

# Post-Quantum Asynchronous Remote Key Generation for FIDO2



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00101110001011 **Cryptoplexity**

Cryptography & Complexity Theory  
Technische Universität Darmstadt  
www.cryptoplexity.de

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{sebastian.clermont, marc.fischlin}@tu-darmstadt.de  
mail@jbrendel-info.de

# What is FIDO?



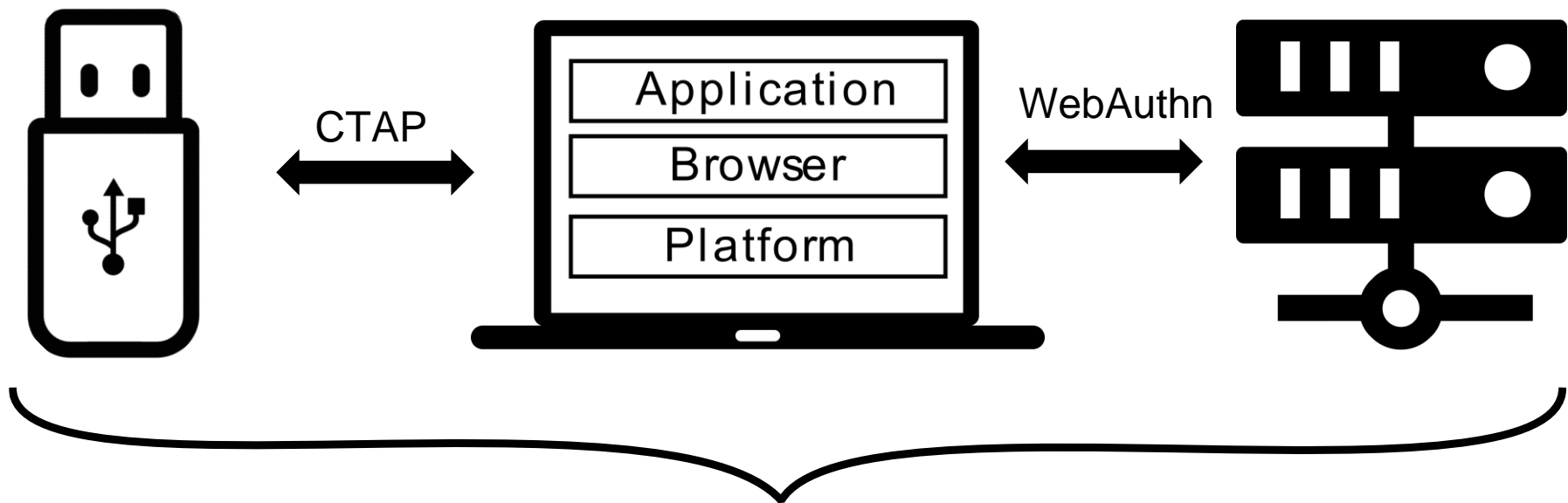
Images from <https://fidoalliance.org/fido2/>

# What is FIDO2?

Security Key

Client/Platform

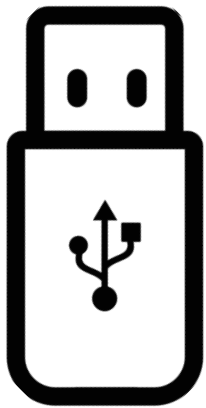
Relying Party



**FIDO2**

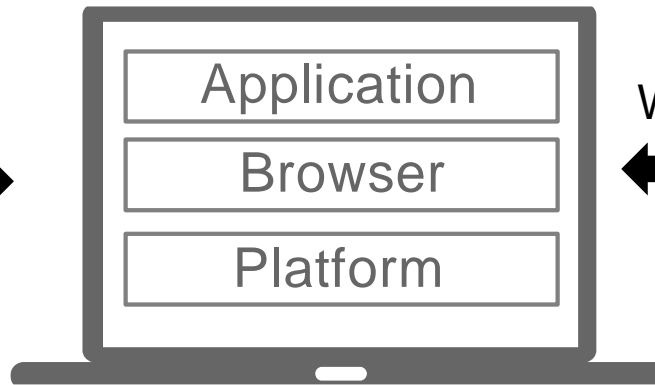
# What is FIDO2?

Security Key



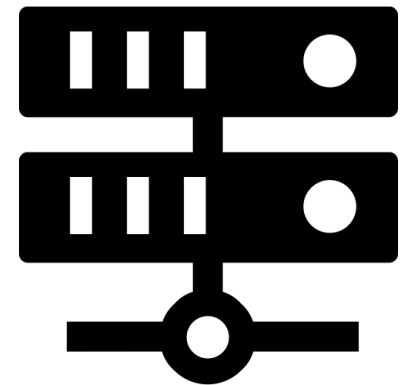
CTAP

Client/Platform



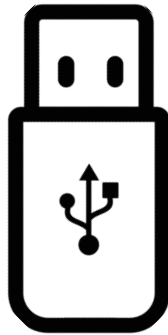
WebAuthn

Relying Party



**FIDO2**

# Passkeys and Security Keys



Security Key

Generated and stored on device

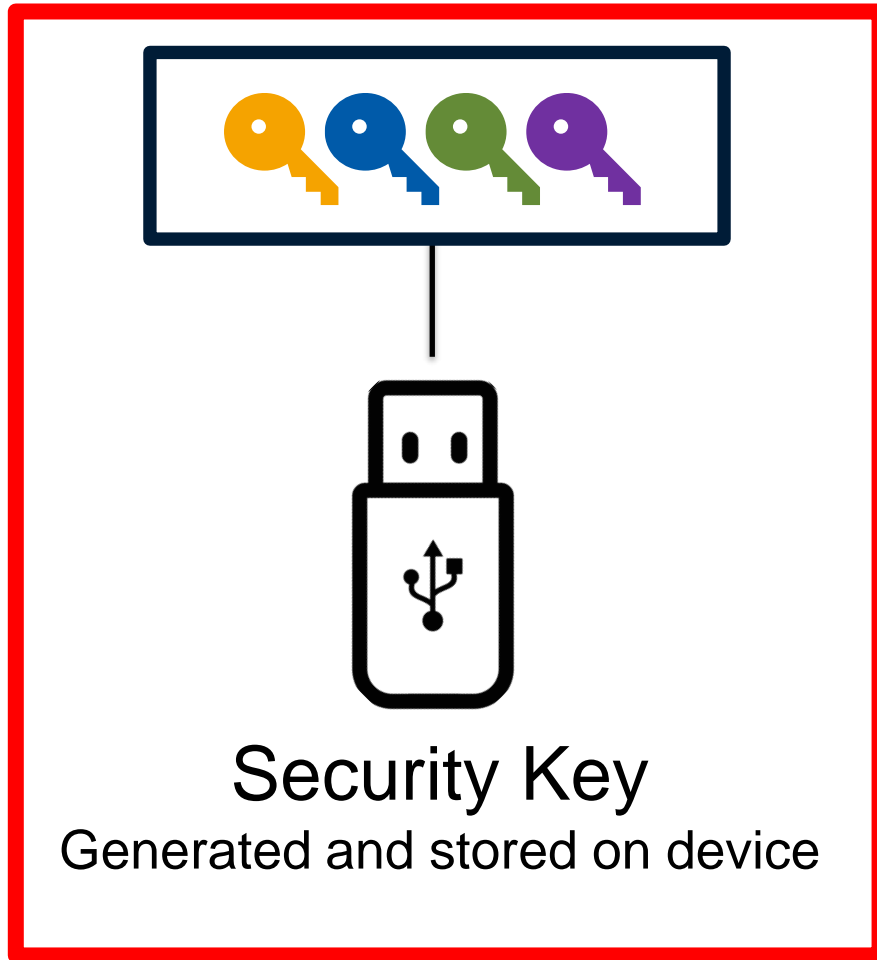


Passkey

Synchronized with cloud

The passkey icon is a trademark of FIDO Alliance, Inc.

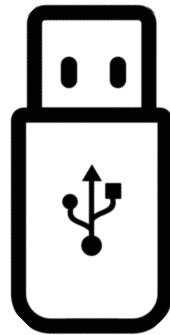
# Passkeys and Security Keys



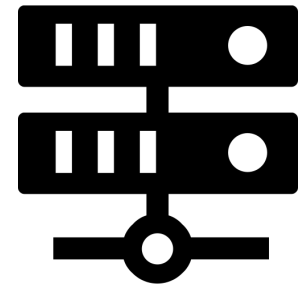
The passkey icon is a trademark of FIDO Alliance, Inc.

# FIDO2 - Registration

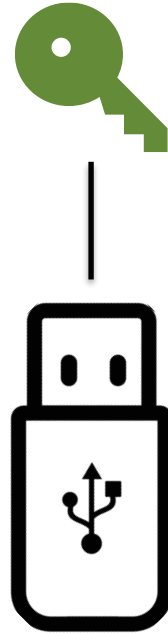
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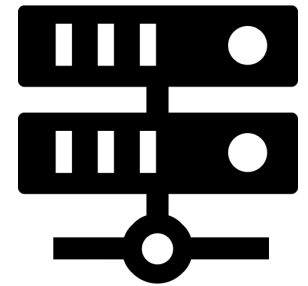
Registration



