



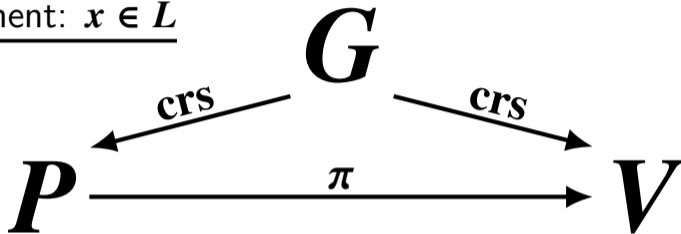
Holographic SNARGs for P and Batch-NP from (Polynomially Hard) Learning with Errors

Susumu Kiyoshima

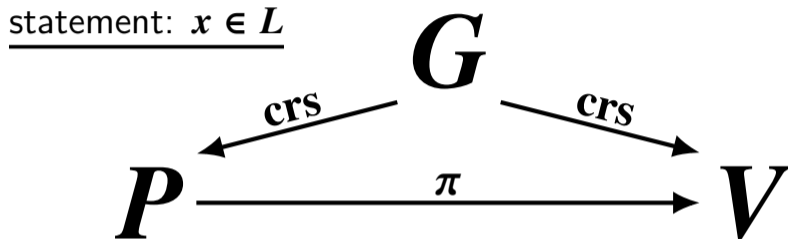
SNARG (Succinct Non-interactive ARGument) **NTT**

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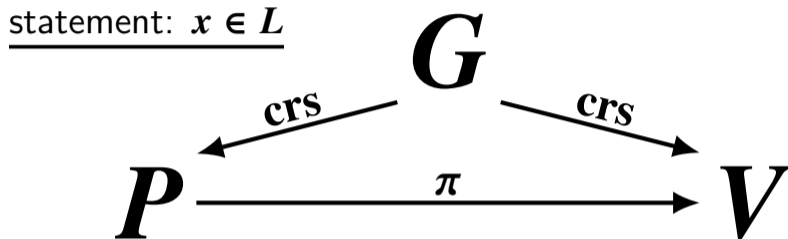
statement: $x \in L$



SNARG (Succinct Non-interactive ARGument)



- ▶ **Completeness:** $x \in L \Rightarrow$ honest P can convince V
- ▶ **Soundness:** $x \notin L \Rightarrow$ any PPT P^* cannot convince V



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- ▶ **Soundness:** $x \notin L \Rightarrow$ any PPT P^* cannot convince V
- ▶ **Succinctness:** proof length / verification time are very small

SNARG for Subsets of NP

▶ SNARG for P

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- **statement:** x (true iff $M(x) = 1$ for a pre-determined poly-time TM M)

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Both can be achieved under standard assumptions!

(e.g., LWE, DLIN over bilinear maps, sub-exponential DDH)

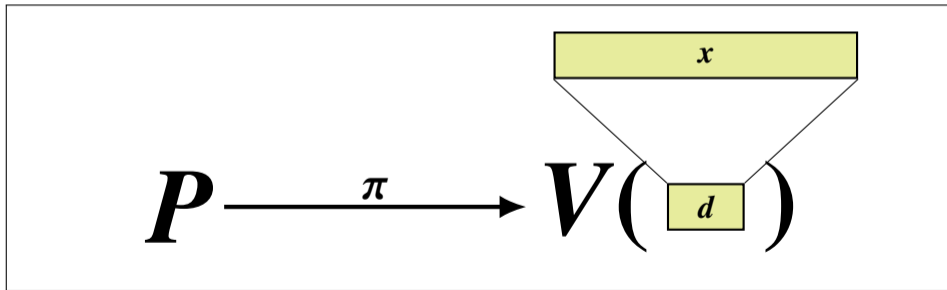
[CJJ21, KVZ21, HJKS22, WW22, CGJJZ23, ...]

