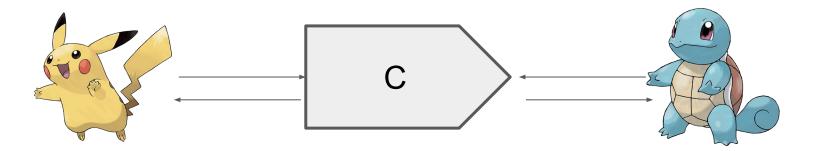
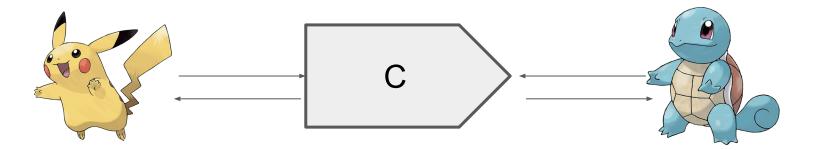
NanoGram: Garbled RAM with Õ(log N) Overhead

Andrew Park CMU Wei-Kai Lin Northeastern Elaine Shi CMU



Garbler

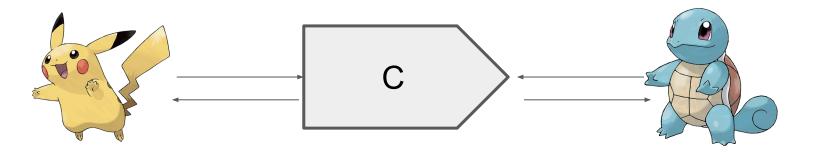
Evaluator



Garbler

Evaluator





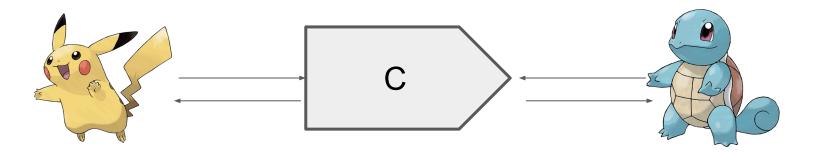
Garbler

Evaluator

Non Interactive



Large RAM-to-circuit conversion



Garbler

Evaluator



Garbler

Evaluator



Garbler

Evaluator

Input: {{i}} Output: {{x_i}}

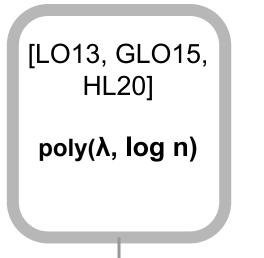


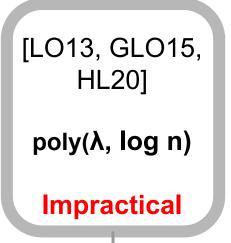
Garbler

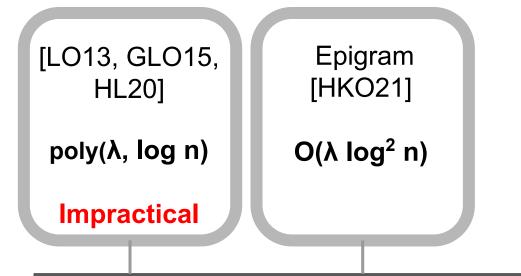
Evaluator

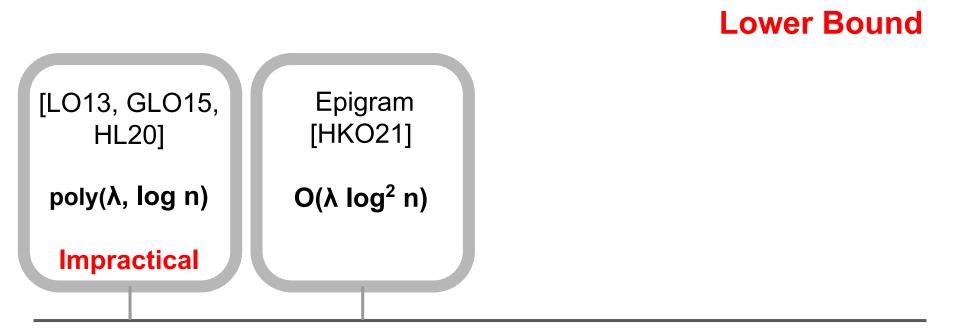
Input: {{i}} Output: {{x_i}}

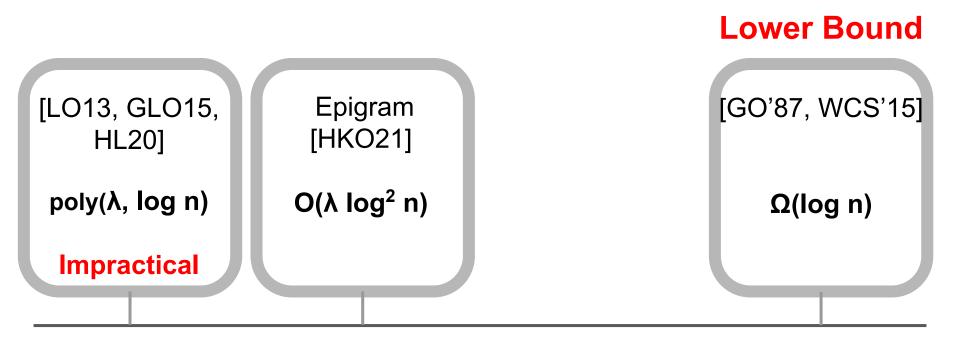
Goal: Access takes time sublinear in size of RAM

