## Laconic Function Evaluation, Functional Encryption and Obfuscation for RAMs with Sublinear Computation

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dig = Hash(C)







digest very short compared to |C|

dig = Hash(C)

X







digest very short compared to |C|

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 $ct \leftarrow Enc(dig, x)$ 





Dec(C, ct) = C(x)

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#### **Security:** Server learns nothing more than C(x)



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## **Problem:** Server computation is at least linear in inputs!



ct





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# [Döttling-Gajland-Malavolta'23]: LFE for TMs from iO + SSB

# LFE for RAMs



### Main Result: We build LFE for RAMs assuming RingLWE





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Some fixed RAM program (e.g. universal)

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# Main Result: We build LFE for Additionally assuming iO, get

Main challenge: Privately accessing the public database y

Dr RAMS Some fixed RAM program (e.g. universal)
AM computation $P(x, y)$ RAM runtime T
$g = Hash(\tilde{y})$
<b>Enc run time:</b> $ x  + \mathbf{X}$ ct $\leftarrow$ Enc(dig, x)
or RAMs assuming RingLWE Enc run time just $ x $



## Garbled RAM RAM-LFE



*P*, y







 $\tilde{y}$ 



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P, y



 $\tilde{y}$ , sk  $\leftarrow$  GarbleDB(y)





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## Garbled RAM RAM-LFE





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y belongs to client and is garbled with respect to their secret key





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 $Eval(\tilde{y}, ct) = P(y)$ 

## **Garbled RAM RAM-LFE**



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### DEPIR vs ORAM



V











 $\tilde{y}$ , sk  $\leftarrow$  ORAM . Init(y)





 $I, r \leftarrow \mathsf{DEPIR} . \mathsf{Query}(i)$ 





 $\tilde{y}, \mathsf{sk} \leftarrow \mathsf{ORAM} . \mathsf{Init}(y)$  $q \leftarrow \mathsf{ORAM} . \mathsf{Read}(\mathsf{sk}, i)$ 





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 $\tilde{y} := \mathsf{DEPIR} \cdot \mathsf{Prep}(y)$ 



#### $\tilde{y}$ , sk $\leftarrow$ ORAM . Init(y) $q \leftarrow$ ORAM . Read(sk, i)







 $I, r \leftarrow \mathsf{DEPIR} . \mathsf{Query}(i)$  $y[i] = \mathsf{DEPIR} . \mathsf{Dec}(\tilde{y}[I], r)$ 



#### ORAM — Private database, requires client secret key DEPIR

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#### DEPIR vs ORAM $\tilde{y}$ , sk $\leftarrow$ ORAM. Init(y) q $q \leftarrow \mathsf{ORAM} . \mathsf{Read}(\mathsf{sk}, i)$ y[i]

**DEPIR** — Public database, public deterministic preprocessing

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#### **Prior Work:** [Lin-M-Wichs'23] build DEPIR from RingLWE

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   Security only protects *internal state* not the *memory access pattern*
- **2.** Upgrade to full security
  Protect access pattern with ORAM + DEPIR
- For strong efficiency: Use iO to obfuscate the client's encryption procedure and offload to server











y

read location *i* 



read location *i* 

internal state st





read location *i* 

internal state st













![](_page_56_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_57_Figure_1.jpeg)

y

\_abels for st

![](_page_58_Figure_1.jpeg)

y

\_abels for st

![](_page_59_Figure_1.jpeg)

y

Labels for st

![](_page_60_Figure_1.jpeg)

y

LOT.Send for wire labels corresponding to y[i]

Labels for st

![](_page_61_Figure_1.jpeg)

y

LOT.Send for wire labels corresponding to y[i]

\_abels for st

LOT ensures that only the label for y[i] is revealed (and not 1 - y[i])

![](_page_61_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_62_Figure_1.jpeg)

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Labels for st

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![](_page_62_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_63_Figure_1.jpeg)

LOT digest can be computed for public y!

y

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LOT ensures that only the label for y[i] is revealed (and not 1 - y[i])

![](_page_63_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_64_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_64_Figure_2.jpeg)

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![](_page_65_Figure_2.jpeg)

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![](_page_66_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_67_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_67_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_68_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_69_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_70_Figure_1.jpeg)

- 1. Sample DEPIR query to y[i]
- 2. LOT.Send wire labels for query locations

![](_page_70_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_71_Figure_1.jpeg)

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![](_page_71_Figure_5.jpeg)
















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**Prior work:** [BCGHJLPTV'18] doesn't allow sublinear runtime

# Thank you!

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