Can Verification Time Be Sublinear in |Statement|? NTT

- ▶ **Goal:** making verification time be **sub-linear in $|x|$** (for the case of P) and **sub-linear in $|x_1| + \dots + |x_k|$** (for the case of Batch-NP)

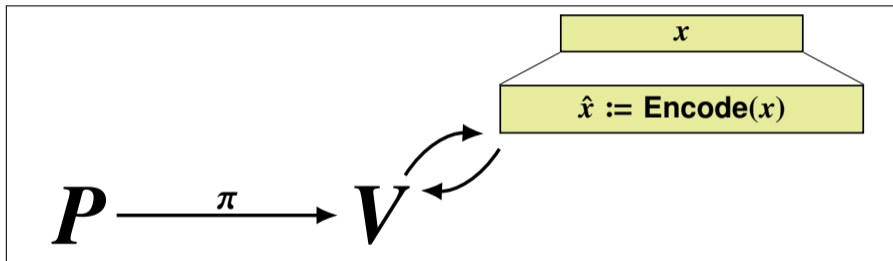
Can Verification Time Be Sublinear in |Statement|? NTT

- ▶ **Goal:** making verification time be **sub-linear in $|x|$** (for the case of P) and **sub-linear in $|x_1| + \dots + |x_k|$** (for the case of Batch-NP)
 - Possible if the statement is given to V in a pre-processed format (e.g., V is given a digest of x or (x_1, \dots, x_k) [KP16, CJJ21, KVZ21, DGKV22, ...])



Our Target: Holographic SNARG (1/2)

- ▶ Verification time is sub-linear in the statement length when V is given oracle access to an encoding of the statement



▶ Related notions:

- Holographic PCPs [BFLS91], Holographic IOPs [CHMMVW20, COS20], Holographic interactive proofs/arguments [GR17, BR22]

Our Target: Holographic SNARG (2/2)



▶ Application:

- 2-round arguments of proximity [KR15], 3-round ZK arguments [BKP18, K22], probabilistically checkable arguments [BR22]

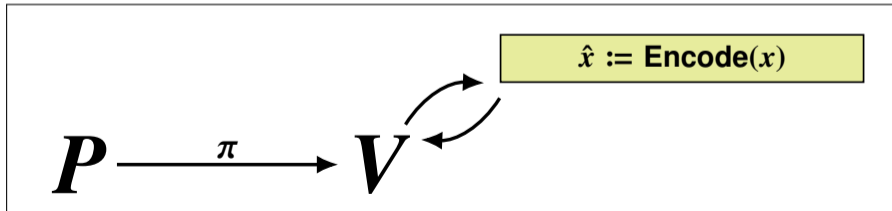
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▶ Why useful as building block?

- \hat{x} has many nice properties (e.g., information theoretic & locally testable)
- Verification of arbitrary computations is reduced to simple checks about \hat{x}



Theorem 1 (main result)

Two **holographic SNARGs** under the LWE assumption

1. For P, and verification time is $\text{poly}(\lambda, \log|x|, \log T)$
2. For Batch-NP, and verification time is $\text{poly}(\lambda, |\mathbf{Ckt}|, \log k)$

(λ := security parameter)

(As in prior constructions, the encoding we use is low-degree encoding (LDE))

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- ▶ **Prior constructions:** either in the designated-verifier setting [KRR22, BHK17] or under the sub-exponential hardness of LWE [K22]
- ▶ **Ours:** publicly verifiable and under the polynomial hardness of LWE 😊

Theorem 2 (application of our holographic SNARGs)

Public-coin 3-round ZK argument from slightly super-poly hardness of LWE and keyless multi-collision-resistant hash function

- ▶ Our holographic SNARGs + existing transformation [BKP18, K22]
- ▶ Prior to this result:
 - Private-coin: **slightly super-poly hardness** is sufficient for LWE [BKP18] 😊
 - Public-coin: **sub-exponential hardness** is required for LWE [K22] 😞

Theorem 2 (application of our holographic SNARGs)