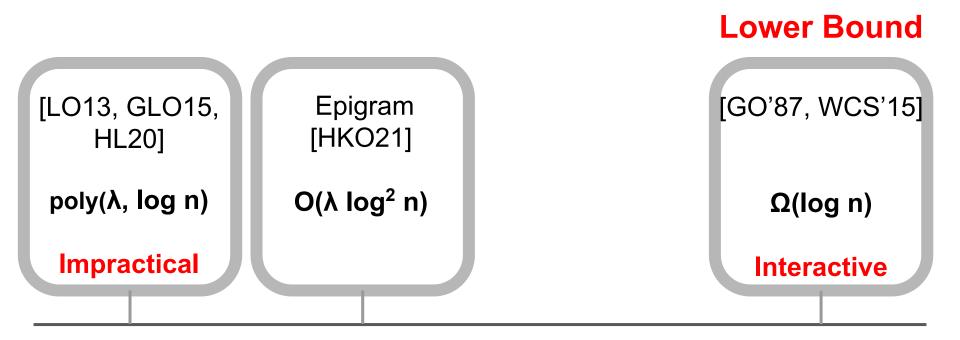








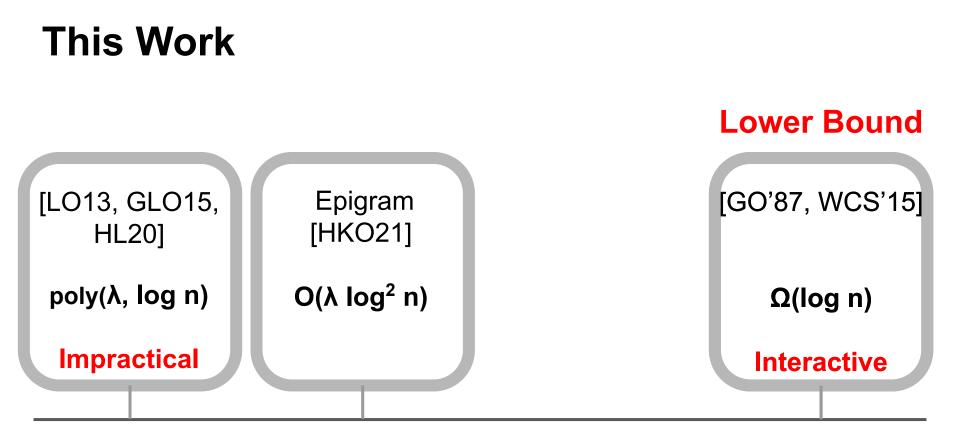


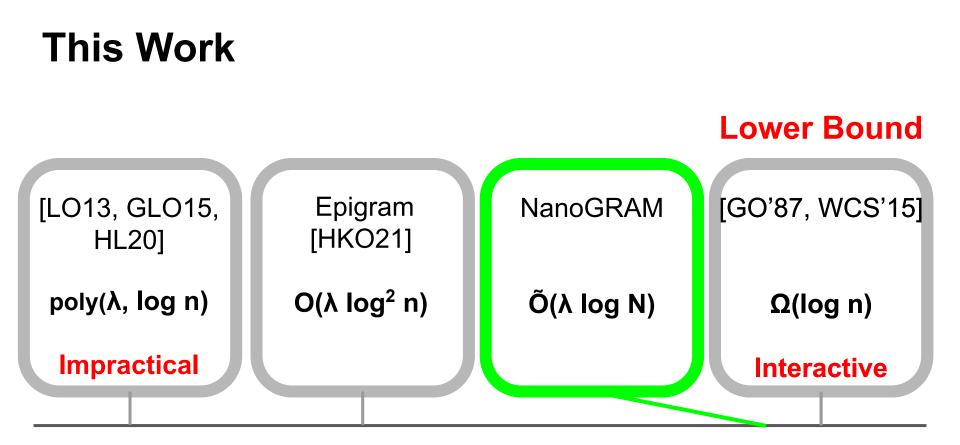


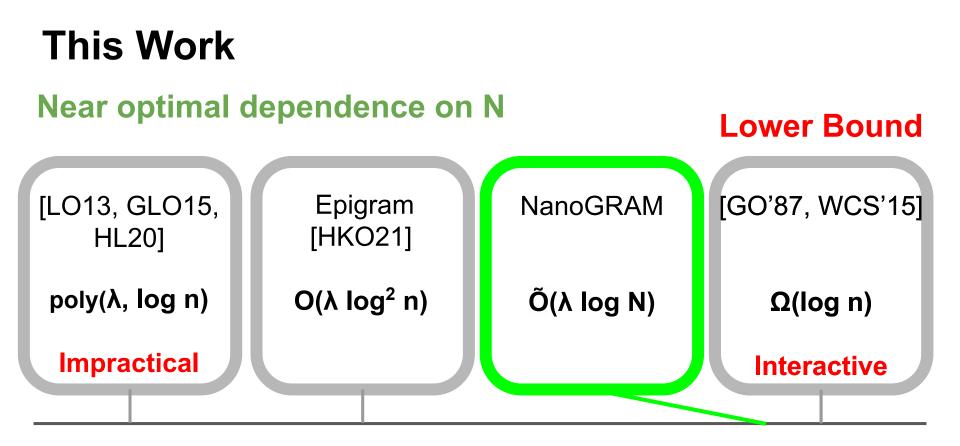
This Work

This Work

Can we have a (non-interactive) garbled RAM scheme whose asymptotical performance is competitive to the interactive state-of-the-art?







