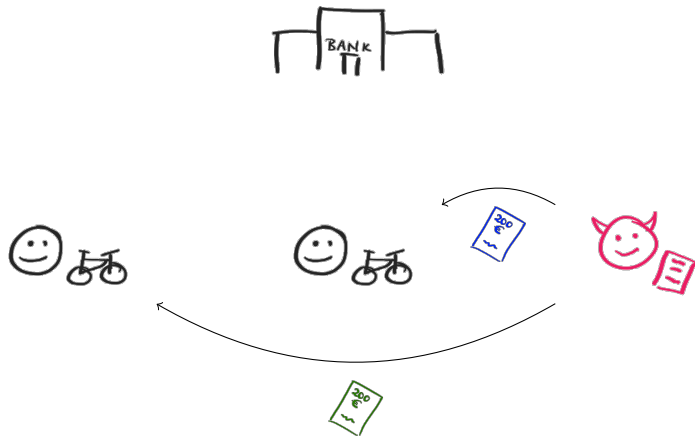


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# Partial Blindness [AF96]

## Additional information info

- ▶ Date/Time
- ▶ Expiration Date
- ▶ Value 50€, 100€, 200€, ...

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  - ▶ GGM-proof [OA03]

# Our Contributions

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# The Algebraic Group Model [FKL18]

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$$(y, \vec{z}) \stackrel{\$}{\leftarrow} A(x_1, \dots, x_n)$$

$$y = \prod_{j=1}^n x_j^{z_j}$$

# Blind Schnorr Signatures



$sk = x$



$m$

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$$\text{sk} = x$$



$$\text{pk} = y = g^x, m$$

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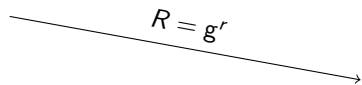
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$$r \xleftarrow{\$} \mathbb{Z}_q$$

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$$\begin{aligned} g^s &\stackrel{?}{=} R \cdot y^c \\ c' &= c - \beta, s' := s + \alpha \\ (m, \sigma &= (c', s')) \end{aligned}$$