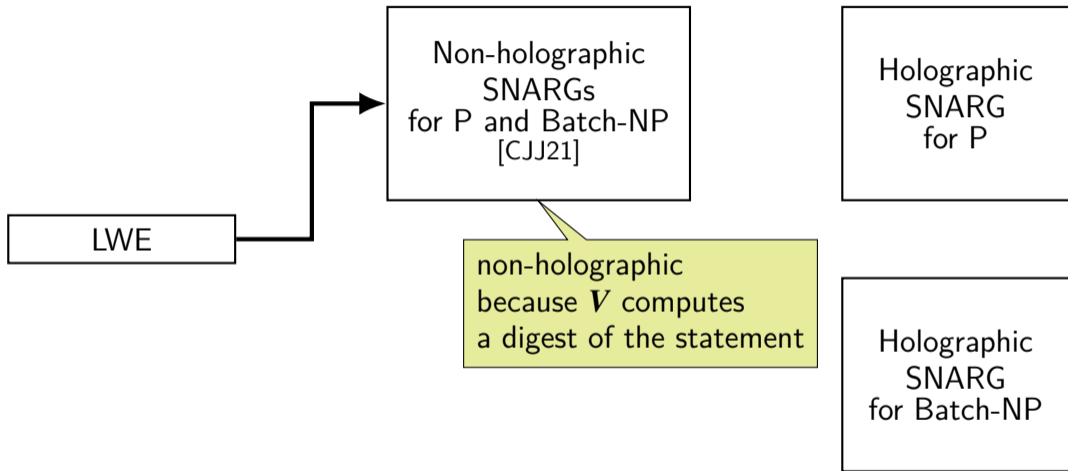
Public-coin 3-round ZK argument from slightly super-poly hardness of LWE and keyless multi-collision-resistant hash function

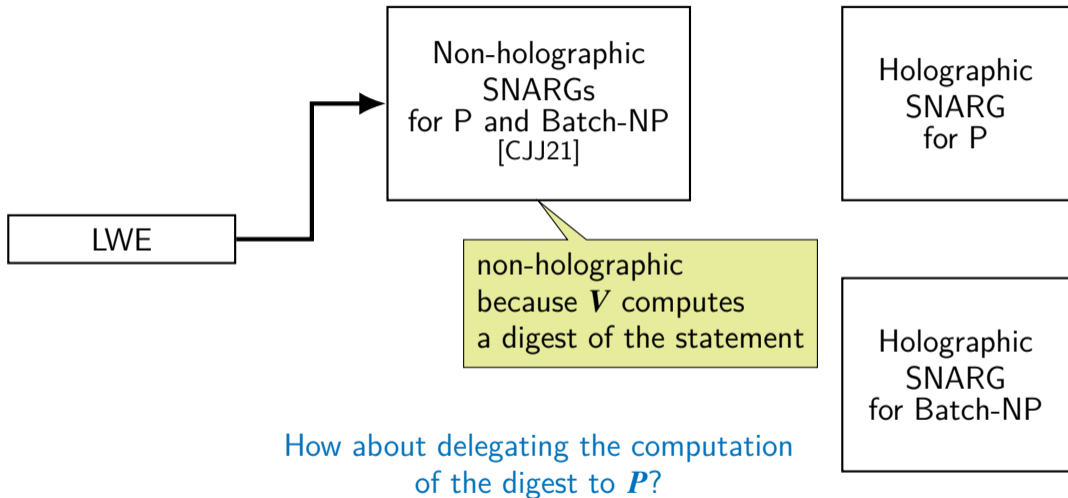
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LWE