Outline

The Language Translation Problem

Strawman: Garbled ORAM Tree

Our Techniques

Outline

The Language Translation Problem

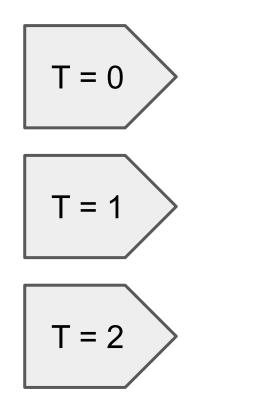
Strawman: Garbled ORAM Tree

Our Techniques

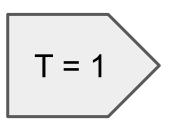
Each garbled circuit speaks a time-dependent language

Each garbled circuit speaks a time-dependent language

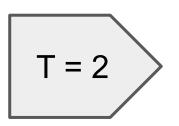
{{input}} ← Encode(sk, data, L)

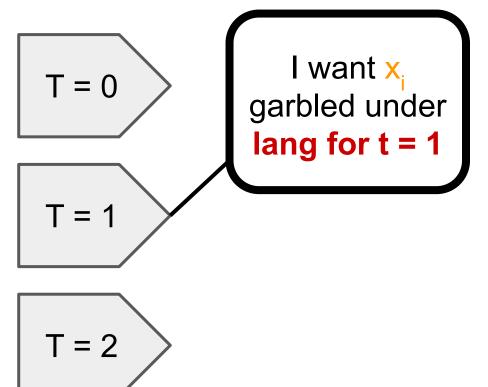


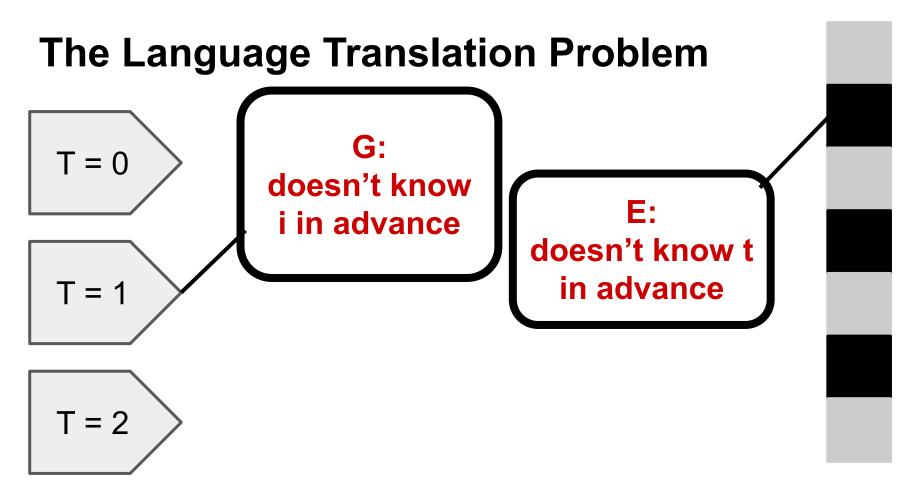


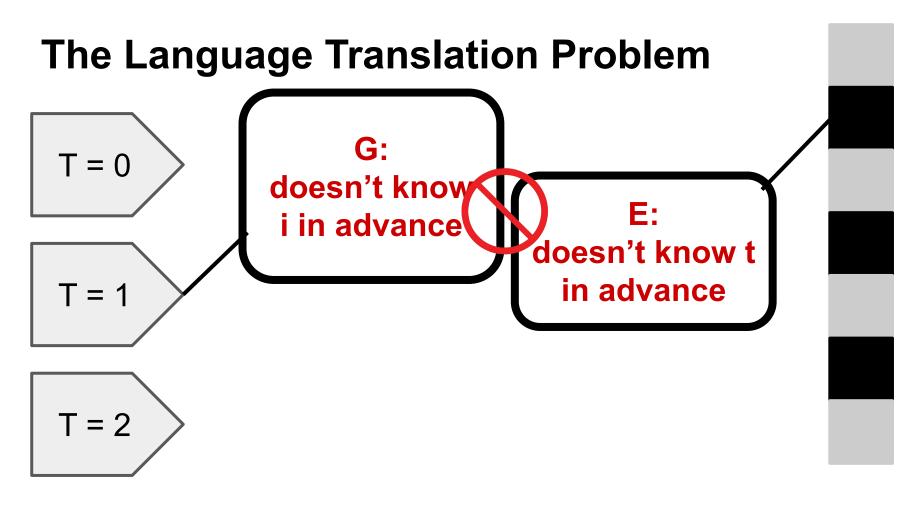