# Reduction



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$Y = \text{chal}$



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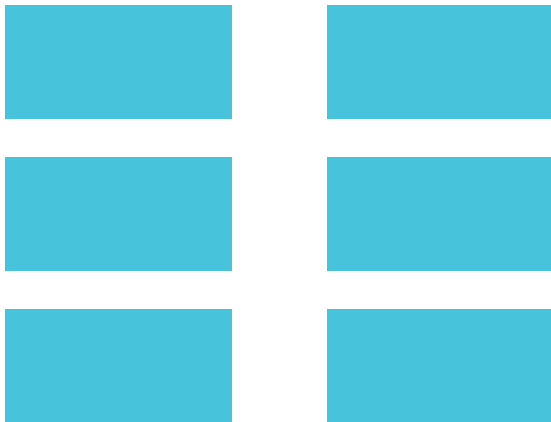
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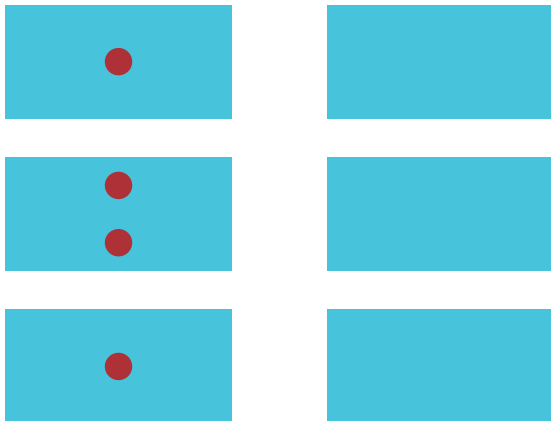
$g^s \stackrel{?}{=} R \cdot y^c$   
 $c' := c - \beta, s' := s + \alpha$   
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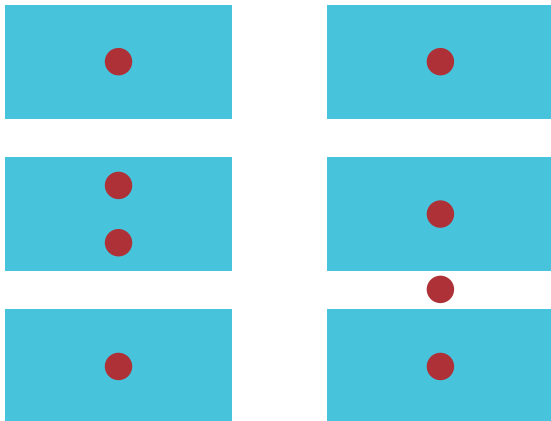
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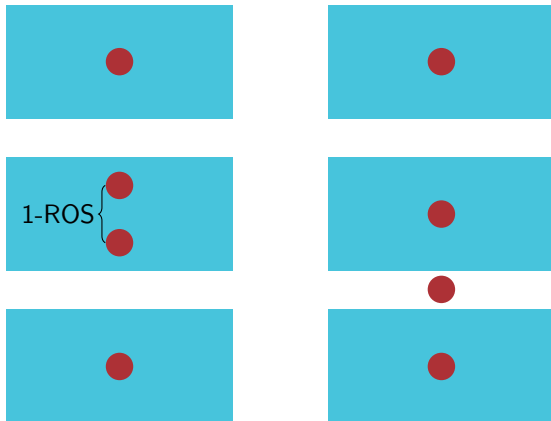
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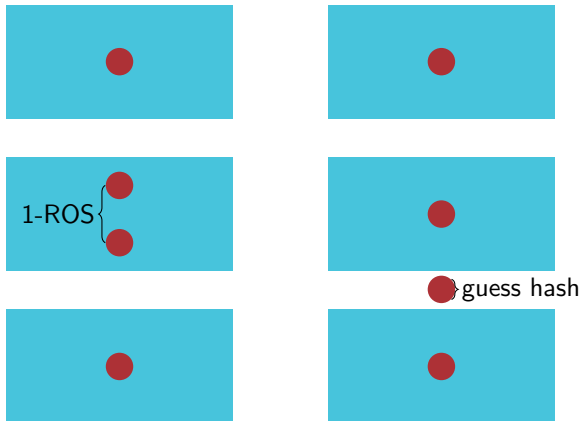
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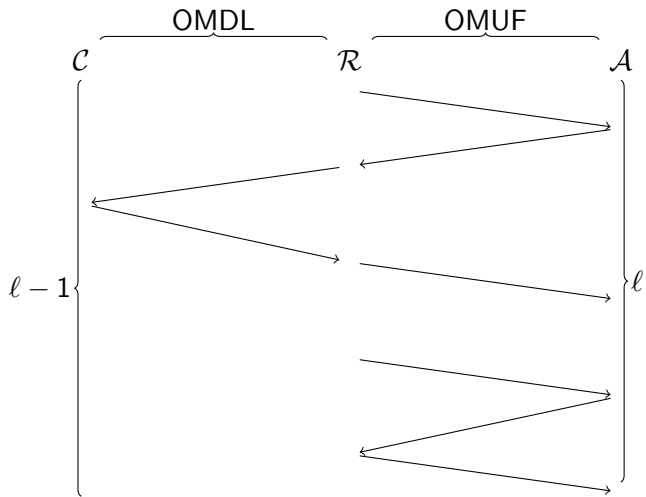
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# Optimality of the result



## Abe's blind signature scheme [Abe01]



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$x$  |  $h, z$





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$x$   $h, z$



$y = g^x$   $h, z$

# Abe's blind signature scheme [Abe01]



$$x \mid h, z$$



$$y = g^x \mid h, z$$

$$R = a \mid z_1, b_1, b_2$$

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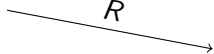
$x$   $h, z$



$y = g^x$   $h, z$

$R = a, z_1, b_1, b_2$

$R$



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$$x \parallel h, z$$



$$y = g^x \parallel h, z$$

$$R = a \parallel z_1, b_1, b_2$$

$R$

$$\varepsilon \stackrel{\$}{\leftarrow} H_3(\zeta, \zeta_1, \alpha, \beta_1, \beta_2, \eta, m)$$

$$e = \varepsilon + \quad + \quad$$

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$$e = \varepsilon + \text{[green]} + \text{[pink]}$$