# FIDO2 - Registration

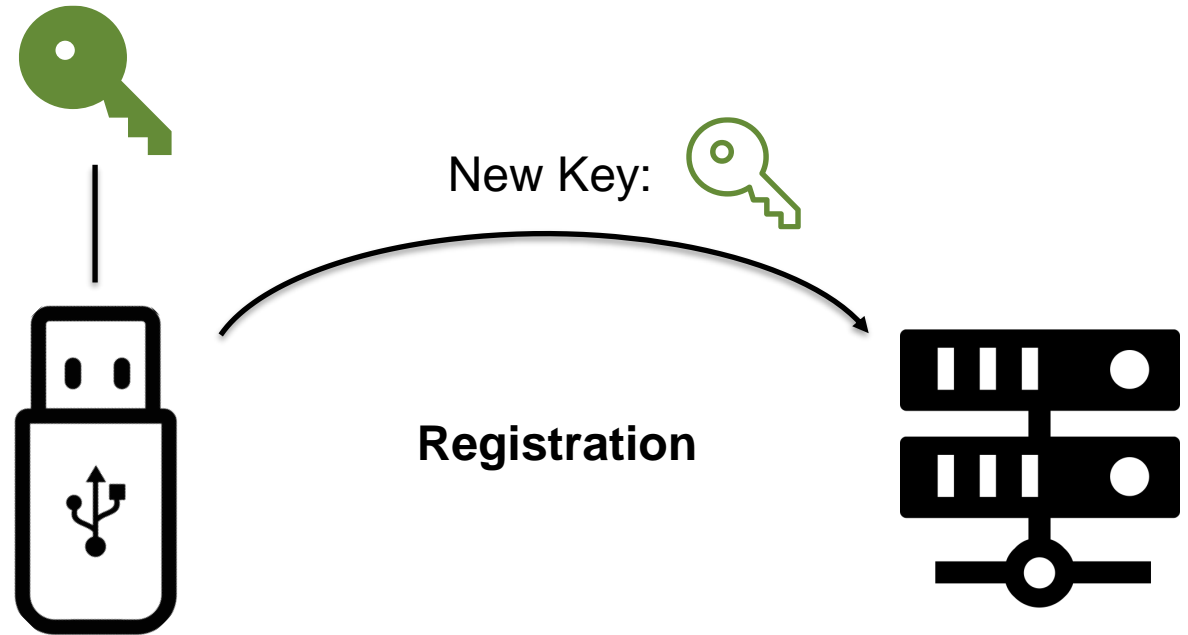


Registration

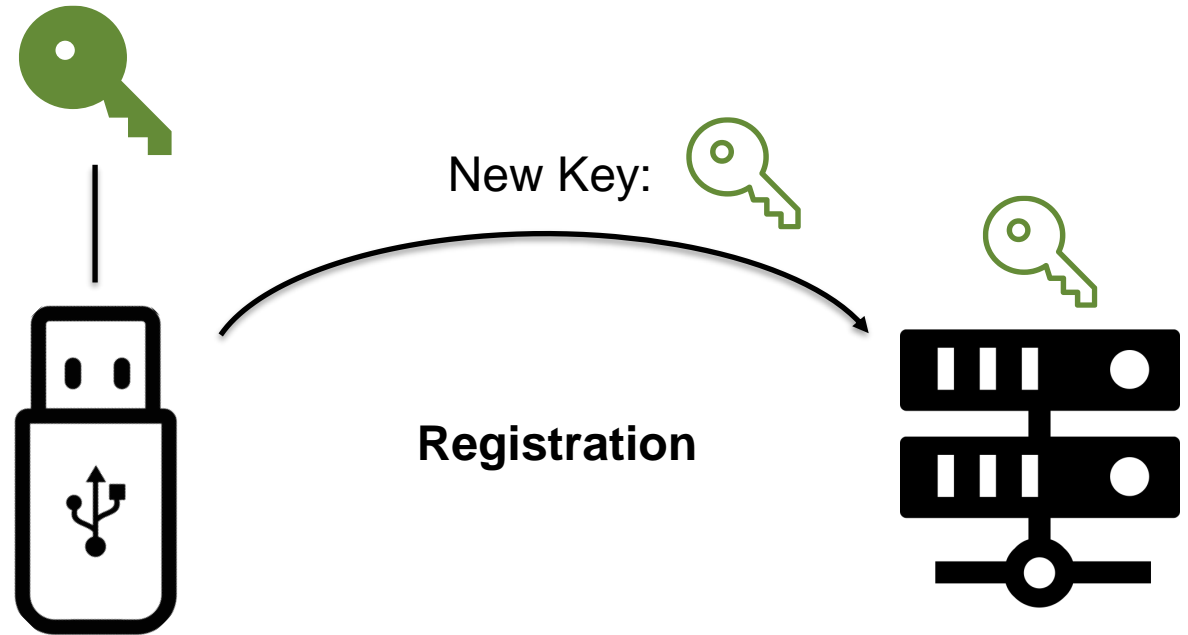




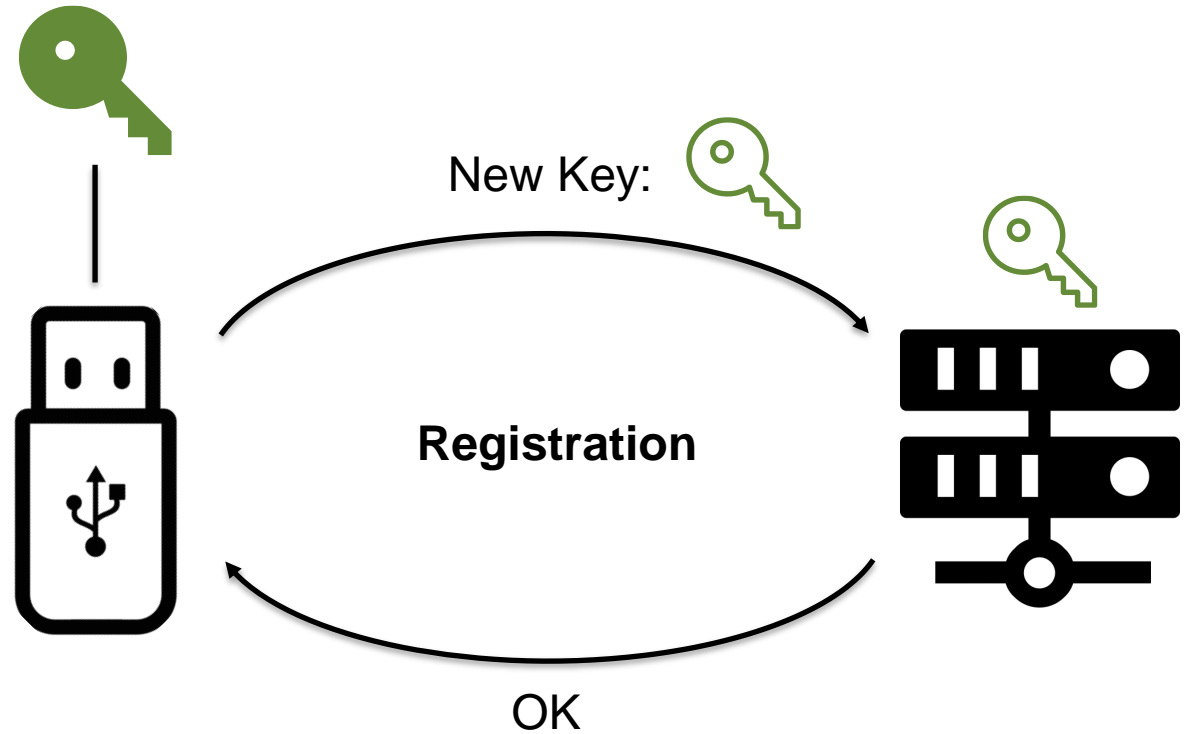
# FIDO2 - Registration



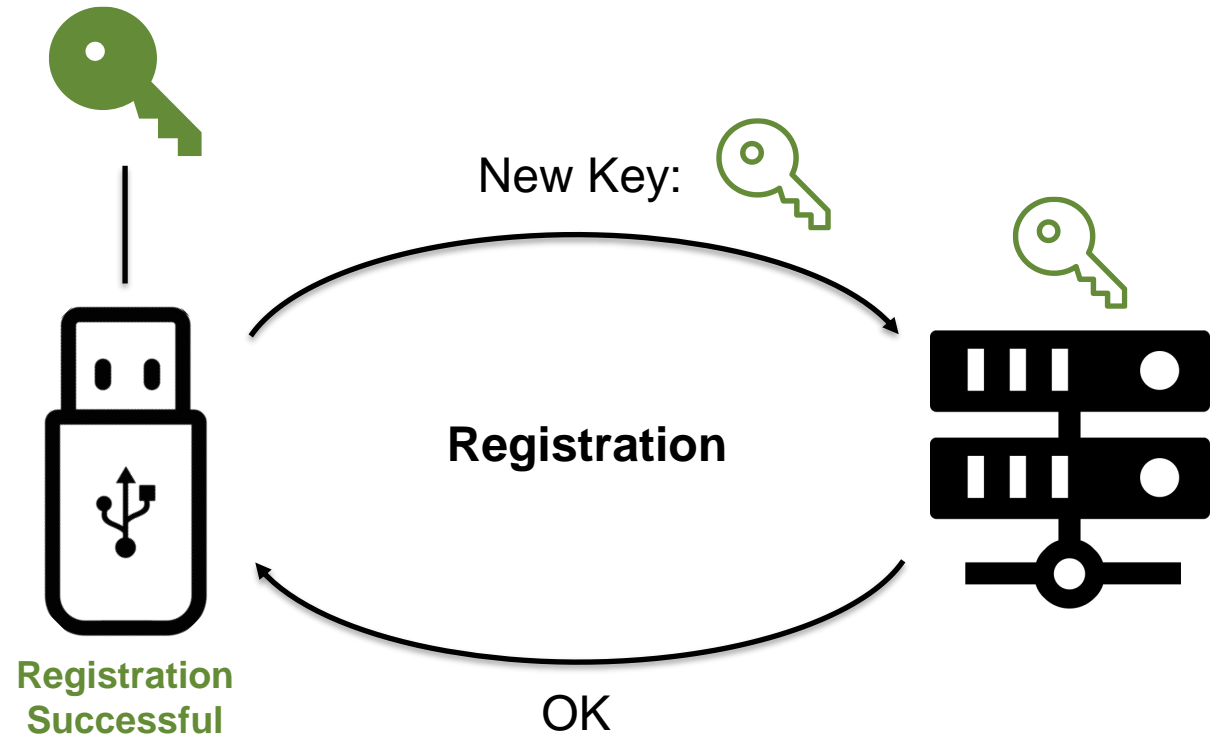
# FIDO2 - Registration



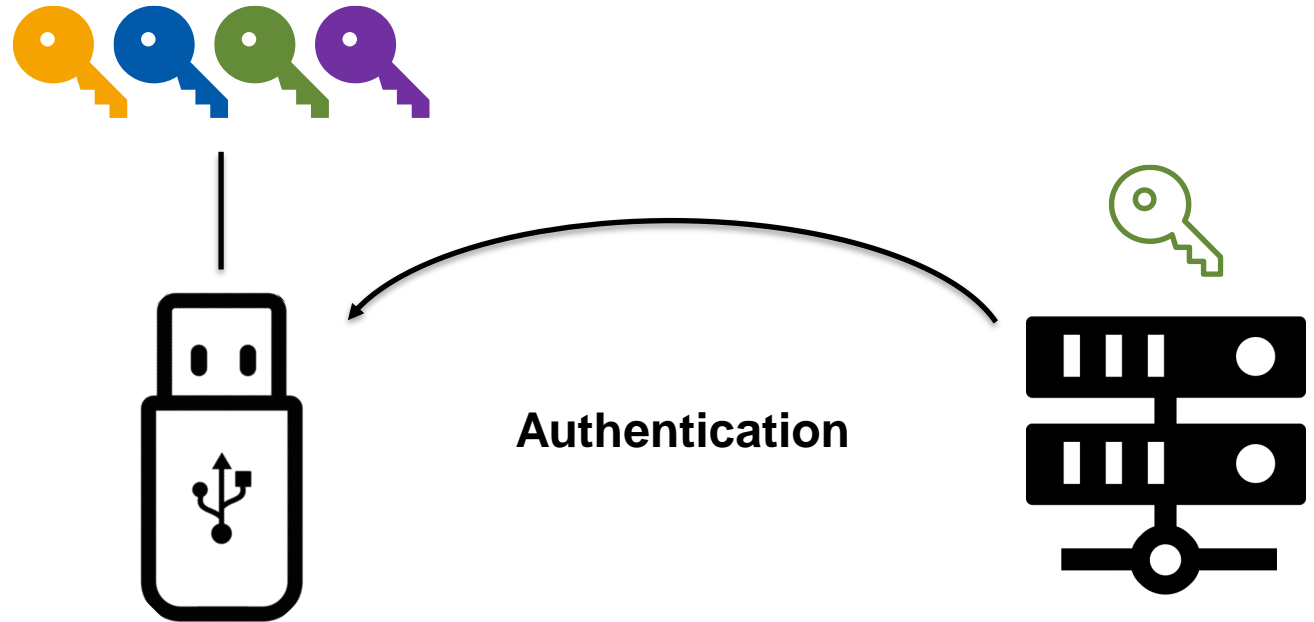
# FIDO2 - Registration



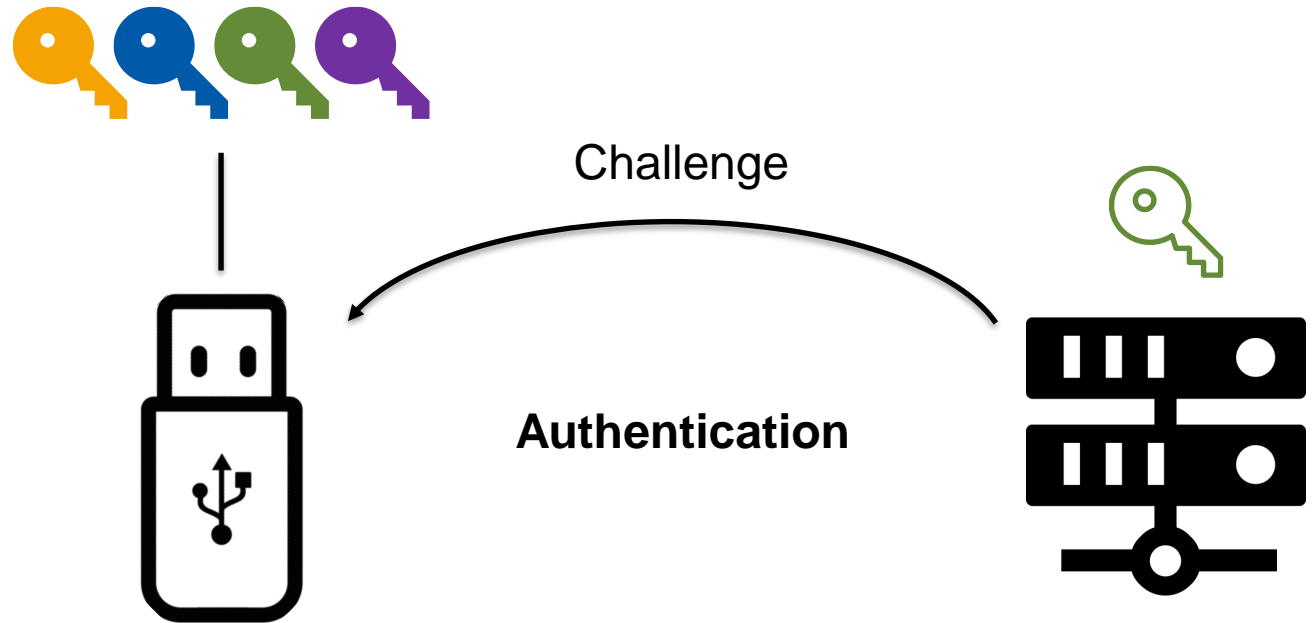
# FIDO2 - Registration



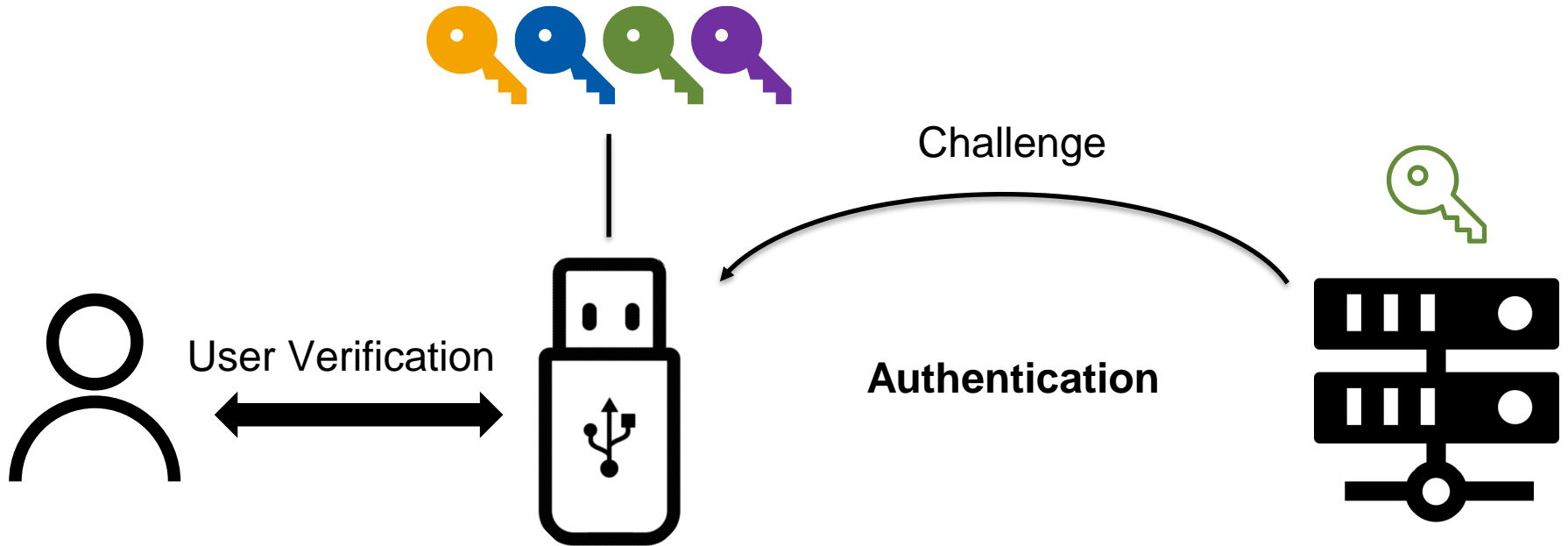
# FIDO2 - Authentication



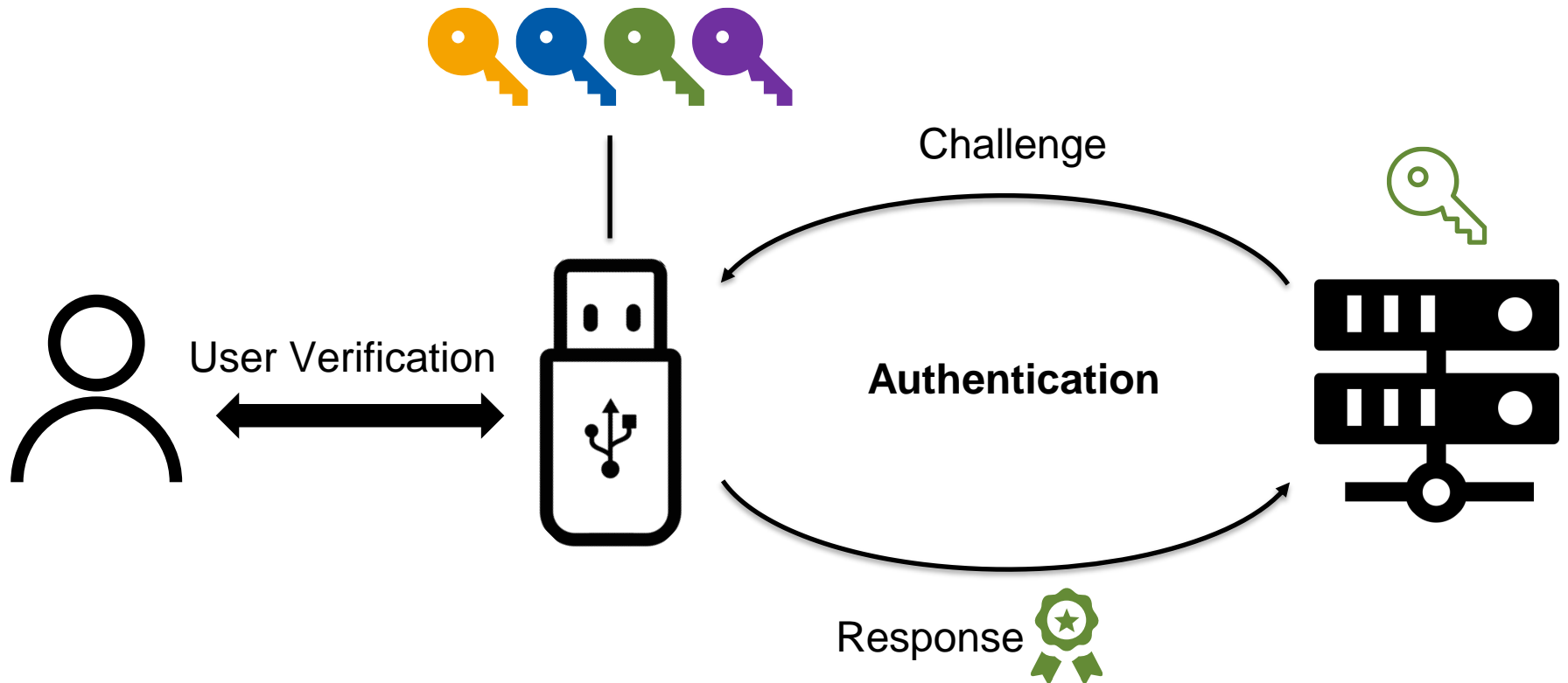