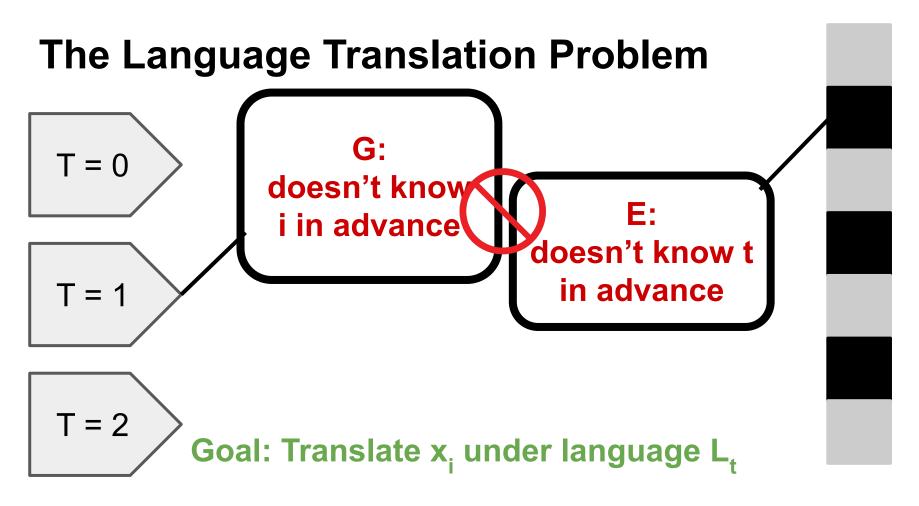
 $\mathsf{T}=\mathsf{0}$











Outline

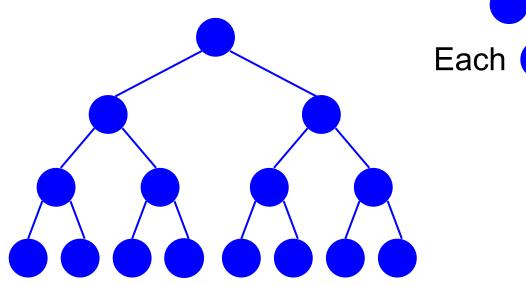
The Language Translation Problem

Strawman: Garbled ORAM Tree

Our Techniques

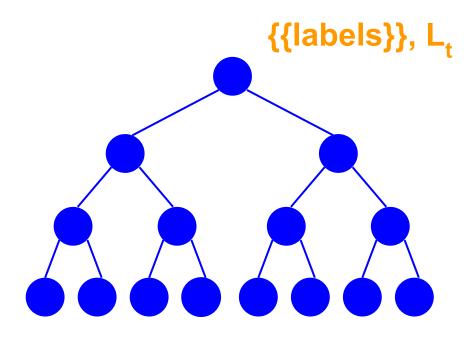
Strawman: Garbled ORAM Tree

Strawman: Garbled ORAM Tree

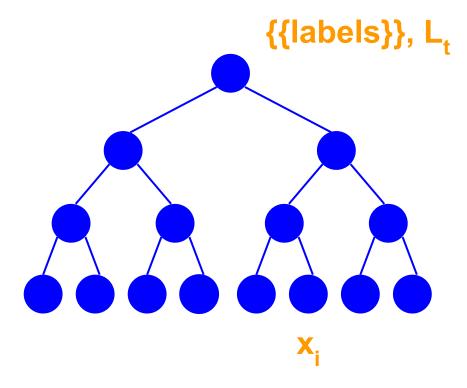


= Garbled Data Structure
 ach has its own local clock

Strawman: Garbled ORAM Tree

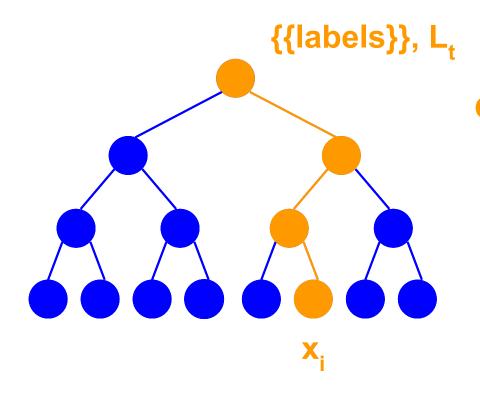


Strawman: Garbled ORAM Tree



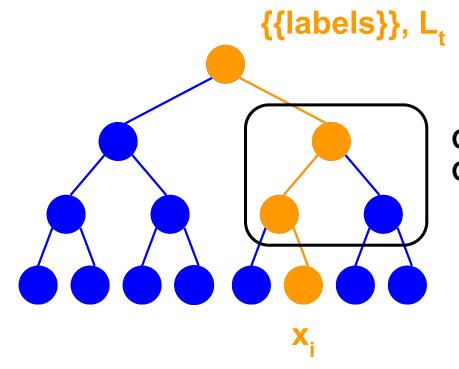
O(log N) labels, one to read from each bucket