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$$e = c + d$$
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$$r \parallel s_1, s_2$$

$$c, r \parallel d, s_1, s_2$$

$$\varepsilon = \omega + \delta$$

$$\rho \parallel \zeta, \zeta_1, \sigma_1, \sigma_2, \mu$$



# Abe's blind signature scheme [Abe01]



Y  $h = g^w, z = g^{w_0}$



Y  $h, z$

R =  $a, z_1, b_1, b_2$

R

$\varepsilon \xleftarrow{\$} H_3(\zeta, \zeta_1, \alpha, \beta_1, \beta_2, \eta, m)$

$e = \varepsilon + \text{[green box]} + \text{[pink box]}$

e

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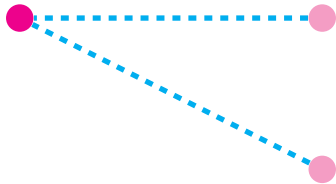
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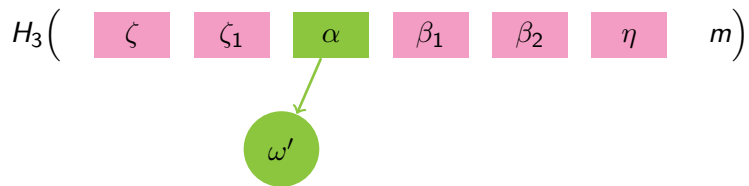
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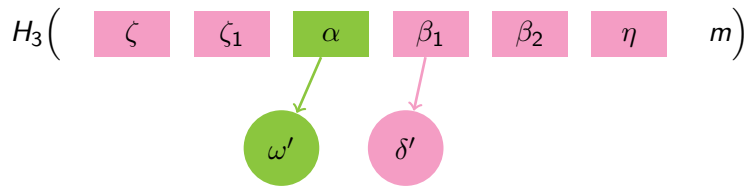
$$H_3 \left( \zeta \quad \zeta_1 \quad \alpha \quad \beta_1 \quad \beta_2 \quad \eta \quad m \right)$$

## Preliminary Components

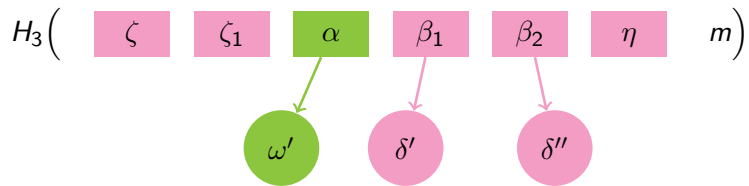




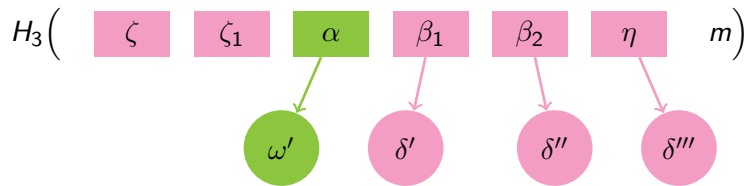
## Preliminary Components



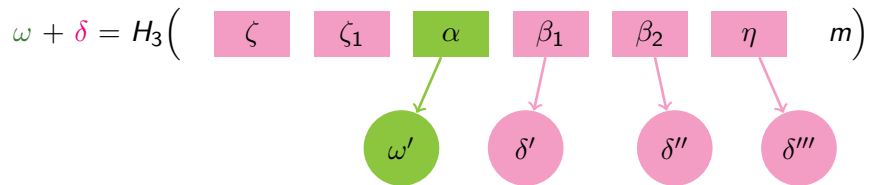
# Preliminary Components



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## How can the preliminary components be the same?

- ▶ guess hash value

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- ▶ guess hash value
- ▶ solve some discrete log

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- ▶ guess hash value
- ▶ solve some discrete log
- ▶ behave honestly
  - ▶ match linking components
  - ▶ solve 1-ROS

## Recap


- ▶  $\text{DLog} + \text{AGM} + \text{ROM}$ : Abe's scheme **concurrently** secure
- ▶  $\text{OMDL} + \text{AGM} + \text{ROM}$ : Schnorr's scheme *sequentially* secure
- ▶ for algebraic OMDL reduction: need at least as many OMDL queries as closed signing sessions





## Open questions


- ▶ Security of Abe's scheme in ROM only
- ▶ Schnorr's scheme with low concurrency in AGM + ROM


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