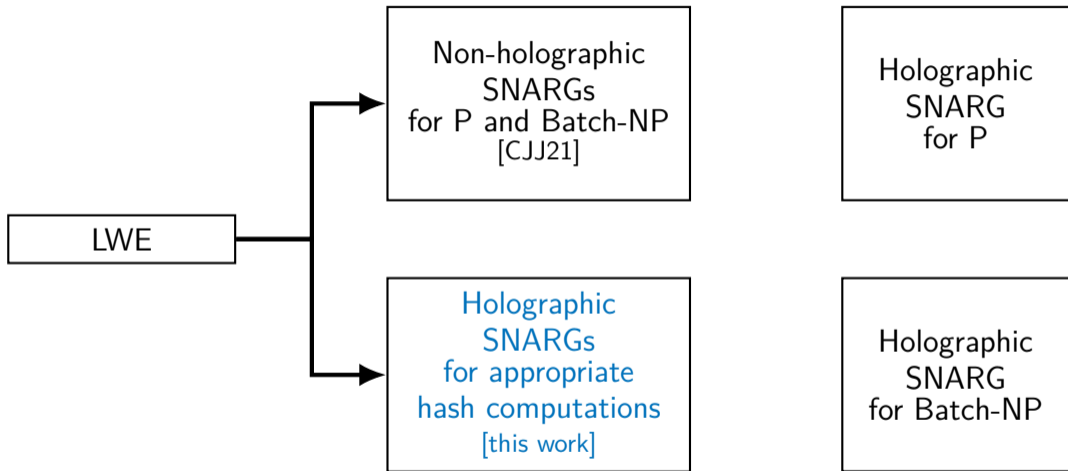
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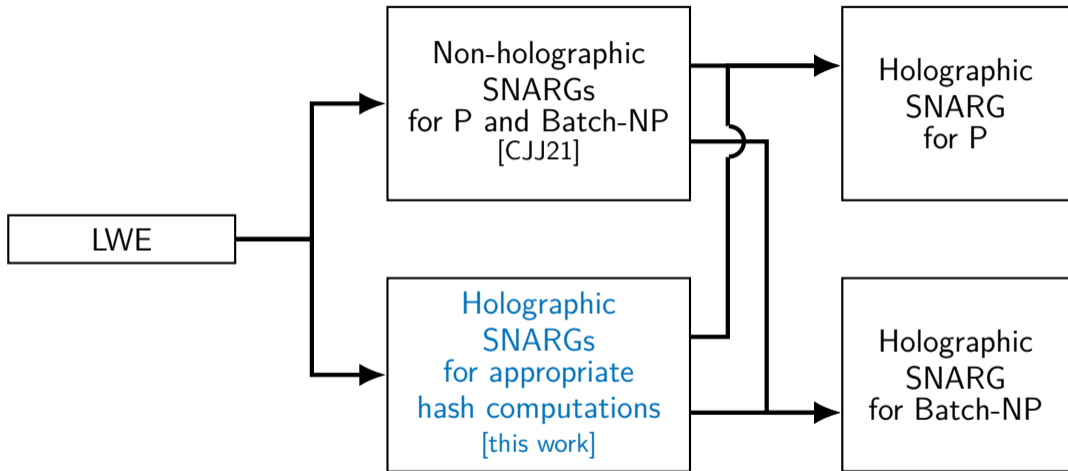
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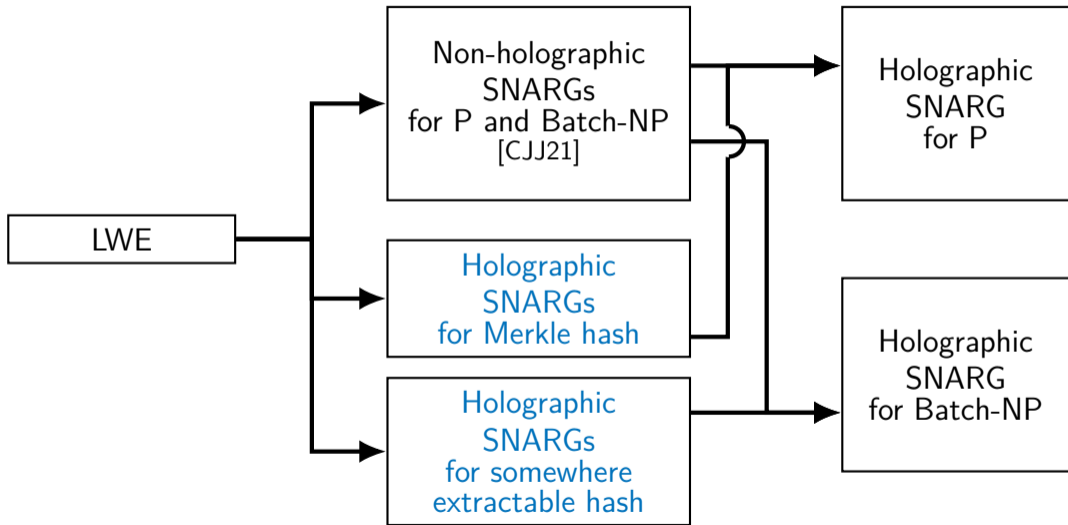