Strawman: Garbled ORAM Tree



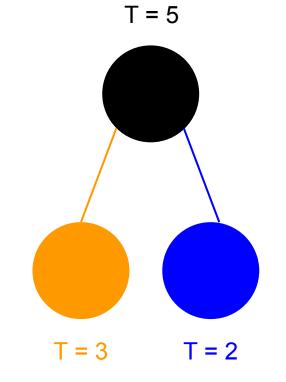
GOAL: Route L, to x, on path

Strawman: Garbled ORAM Tree



GOAL: Route L_t to x_i on path

Garbled Switch: Gadget for Language Translation



Every node has its local clock

T = 5

T = 3T = 2 Every node has its local clock

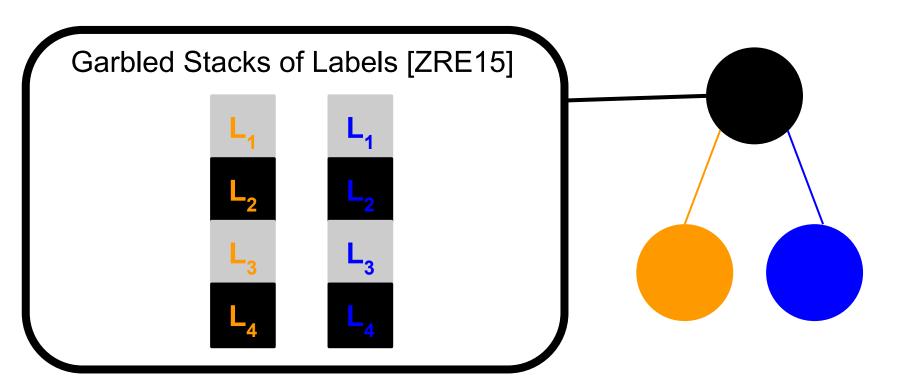
When invoked, local time increments

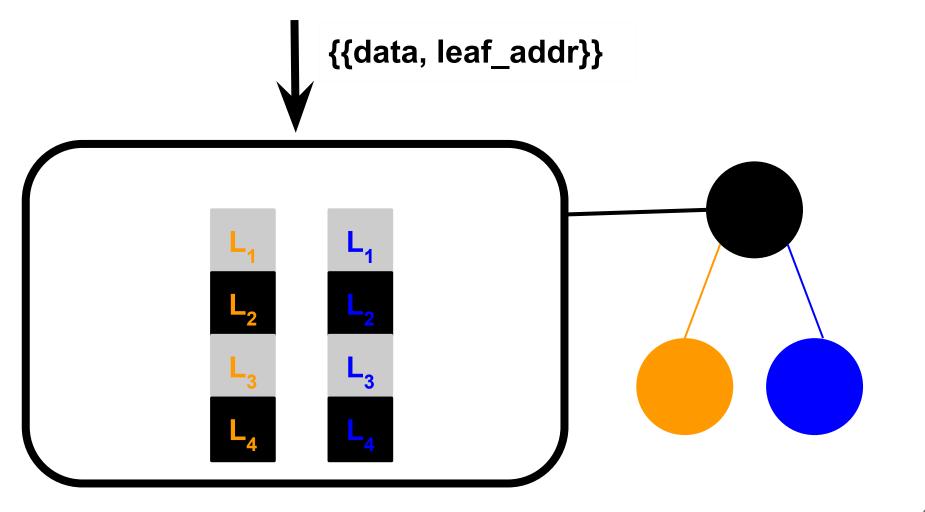
T = 5

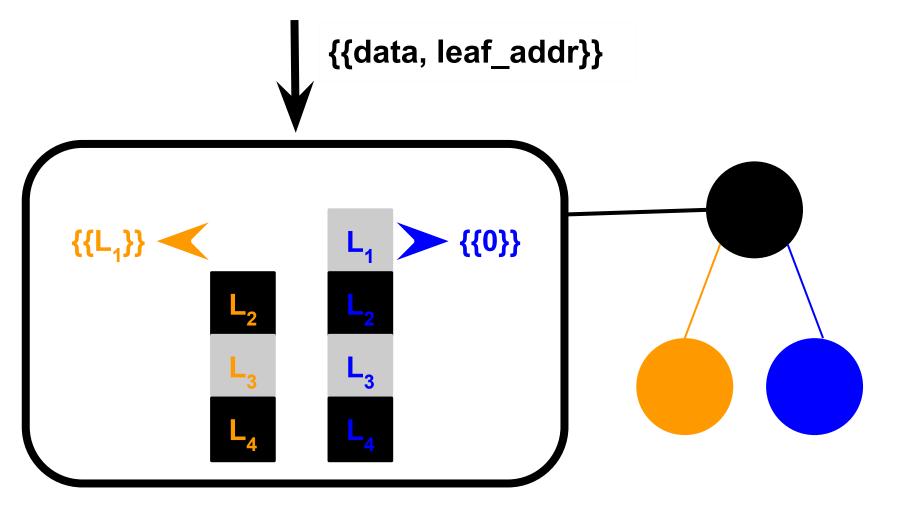
T = 3T = 2 Every node has its local clock