# FIDO2 - Authentication



# FIDO2 - Authentication

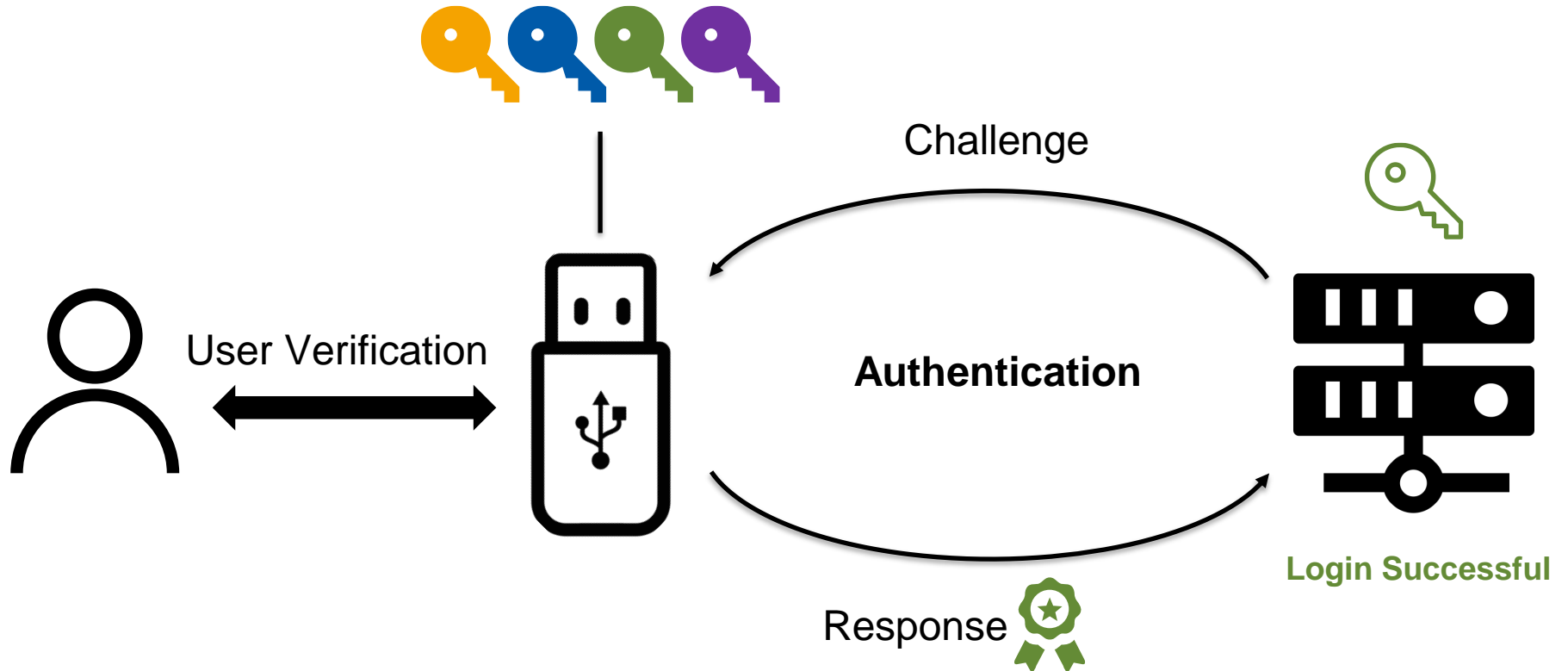


# FIDO2 - Authentication

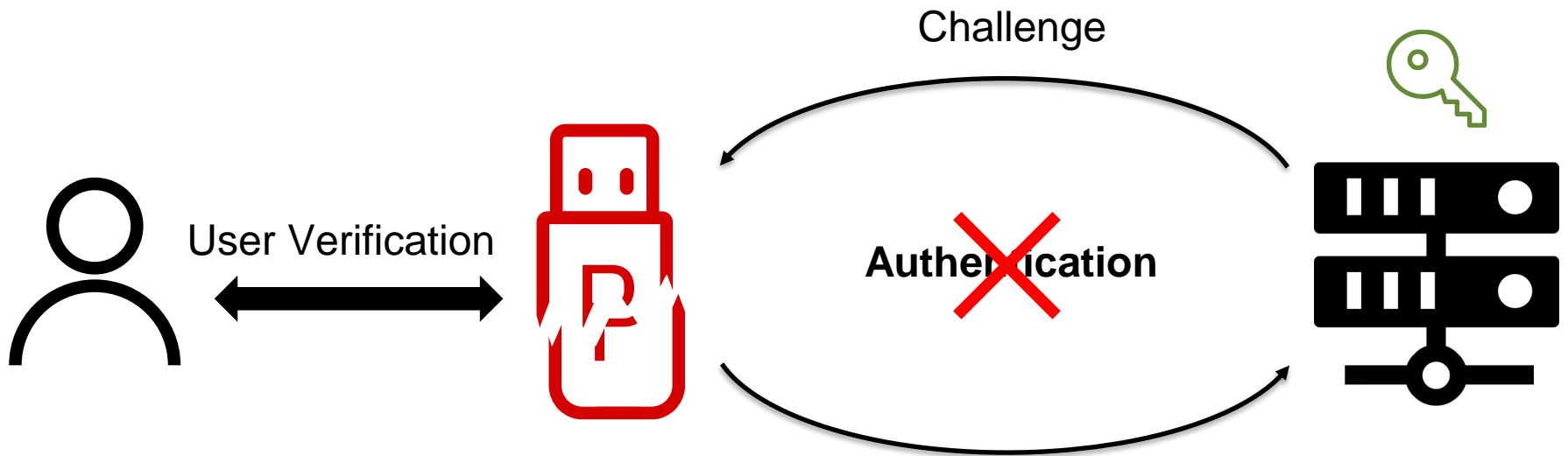




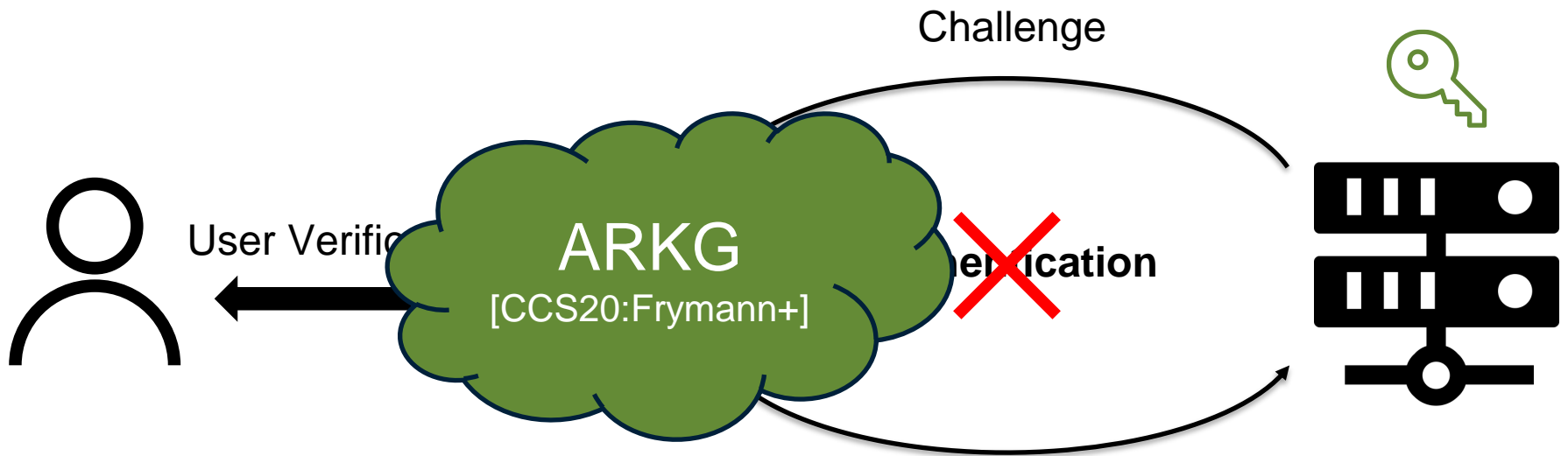
# FIDO2 - Authentication



# Authenticator Loss



# Authenticator Loss



# Post-Quantum Asynchronous Remote Key Generation for FIDO2



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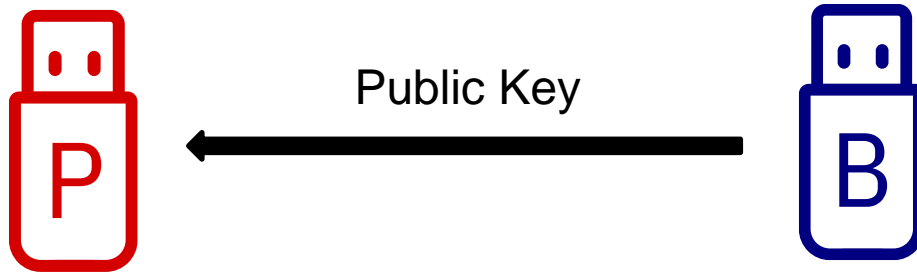
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[www.cryptoplexity.de](http://www.cryptoplexity.de)

