## TreePIR: Sublinear Time Polylog Bandwidth Private Information Retrieval from DDH



## Private Information Retrieval [CGKM ‘95, KO ‘97,....]

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## Two-Server Private Information Retrieval [CGKM ‘95, KO ‘97,....]



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Two-Server PIR, Client Preprocessing [BIM ‘04, ..., CK ‘20, ...]


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Query (at step i):


## Two-Server PIR, Client Preprocessing [BIM ‘04, ..., CK ‘20, ...]



The Client's Hint [CK '20, KC '21, ...]


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|  | 4 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $S_{1}$ | 9 |
|  |  |
|  | 11 |



The Client's Hint [CK '20, KC '21, ...]


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| ---: | ---: |
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| 5 |  |
|  | 11 |
|  |  |



The Client's Hint [CK '20, KC '21, ...]

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| ---: | ---: |
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|  |  |
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|  |  |



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The Client's Hint [CK '20, KC '21, ...]


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The Client＇s Hint［CK＇20，KC＇21，．．．］

| $\mathrm{S}_{1} 0^{\circ}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{p}_{1} \quad ⿴ 囗 十$ | $\mathrm{p}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{P}_{3}$ |
| $\mathrm{S}_{4}$ | $\mathrm{S}_{5}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{p}_{4}$ 田 | $\mathrm{p}_{5}$ | $\mathrm{p}_{6}$ |

The Client's Hint [CK '20, KC '21, ...]


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## Query Outline



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## Query Requirements



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## Modifying Client's Hint



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## Tool: Puncturable Pseudorandom Function [GGM ‘84, BW ‘13, KPTZ ‘13, BGI ‘14, ...]



## Correctness:

For any input $x^{\prime} \neq x$, punctured key evaluates to same output as original key

## Puncture on Puncturable PRF [BW ‘13, KPTZ ‘13, BGI ‘14, ...]



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## Security:

New key contains no information about evaluation at punctured point $x$

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Recall: if $x=(i, j)$ and sets are made of tuples ( $\mathrm{i}, \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{k}}(\mathrm{i})$ ), if we send to $\mathbf{B}_{\mathbf{0}} \mathrm{k}^{\prime} \leftarrow$ Puncture(k,i), it hides $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{k}}$ (i) but does not hide $i$

## Puncture on Privately Puncturable PRF [BLW ‘15, BKM ‘17, CC ‘17, ...]



## Correctness:

For any input $x^{\prime} \neq x$, punctured key evaluates to same output as original key

## Security:

New key contains no information about evaluation at punctured point $x$

## Privacy:

New key contains no information about punctured point $x$

## Puncture on Privately Puncturable PRF [BLW ‘15, BKM ‘17, CC ‘17, ...]



## Correctness:

For any input $x^{\prime} \neq x$, punctured key evaluates to same output as original key

## Security:

New key contains no information about evaluation at punctured point $x$

## Privacy:

New key contains no information about punctured point x
polylog bandwidth PIR, using ppPRFs

## Weak Privately Puncturable PRF



## Weak Correctness:

For any input $x^{\prime} \neq x$, punctured key evaluates to same output as original key for a correct guess of the punctured point $x$

## Security:

New key contains no information about evaluation at punctured point $x$

## Privacy:

New key contains no information about punctured point x

## Weak Privately Puncturable PRF



## Weak Privately Puncturable PRF



## Weak Correctness: <br> For any input $x^{\prime} \neq x$, punctured key evaluates to same output as original key for a correct guess of the punctured point x

## Security:

New key contains no information about evaluation at punctured point x

## Privacy:

New key contains no information about punctured point $x$

## Efficient Full Evaluation:

## Weak Privately Puncturable PRF



## Efficient Full Evaluation (Simplified):

Can compute a function over evaluations of entire domain in time quasi-linear in domain size.

## Weak Privately Puncturable PRF



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Can compute a function over evaluations of entire domain in time quasi-linear in domain size.