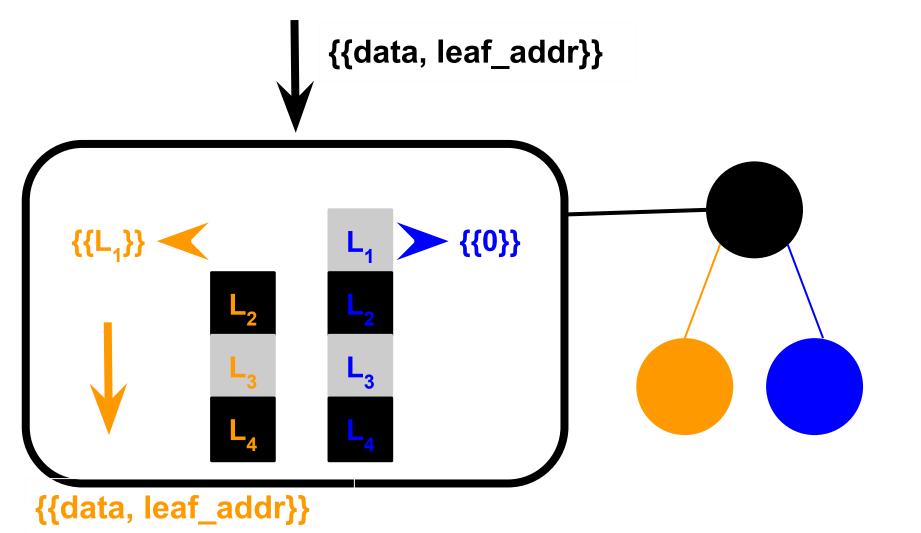
When invoked, local time increments

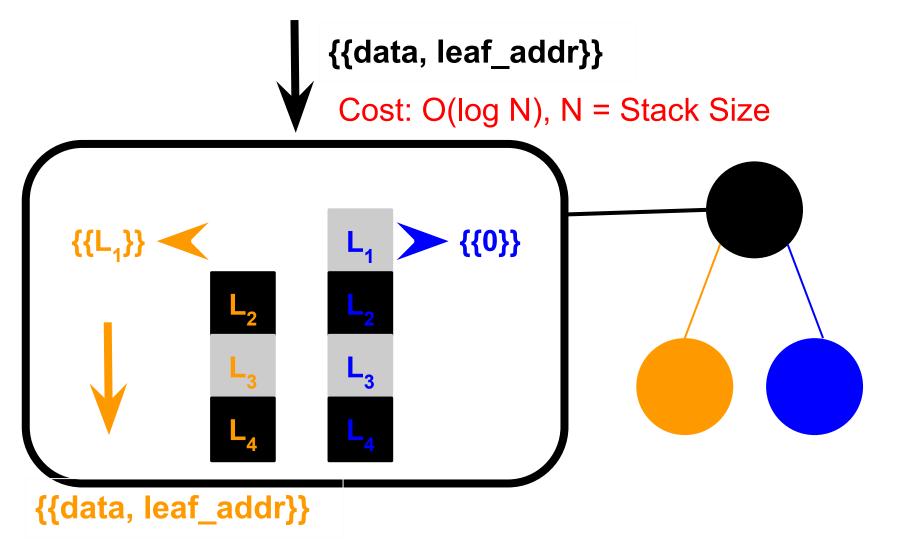
Garbled message must speak the local time dependent language of node











Outline

The Language Translation Problem

Construction of [HKO21]

Our Techniques

Two Reasons of Inefficiency

Two Reasons of Inefficiency



Large Switches (i.e. Root Node) = Large Number of Access

Two Reasons of Inefficiency



Large Switches (i.e. Root Node) = Large Number of Access



Passing large payload length (O(log n) labels,λ bits long)

Our Contributions



Large Switches (i.e. Root Node) = Large Number of Access



Passing large payload length (O(log n) labels, λ bits long)

Our Contributions

Large Switches (i.e. Root Node) = Large Number of Access Polylog sized buckets with dynamic finalization (Bucket ORAM)



Passing large payload length (O(log n) labels, λ bits long)

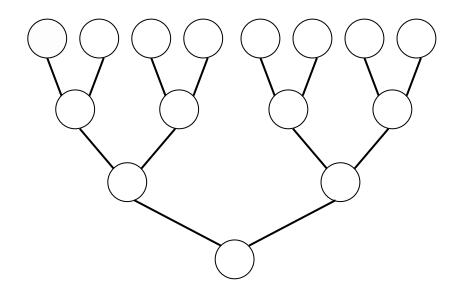
Our Contributions

Large Switches (i.e. Root Node) = Large Number of Access Polylog sized buckets with dynamic finalization (Bucket ORAM)

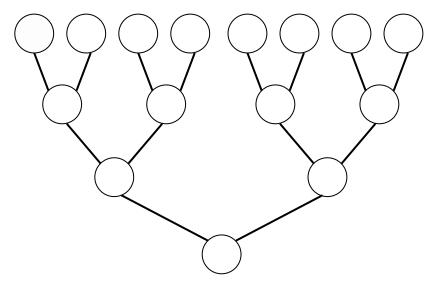
Passing large payload length (O(log n) labels,λ bits long)
Passing Single Label Using XOR Trick (see paper)

Trick: Break down switches into smaller size Each node at level i has T /(B \cdot 2ⁱ) copies of GSwitch + GBkt

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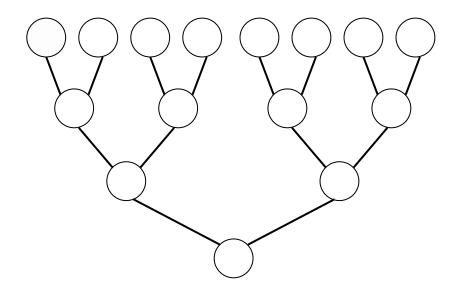


Trick: Break down switches into smaller size Each node at level i has T /(B \cdot 2ⁱ) copies of GSwitch + GBkt

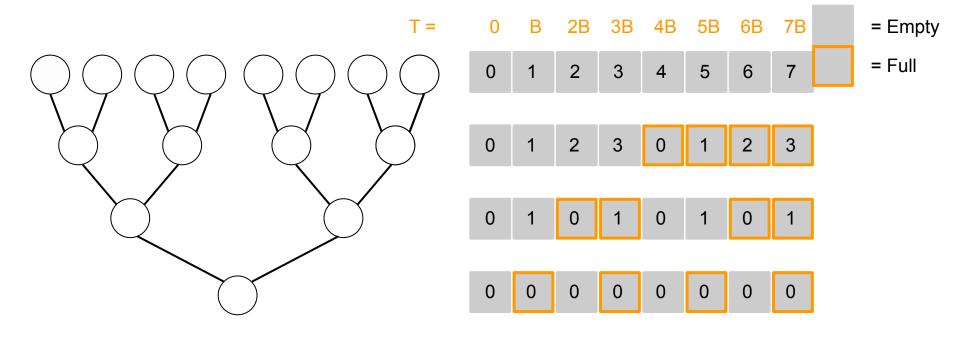


Bucket are of size O(log N)

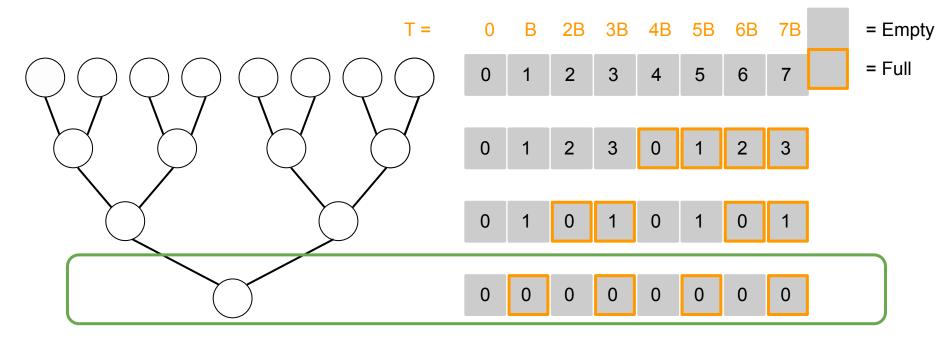
Trick: Break down switches into smaller size Each node at level i has T /(B \cdot 2ⁱ) copies of GSwitch + GBkt