## Asynchronous Remote Key Generation

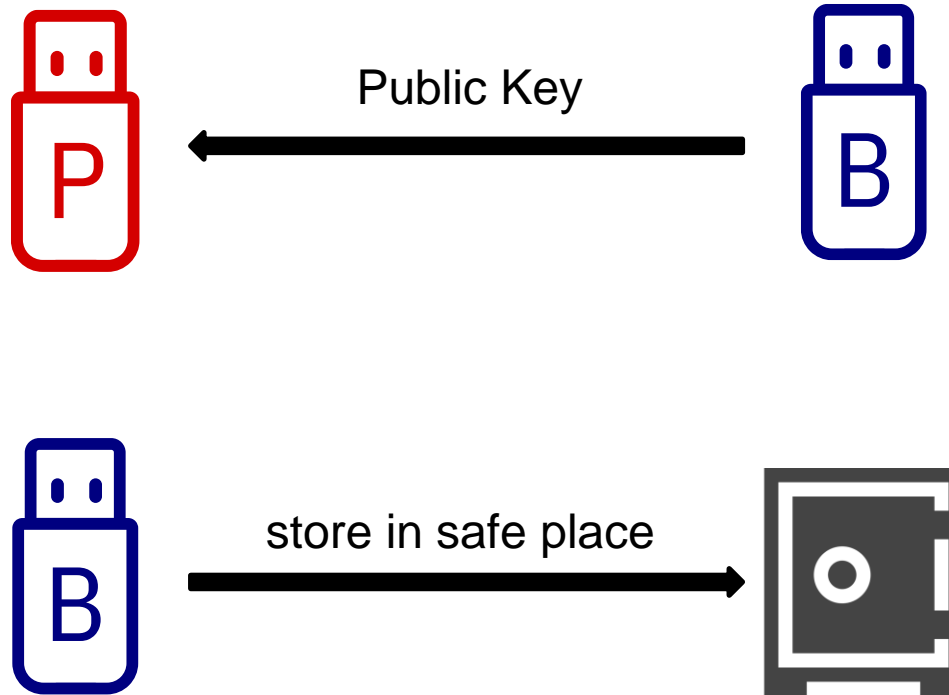
# ARKG Functionality: Pairing

Initial Pairing  
1 time



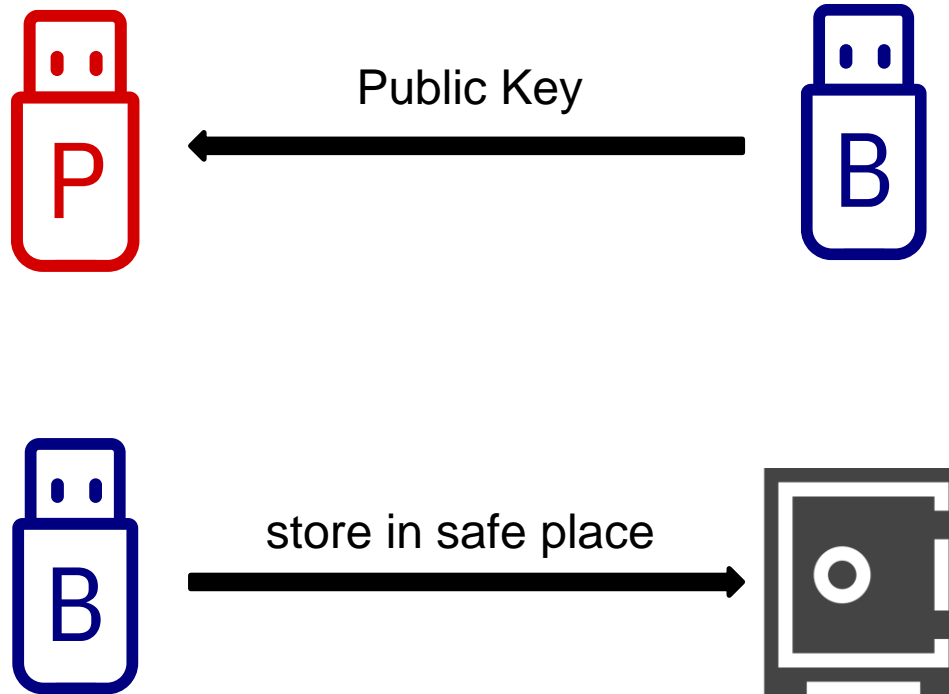
# ARKG Functionality: Pairing

## Initial Pairing 1 time

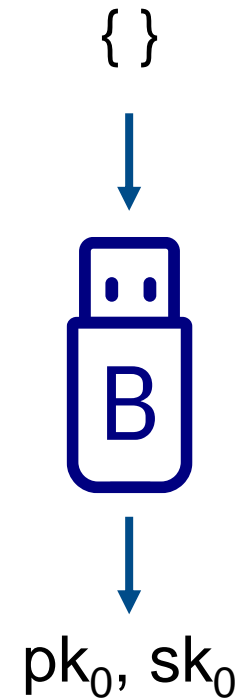


# ARKG Functionality: Pairing

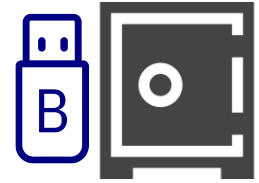
## Initial Pairing 1 time



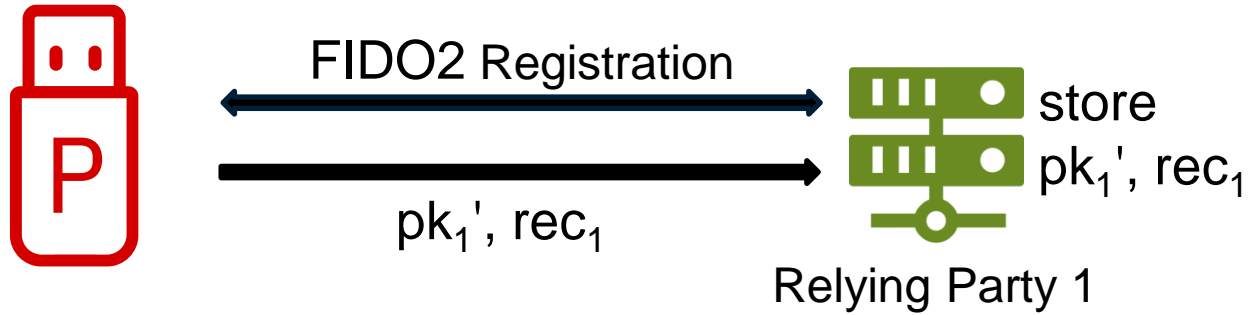
## Key Generation



# ARKG Functionality: Registration

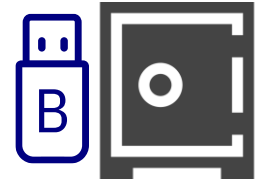


## Registration n times

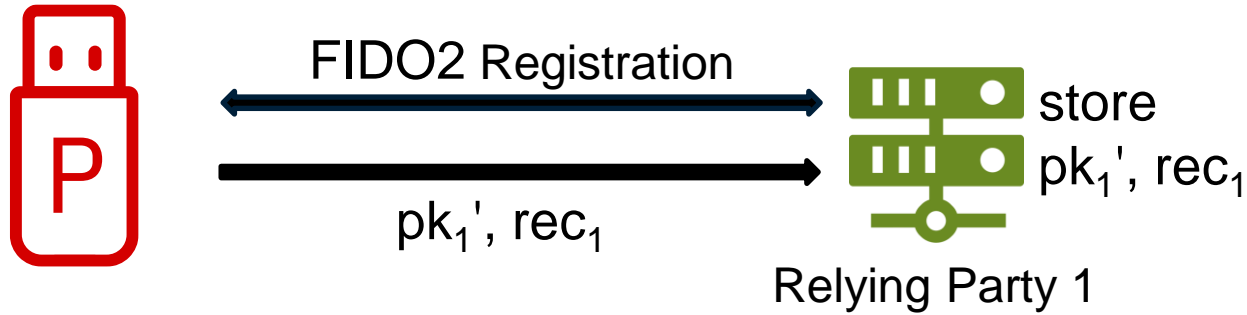




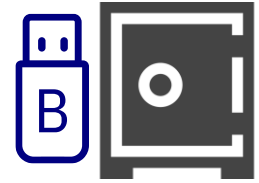
# ARKG Functionality: Registration



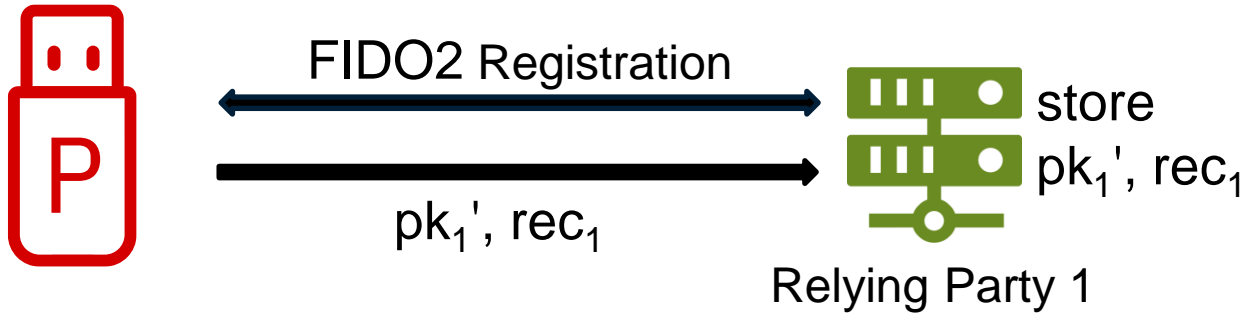
## Registration n times



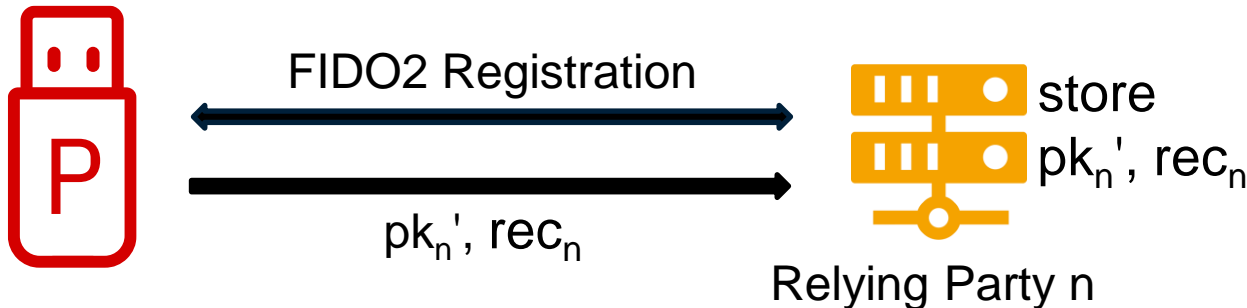
# ARKG Functionality: Registration



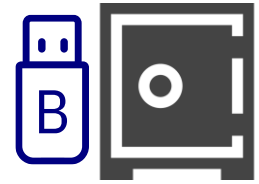
## Registration n times



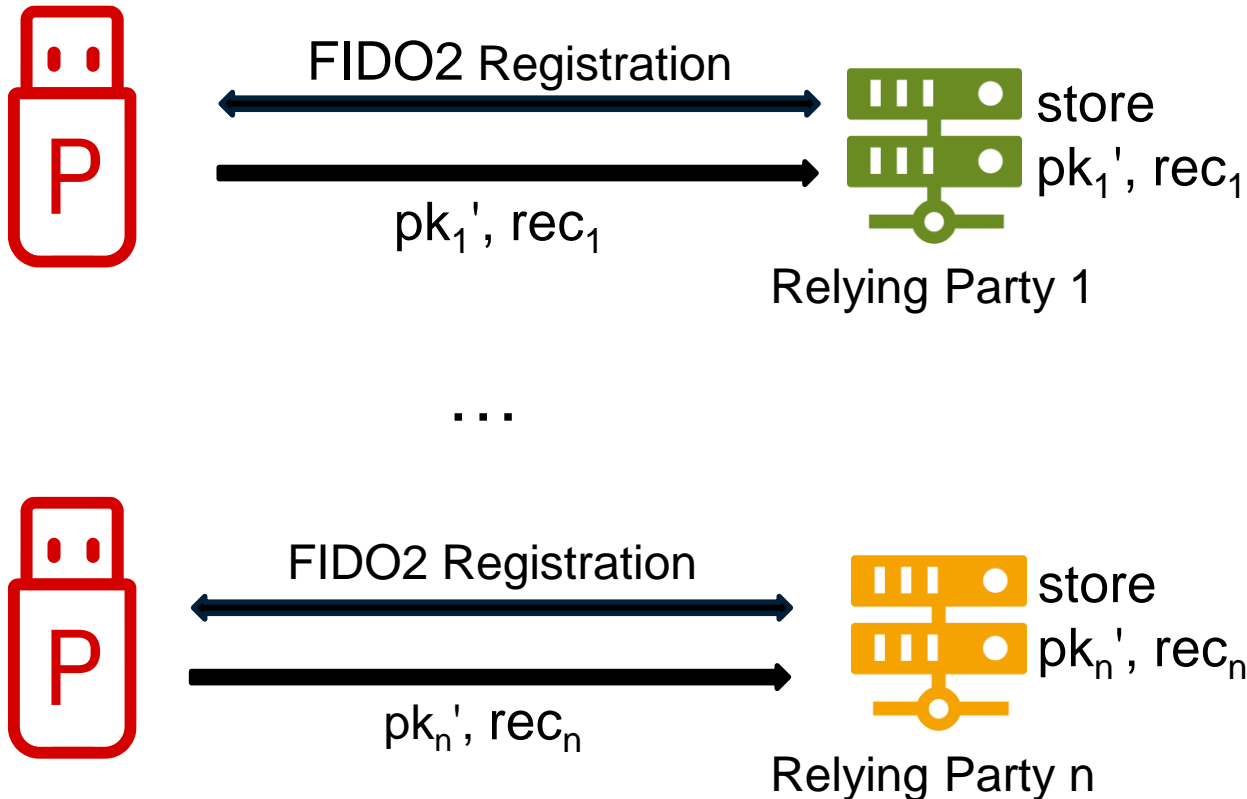