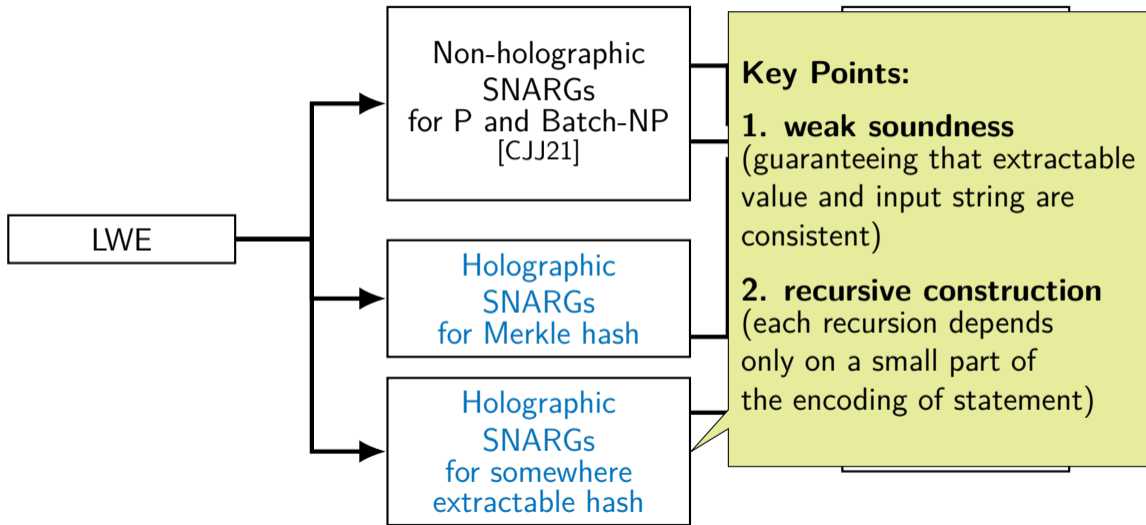


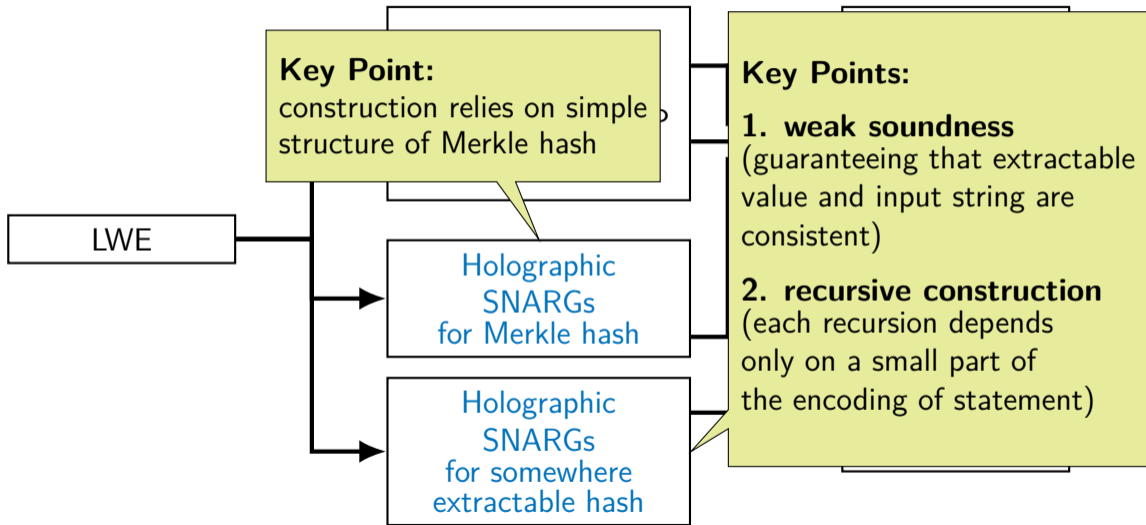
Technical Overview











Conclusion

▶ Main Result:

- **Holographic SNARGs for P and Batch-NP from LWE**

▶ Application:

- **Public-coin 3-round ZK from weaker assumptions**
(closing the gap between public-coin 3-round ZK and private-coin one)

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Thank you!

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