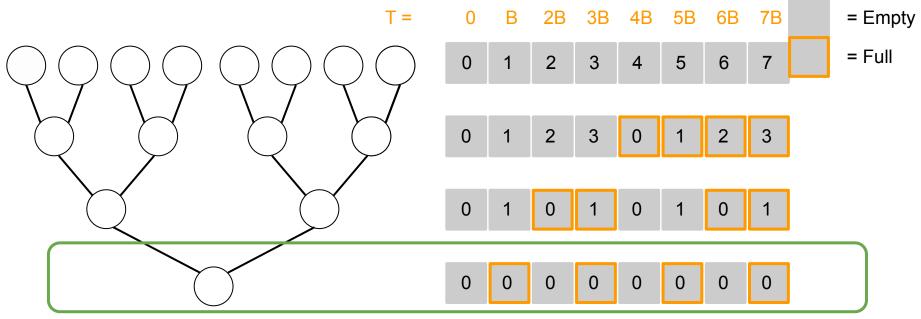
Trick: Break down switches into smaller size Each node at level i has T /($B \cdot 2^i$) copies of GSwitch + GBkt



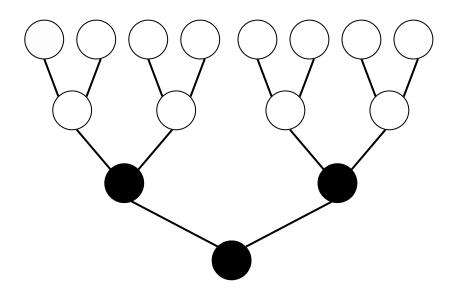
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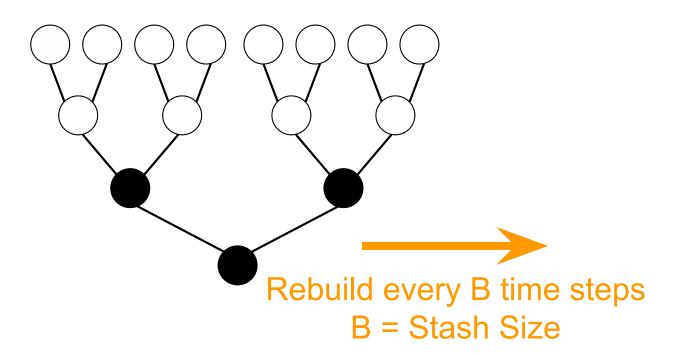


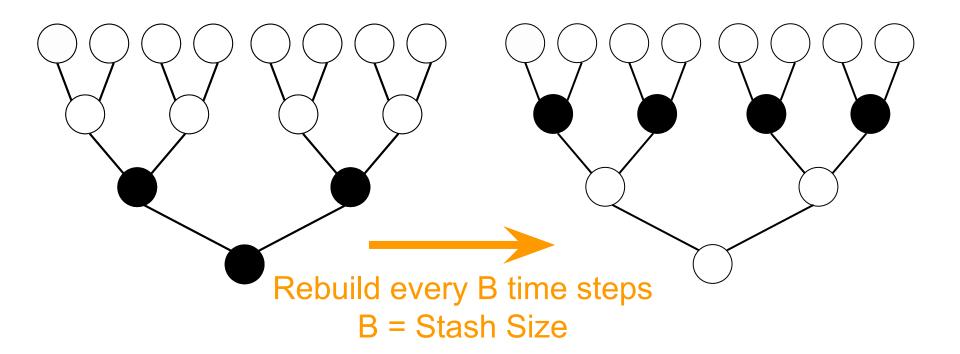
Trick: Break down switches into smaller size Each node at level i has T /($B \cdot 2^i$) copies of GSwitch + GBkt