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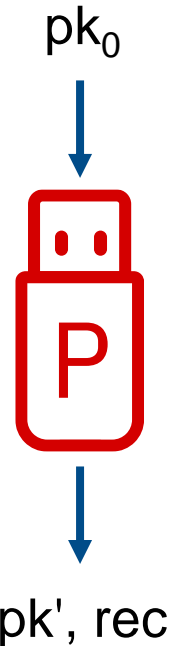
# ARKG Functionality: Registration



## Registration n times



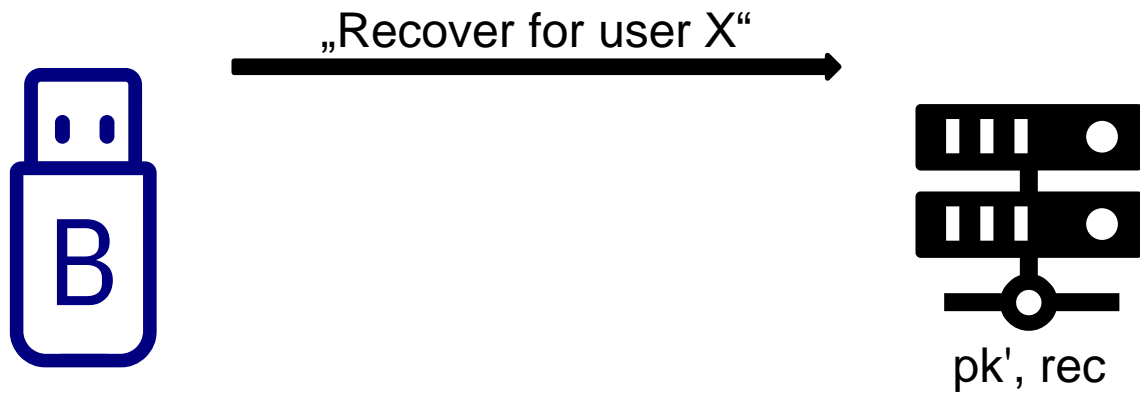
## Derive Public Key



# ARKG Functionality: Recovery



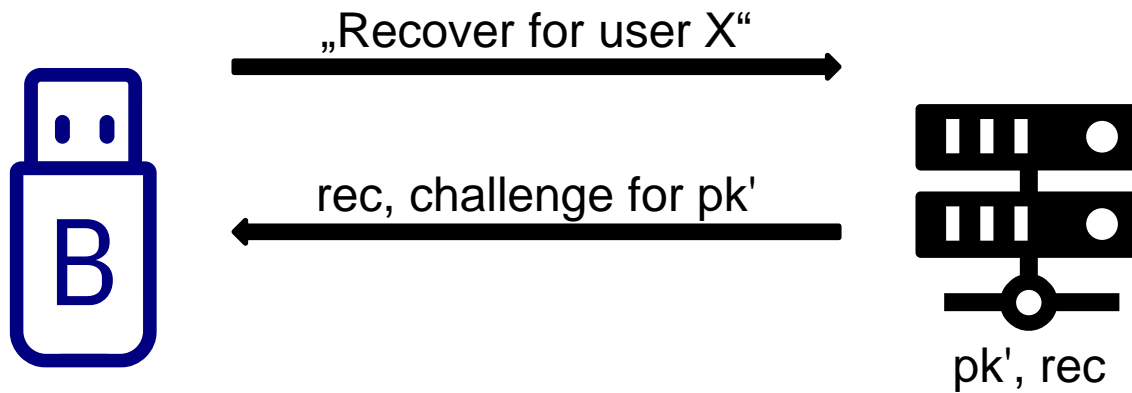
Recovery  
n times



# ARKG Functionality: Recovery



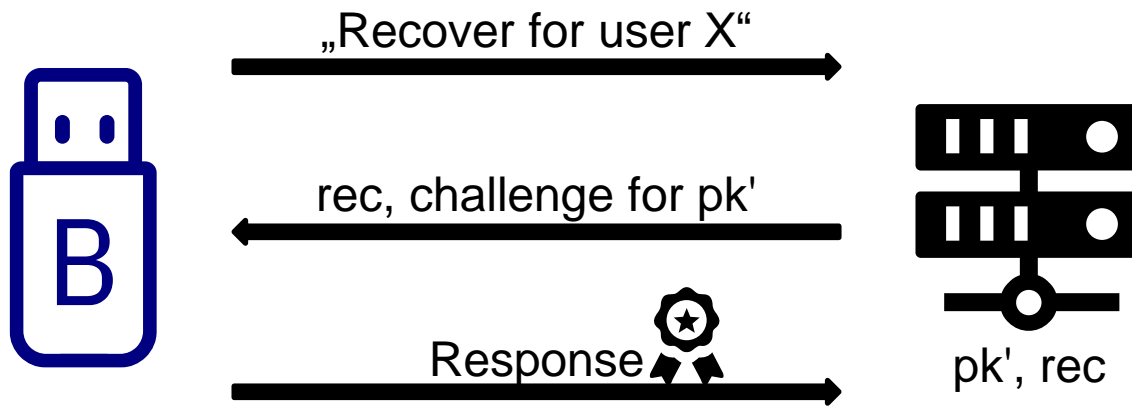
Recovery  
n times



# ARKG Functionality: Recovery



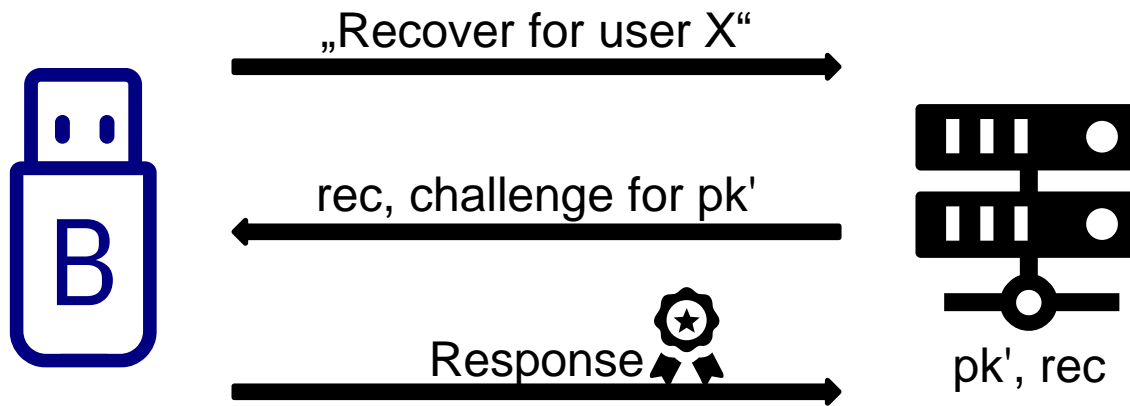
## Recovery n times



# ARKG Functionality: Recovery



## Recovery n times

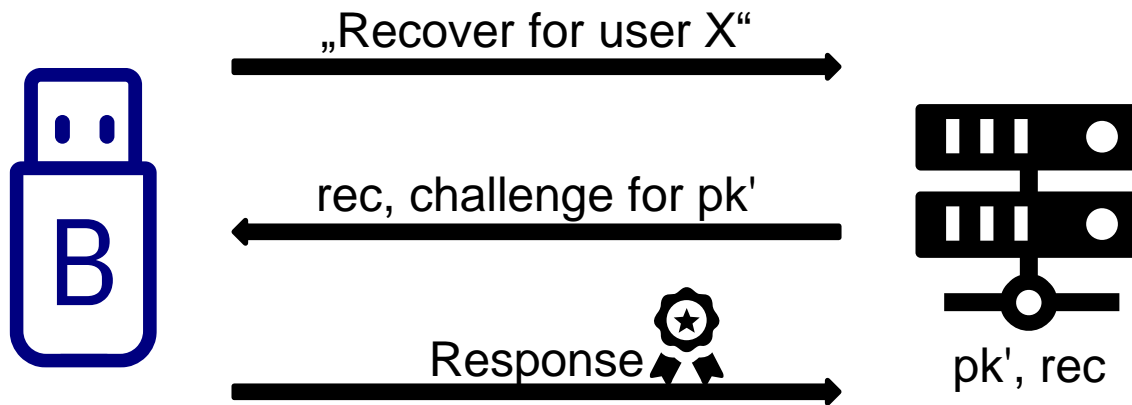


**recovery is successful, if valid signature under pk' is returned**

# ARKG Functionality: Recovery



Recovery  
n times



Derive Secret Key

$sk_0, rec$



recovery is successful, if valid signature under  $pk'$  is returned



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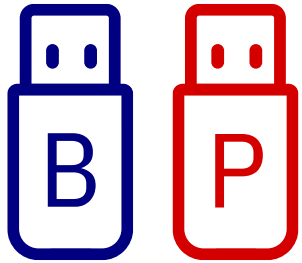
# Interactions Summarized