## XOR:

Output array of length M where the i -th element is:

$$
\oplus_{x \in\{1, \ldots M\}} P E \operatorname{Eval}\left(k^{\prime}, x, i\right)
$$

## Weak Privately Puncturable PRF



## Efficient Full Evaluation (Simplified):

Can compute a function over evaluations of entire domain in time quasi-linear in domain size.

## XOR:

Output array of length $M$ where the $i$-th element is:

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$$

At index equal to point that was punctured, xor will be consistent with original key (except for element punctured)

## Weak Privately Puncturable PRF



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By Efficient Full Evaluation, we can output this array in quasi-linear time in M.

## GGM PRF


$\mathbf{G}(\mathbf{G}(\mathrm{K})[0])[0] \quad \mathbf{G}(\mathbf{G}(\mathrm{K})[0])[1]$

## GGM PRF



## $\mathbf{G}(\mathbf{G}(\mathrm{k})[0])[0] \quad \mathbf{G}(\mathbf{G}(\mathrm{k})[0])[1]$

## GGM PRF


$\mathbf{G}(\mathbf{G}(\mathrm{k})[0])[0] \quad \mathbf{G}(\mathbf{G}(\mathrm{k})[0])[1]$


## GGM PRF



## G(k)[0]

$\mathbf{G}(\mathbf{G}(\mathbf{k})[0])[0] \quad \mathbf{G}(\mathbf{G}(\mathbf{k})[0])[1]$


## GGM PRF



## GGM PRF

## Punctured Key: $\{3, \quad \mathbf{G}(\mathbf{k}[0] \quad, \mathrm{G}(\mathbf{G}(\mathbf{K})[1])[1]\}$



## GGM PRF

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## Weak Privately Puncturable PRF

## Privately <br> Punctured Key: $\{\mathbb{E}, \underset{\text { Left-to-right ordering of }}{\text { G(k)[0] },}$ nodes in adjacent path



## Weak ppPRF

Left-to-right ordering of nodes in adjacent path

## Privately <br> 

Recipient can guess punctured index:

## Weak ppPRF

Left-to-right ordering of nodes in adjacent path


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Left-to-right ordering of nodes in adjacent path


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## Weak ppPRF

Left-to-right ordering of nodes in adjacent path


Recipient can guess punctured index:

| $\mathbf{G}(\mathbf{k})[0]$ <br> $[0]$ | $\mathbf{G}(\mathbf{k})[0]$ <br> $[1]$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |



## TreePIR

| Distribution for fast membership | $\longleftarrow$ | Weak Privately Puncturable PRF | $\square$ | Amortized sublinear PIR with $\log (N)$ upload and $\sqrt{ } N$ download bandwidth from OWF |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## TreePIR

| Distribution for fast membership | $\longleftarrow$ | Weak Privately Puncturable PRF | $\longrightarrow$ | Amortized sublinear PIR with $\log (N)$ upload and $\sqrt{ } N$ download bandwidth from OWF |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Database of $2^{32}$ bit entries

| PIR Scheme | Client storage | Amortized query time | Online Bandwidth |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| TreePIR | 1 MB | 3.5 s | 16.6 KB |
| Checklist [KC21] | 8 GB | 12.5 s | 0.5 KB |

## TreePIR plus recursion

| TreePIR | $\longleftarrow$ | [DGIMMO '19] on Rate-1 TDF | $\longrightarrow$ | First amortized sublinear PIR with polylog(N) bandwidth from DDH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## TreePIR plus recursion



## Practical amortized sublinear PIR with polylog(N) bandwidth

## New works building on TreePIR

- Piano: Extremely Simple, Single-Server PIR with Sublinear Server Computation [ZLTS '23] (to appear IEEE S\&P '24)
- Simple and Practical Amortized Sublinear Private Information Retrieval [MIR '23] (ePrint)


## Sources for icons:

https://icon-library.com/icon/key-icon-png-7.html.html
https://www.onlygfx.com/magnifying-glass-clipart-png-transparent/