Break up O(N)-sized switch into O(log N)-sized

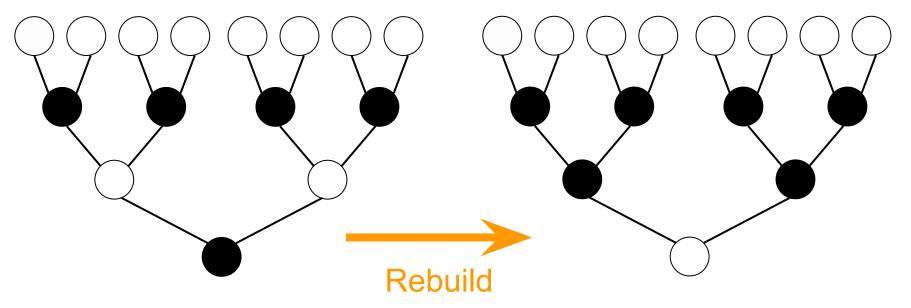




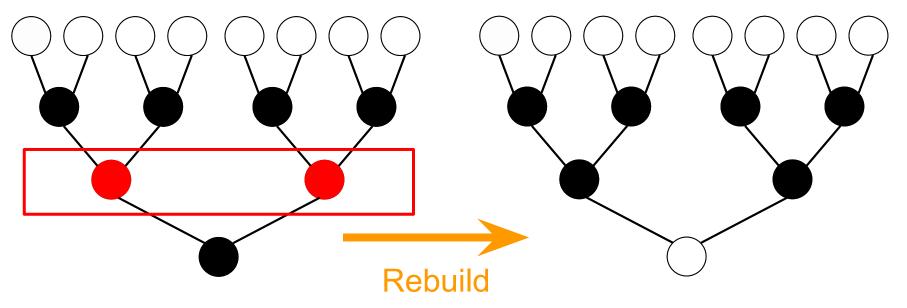


Accesses are unknown at garbling time

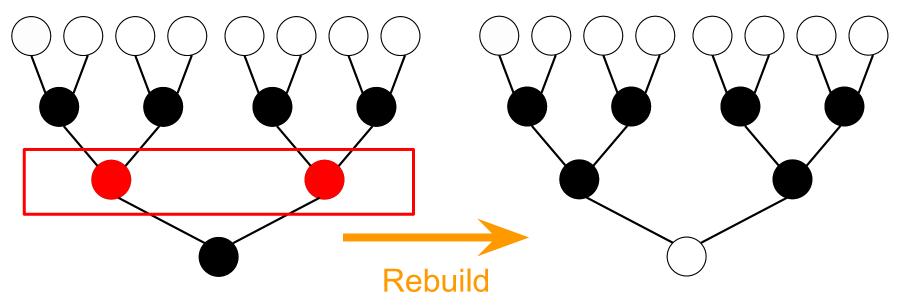
Accesses are unknown at garbling time



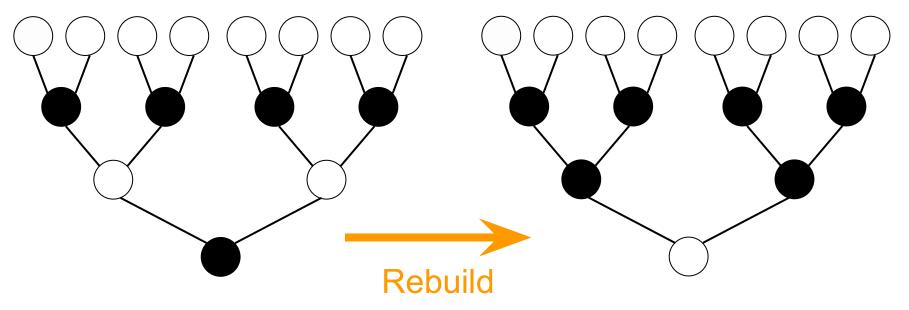
Accesses are unknown at garbling time

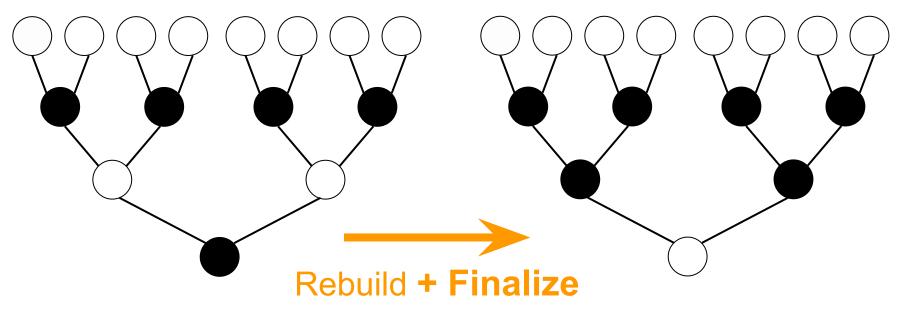


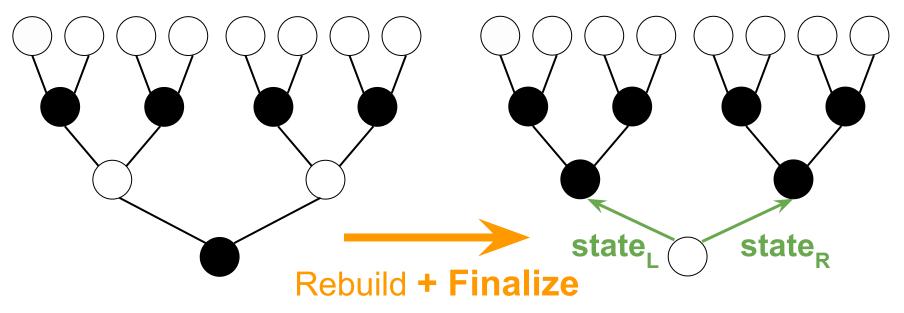
Accesses are unknown at garbling time



Local clocks of children have advanced to unknown dynamic value







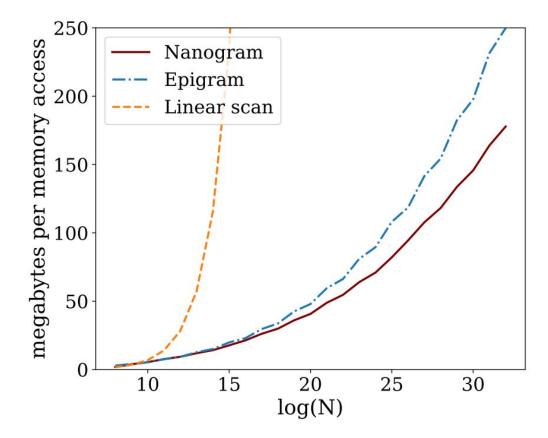
Additional Optimizations (See Paper)

Avoiding λ factor blowup when garbling

Modular framework for garbled algorithm composition

Practical Optimizations

Concrete Performance



THANK YOU!

https://eprint.iacr.org/2022/191.pdf