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# Interactions Summarized

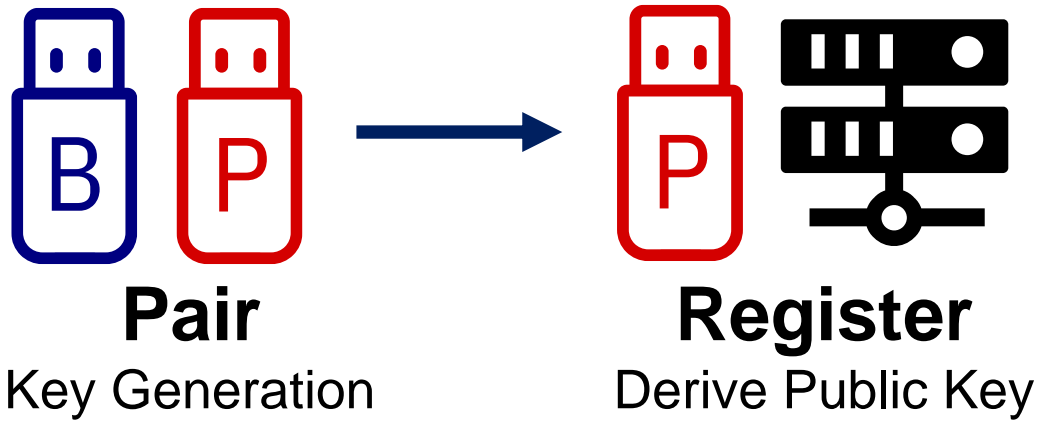
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**Pair**

Key Generation

# Interactions Summarized



# Interactions Summarized



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# Key Contributions

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1. Update security notions to match FIDO2 setting
2. Generic construction from standardized primitives
3. Instantiation in post-quantum setting

# Post-Quantum Asynchronous Remote Key Generation for FIDO2



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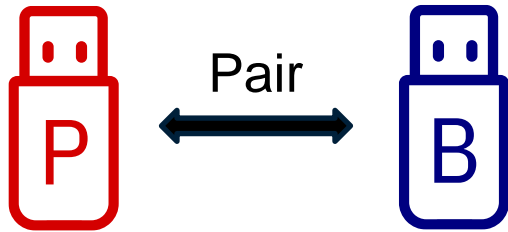
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## Security of ARKG Schemes

# Authentication Security

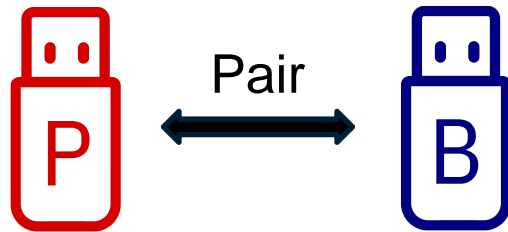
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Observe

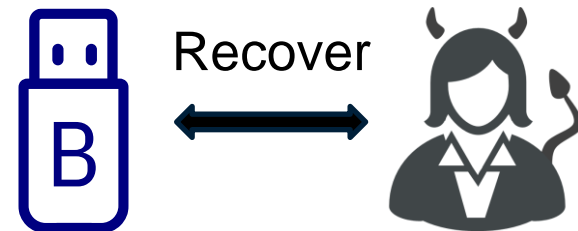


# Authentication Security

## Observe



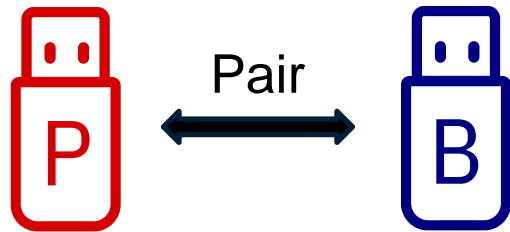
## Participate



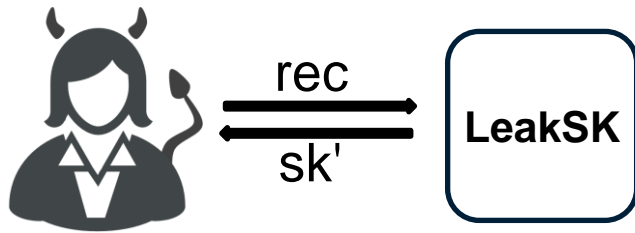


# Authentication Security

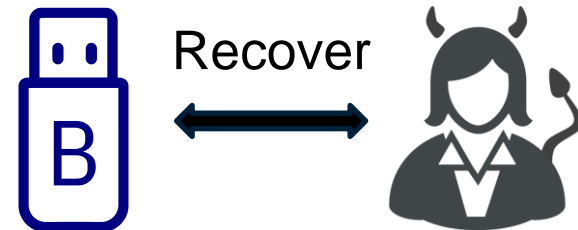
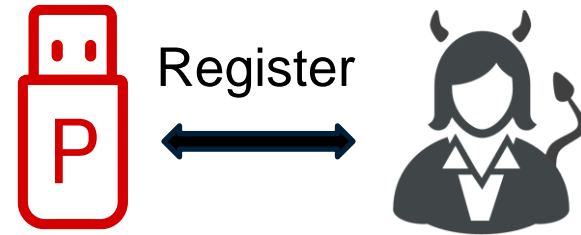
## Observe



## Leak

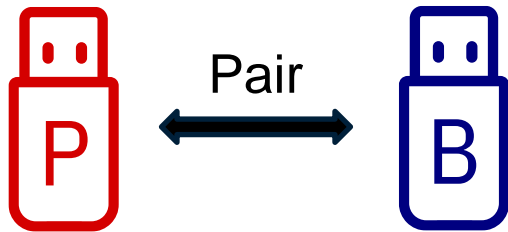


## Participate

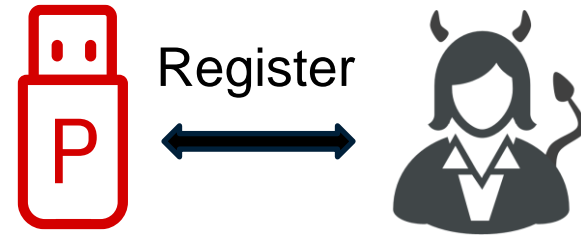


# Authentication Security

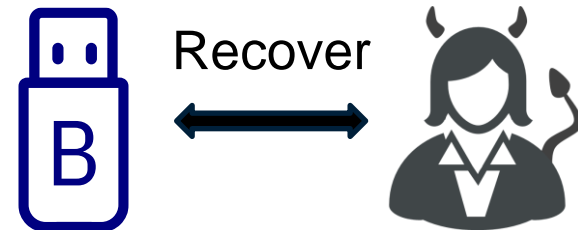
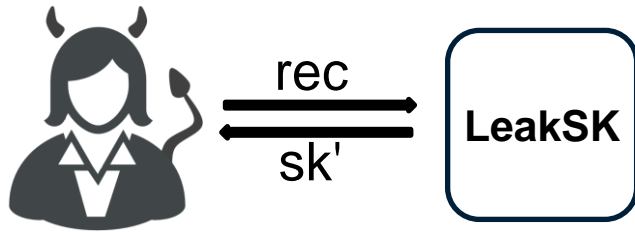
## Observe



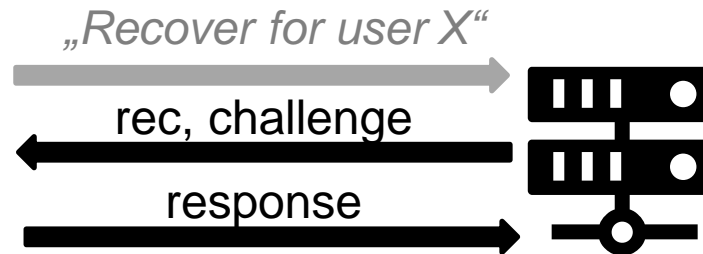
## Participate



## Leak

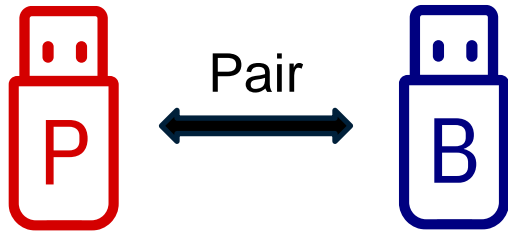


## Attack



# Authentication Security

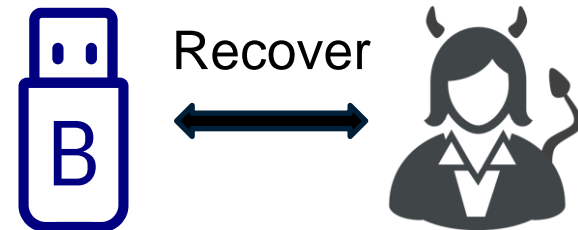
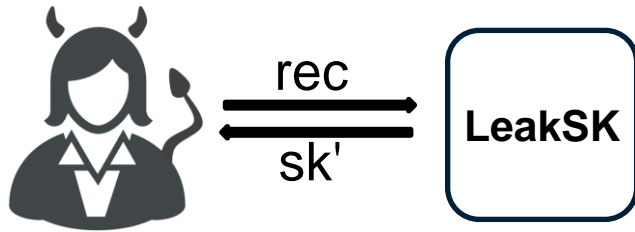
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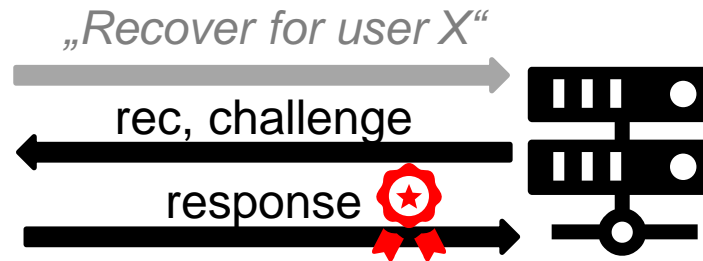
## Participate



## Leak

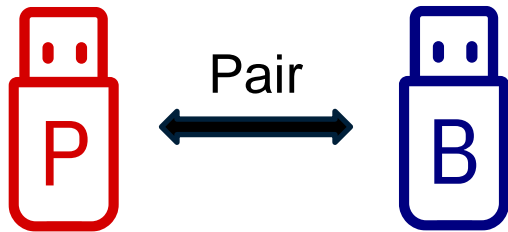


## Attack

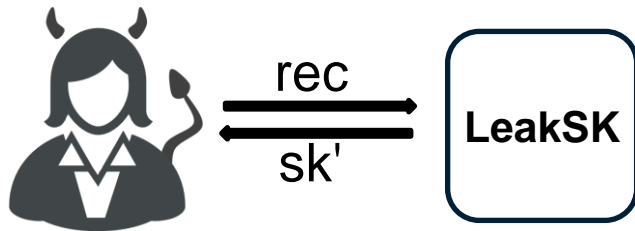


# Previous Authentication Security

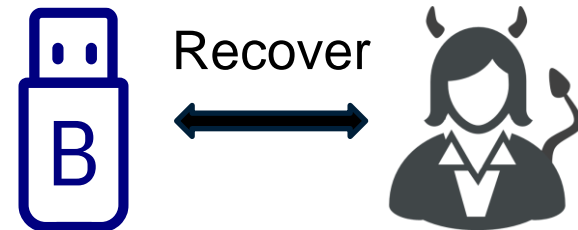
## Observe



## Leak

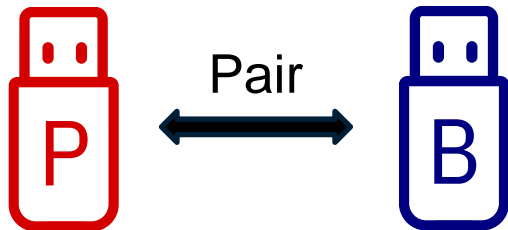


## Participate



# Previous Authentication Security

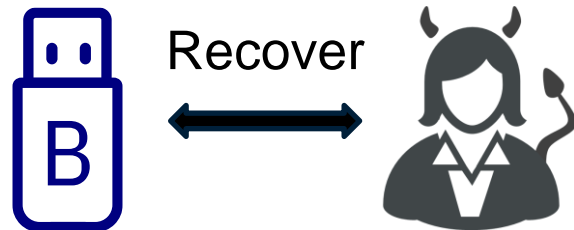
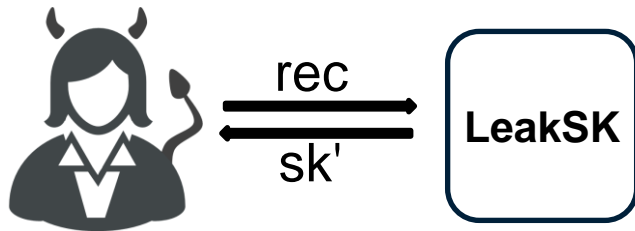
## Observe



## Participate



## Leak



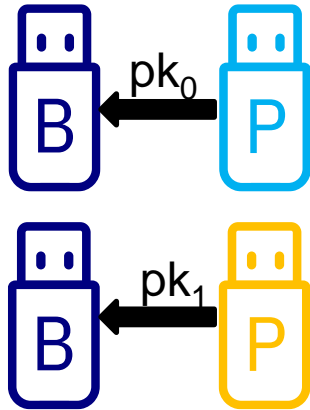
## Previously

„Key Security“



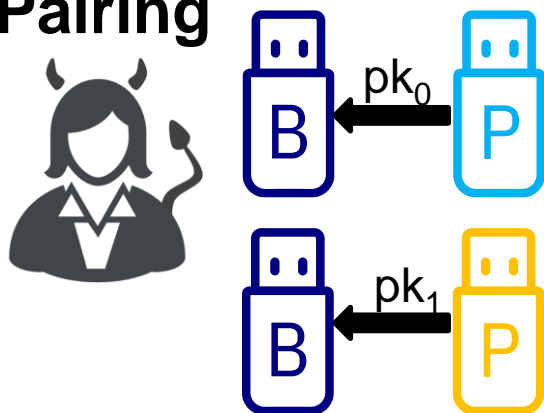
# Unlinkability

Observe  
Pairing

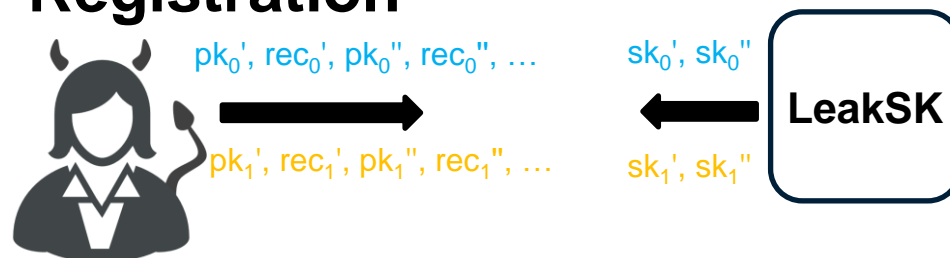


# Unlinkability

## Observe Pairing

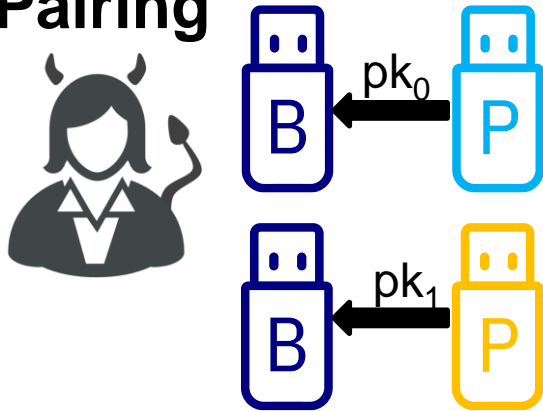


## Simulate Registration

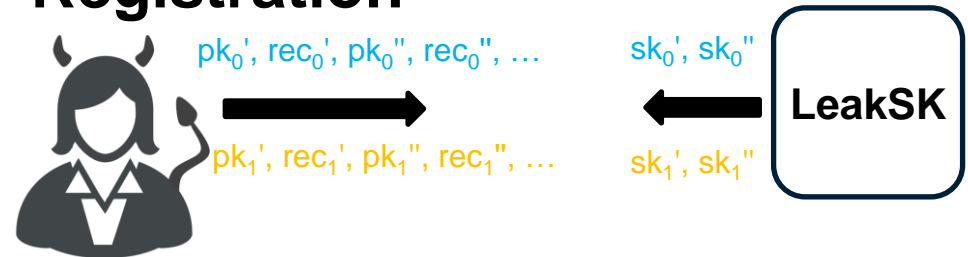


# Unlinkability

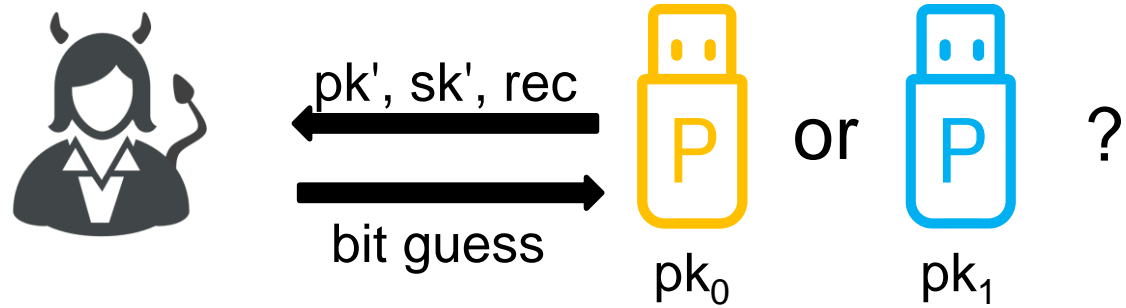
## Observe Pairing



## Simulate Registration



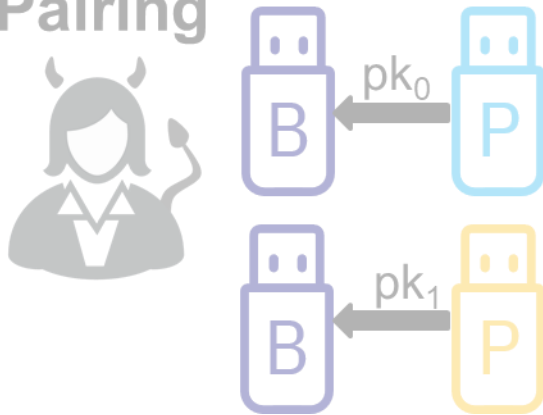
## Challenge Query



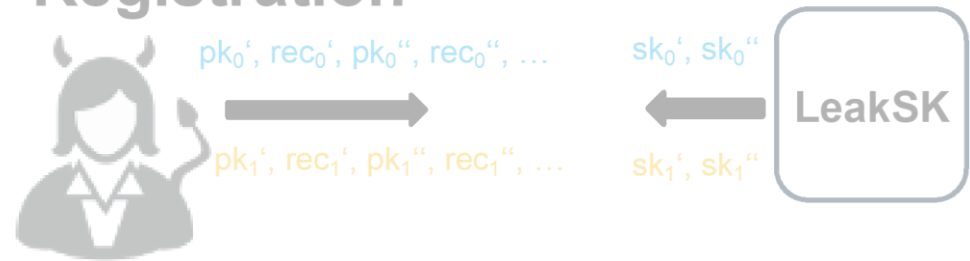


# Previous Unlinkability

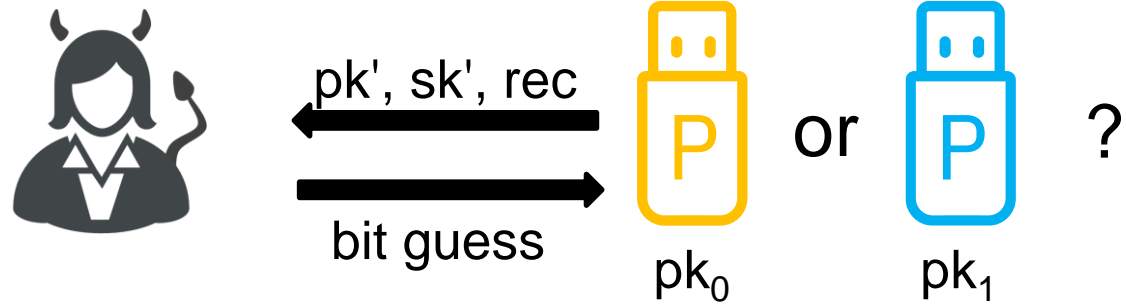
Observe  
Pairing



Simulate  
Registration

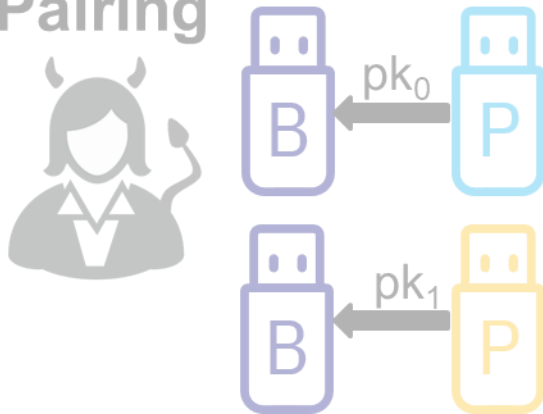


Challenge  
Query

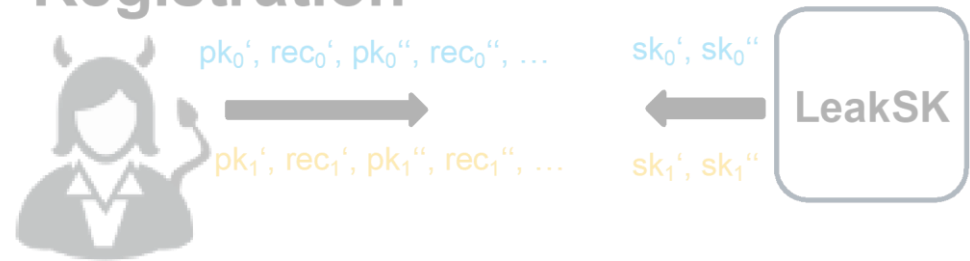


# Previous Unlinkability

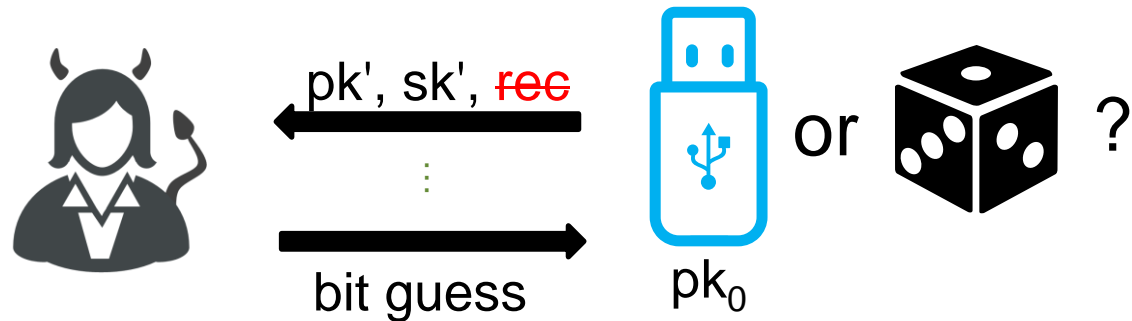
Observe  
Pairing



Simulate  
Registration



Challenge  
Queries



# Post-Quantum Asynchronous Remote Key Generation for FIDO2



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## Our Construction

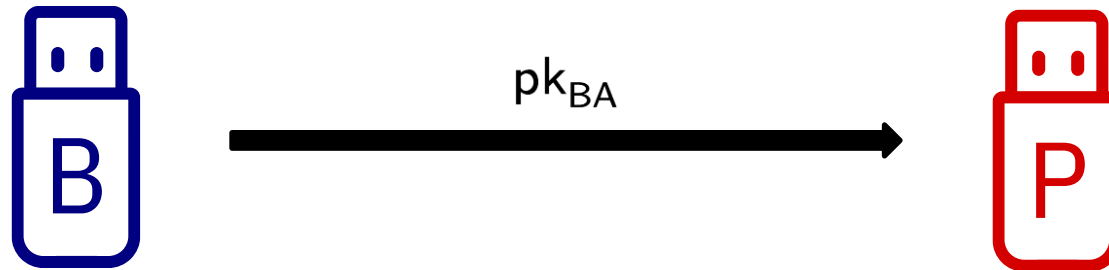
# Our Construction: Pairing (done once)



KGen(pp):

1  $(pk_{BA}, sk_{BA}) \leftarrow_{\$} \text{KEM.KGen}(pp)$

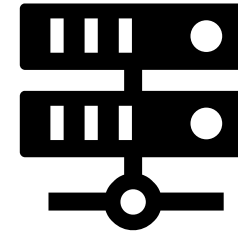
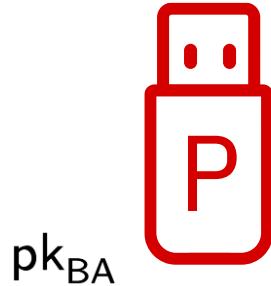
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KGen(pp):

1  $(pk_{BA}, sk_{BA}) \leftarrow_{\$} \text{KEM.KGen}(pp)$

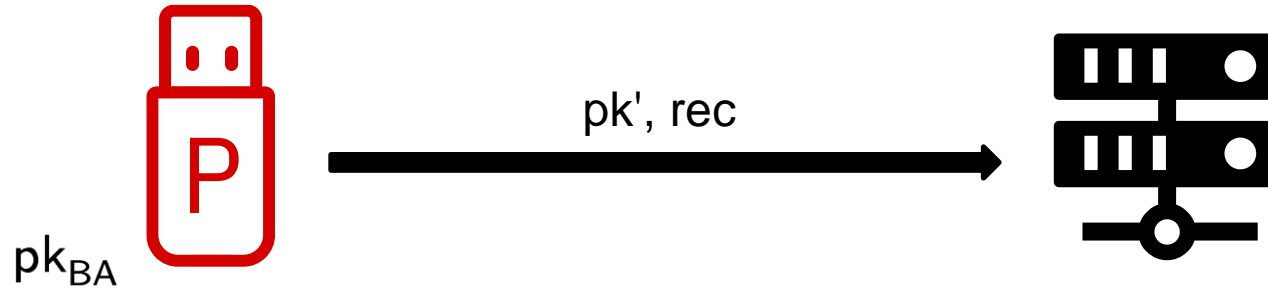
# Our Construction: Registration



DerivePK(pp,  $pk_{BA}$ ,  $aux$ ):

- 1  $(c, K) \leftarrow \$ \text{KEM.Encaps}(pk_{BA})$
- 2  $r \leftarrow \text{KDF}(K, aux)$
- 3  $(pk', sk') \leftarrow \text{Sig.KGen}(pp; r)$
- 4  $rec \leftarrow (c, aux)$

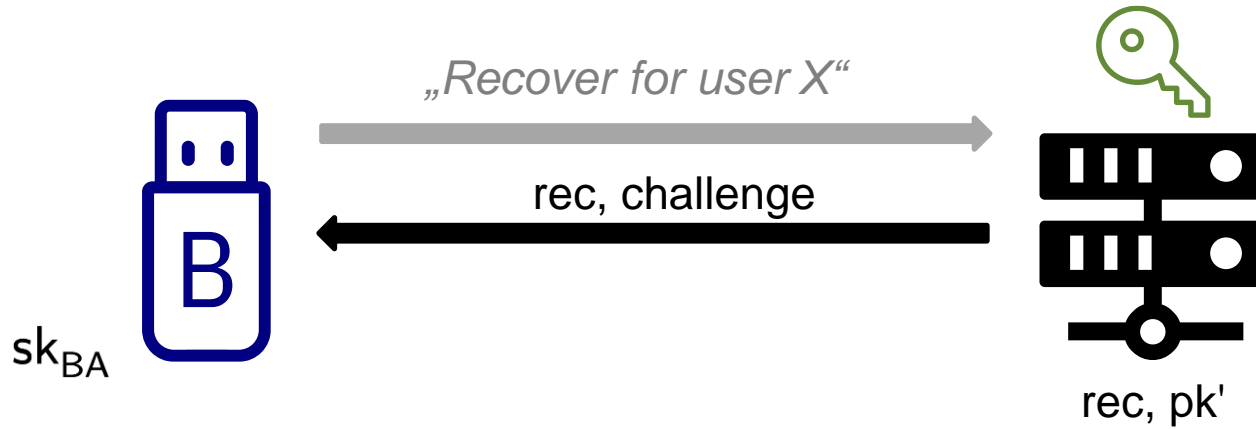
# Our Construction: Registration



DerivePK(pp,  $pk_{BA}$ ,  $aux$ ):

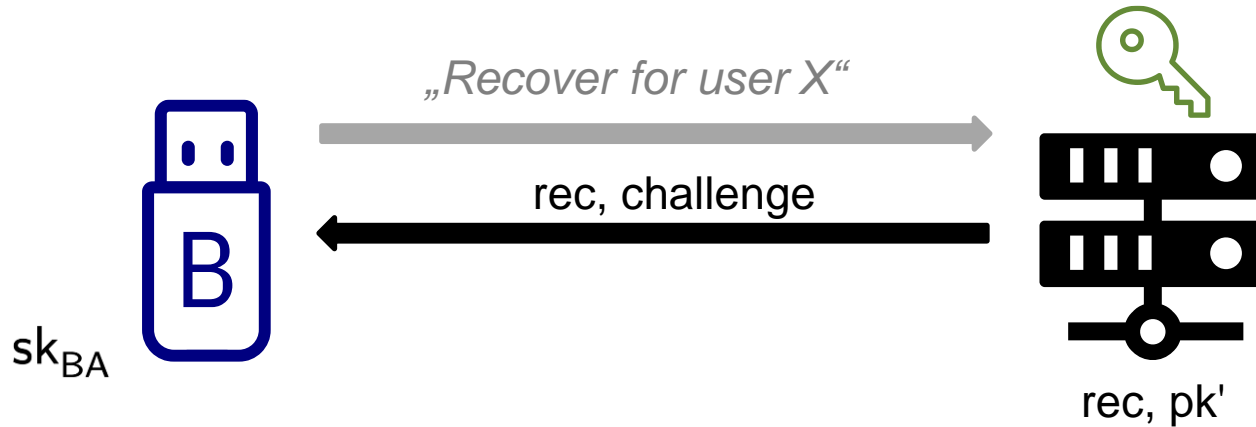
- 1  $(c, K) \leftarrow_{\$} \text{KEM.Encaps}(pk_{BA})$
- 2  $r \leftarrow \text{KDF}(K, aux)$
- 3  $(pk', sk') \leftarrow \text{Sig.KGen}(pp; r)$
- 4  $rec \leftarrow (c, aux)$

# Our Construction: Recovery





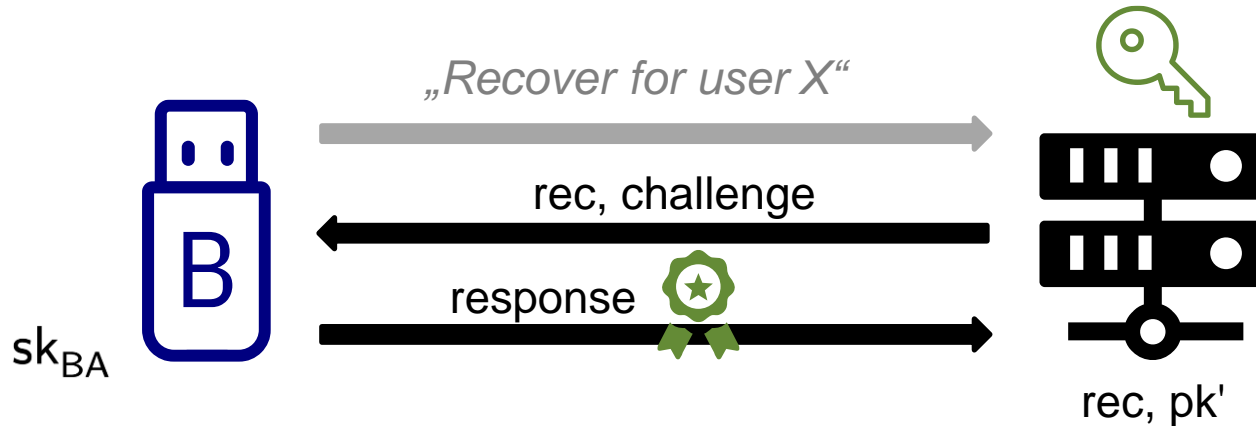
# Our Construction: Recovery



DeriveSK(pp,  $sk_{BA}$ , rec):

- 1  $(c, aux) \leftarrow \text{rec}$
- 2  $K \leftarrow \text{KEM.Decaps}(sk_{BA}, c)$
- 3  $r \leftarrow \text{KDF}(K, aux)$
- 4  $(pk', sk') \leftarrow \text{Sig.KGen}(pp; r)$

# Our Construction: Recovery



DeriveSK(pp,  $sk_{BA}$ , rec):

- 1  $(c, aux) \leftarrow rec$
- 2  $K \leftarrow \text{KEM.Decaps}(sk_{BA}, c)$
- 3  $r \leftarrow \text{KDF}(K, aux)$
- 4  $(pk', sk') \leftarrow \text{Sig.KGen}(pp; r)$

# Post-Quantum Asynchronous Remote Key Generation for FIDO2



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## Security and PQ Instantiation

# Authentication Security

**Theorem 1** *Let ARKG be the generic instantiation of ARKG as given in Figure 4, KEM be an IND-CCA secure and  $\epsilon$ -correct KEM scheme, Sig be an EUF-CMA secure signature scheme and KDF a secure key derivation function modeled as a PRF. Then ARKG provides  $\epsilon$ -correctness and authentication security as defined in Definition 2. More precisely, for any QPT adversary  $\mathcal{A}$  against AUTH, there exist QPT algorithms  $\mathcal{B}_1, \mathcal{B}_2$ , and  $\mathcal{B}_3$  with approximately the same running time as  $\mathcal{A}$  such that*

$$\text{Adv}_{\text{ARKG}, \mathcal{A}}^{\text{auth}}(\lambda) \leq q \cdot \left( \epsilon + \text{Adv}_{\text{KEM}, \mathcal{B}_1}^{\text{ind-cca}}(\lambda) + \text{Adv}_{\text{KDF}, \mathcal{B}_2}^{\text{prf}}(\lambda) + \text{Adv}_{\text{Sig}, \mathcal{B}_3}^{\text{euf-cma}}(\lambda) \right)$$

where  $q$  is the maximum number of calls to the DERIVEPK oracle.

# Unlinkability

**Theorem 2** *Let ARKG be the instantiation of ARKG as shown in Figure 4 and KEM be an ANON-CCA secure KEM scheme. Then ARKG provides unlinkability security as described in Definition 3. More precisely, for any QPT adversary  $\mathcal{A}$  against UNL there exists a QPT algorithm  $\mathcal{B}$  with approximately the same running time as  $\mathcal{A}$ , such that*

$$\text{Adv}_{\text{ARKG}, \mathcal{A}}^{\text{unl}}(\lambda) \leq \text{Adv}_{\text{KEM}, \mathcal{B}}^{\text{anon-cca}}(\lambda).$$

## **ANON-CCA / (strong) anonymity**

the ciphertext obtained during encapsulation does not leak any information on the public key used during the encapsulation operation, even in the presence of a decapsulation oracle.

# Post-Quantum Instantiation

Setup ( $1^\lambda$ ):

1 **return**  $pp = (\text{KEM}, \text{KDF}, \text{Sig})$

DerivePK( $pp, pk_{BA}, aux$ ):

1  $(c, K) \leftarrow \$ \text{KEM.Encaps}(pk_{BA})$   
2  $r \leftarrow \text{KDF}(K, aux)$   
3  $(pk', sk') \leftarrow \text{Sig.KGen}(pp; r)$   
4  $rec \leftarrow (c, aux)$

KGen( $pp$ ):

1  $(pk_{BA}, sk_{BA}) \leftarrow \$ \text{KEM.KGen}(pp)$

DeriveSK( $pp, sk_{BA}, rec$ ):

1  $(c, aux) \leftarrow rec$   
2  $K \leftarrow \text{KEM.Decaps}(sk_{BA}, c)$   
3  $r \leftarrow \text{KDF}(K, aux)$   
4  $(pk', sk') \leftarrow \text{Sig.KGen}(pp; r)$

- ML-KEM provides IND-CCA and ANON-CCA security
- All (secure) PQ signatures provide EUF-CMA security
- KDF is symmetric primitive, use sufficient key length

# Conclusion

- Security games tailored to FIDO2 setting
- Generic construction from standard primitives
- Instantiable in PQ setting



**Thank you!**  
<https://ia.cr/2023/1275>

