

SUCCINCT
HOMOMORPHIC
SECRET-SHARING

DAMIANO
ABRAM

LANCE
ROY

PETER
SCHOLL

AARHUS
UNIVERSITY

BOCCONI
UNIVERSITY

HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

ALICE

$$\vec{x} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^n$$

BOB

$$y \in \mathbb{Z}_q$$

HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

ALICE

$$\vec{x} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^n$$

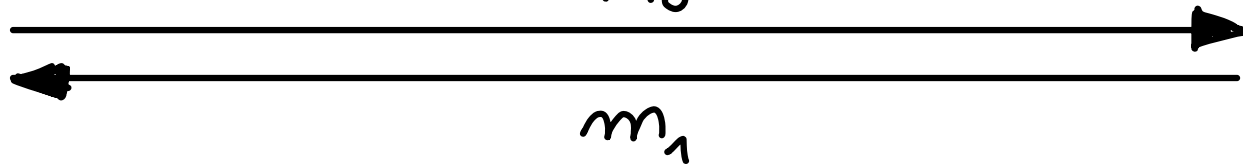
SIMULTANEOUS
COMMUNICATION



m_0

BOB

$$y \in \mathbb{Z}_q$$



HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

ALICE

$$\vec{x} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^n$$

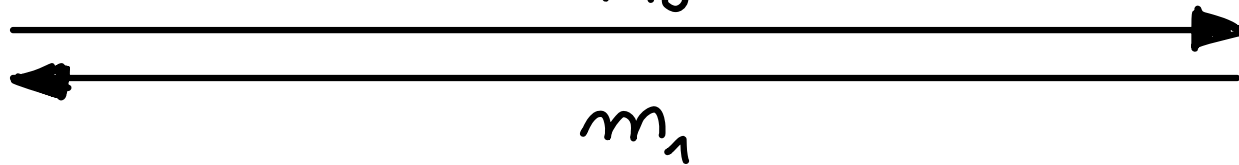
SIMULTANEOUS
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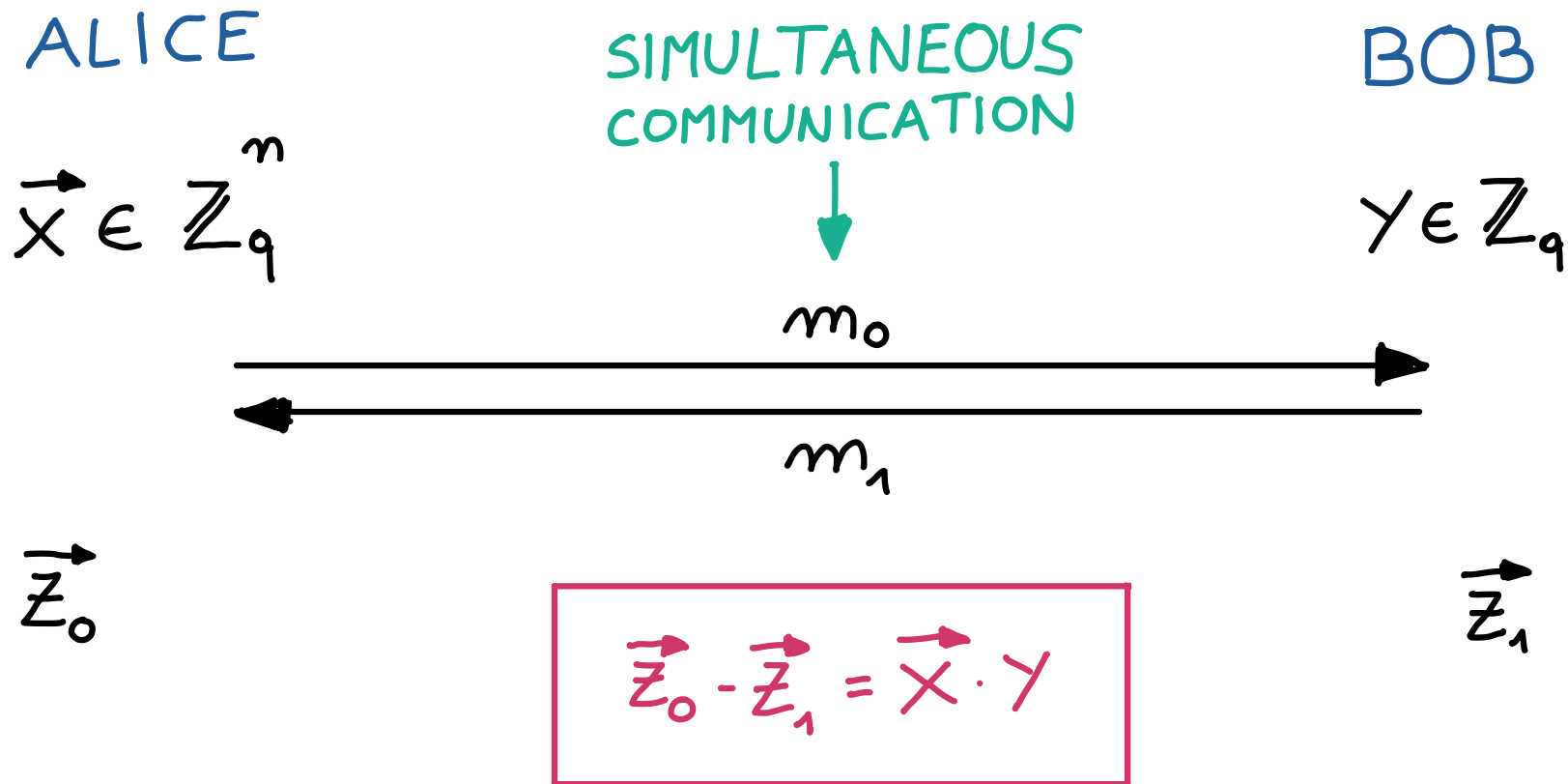


$$\vec{z}_0$$

$$\vec{z}_0 - \vec{z}_1 = \vec{x} \cdot y$$

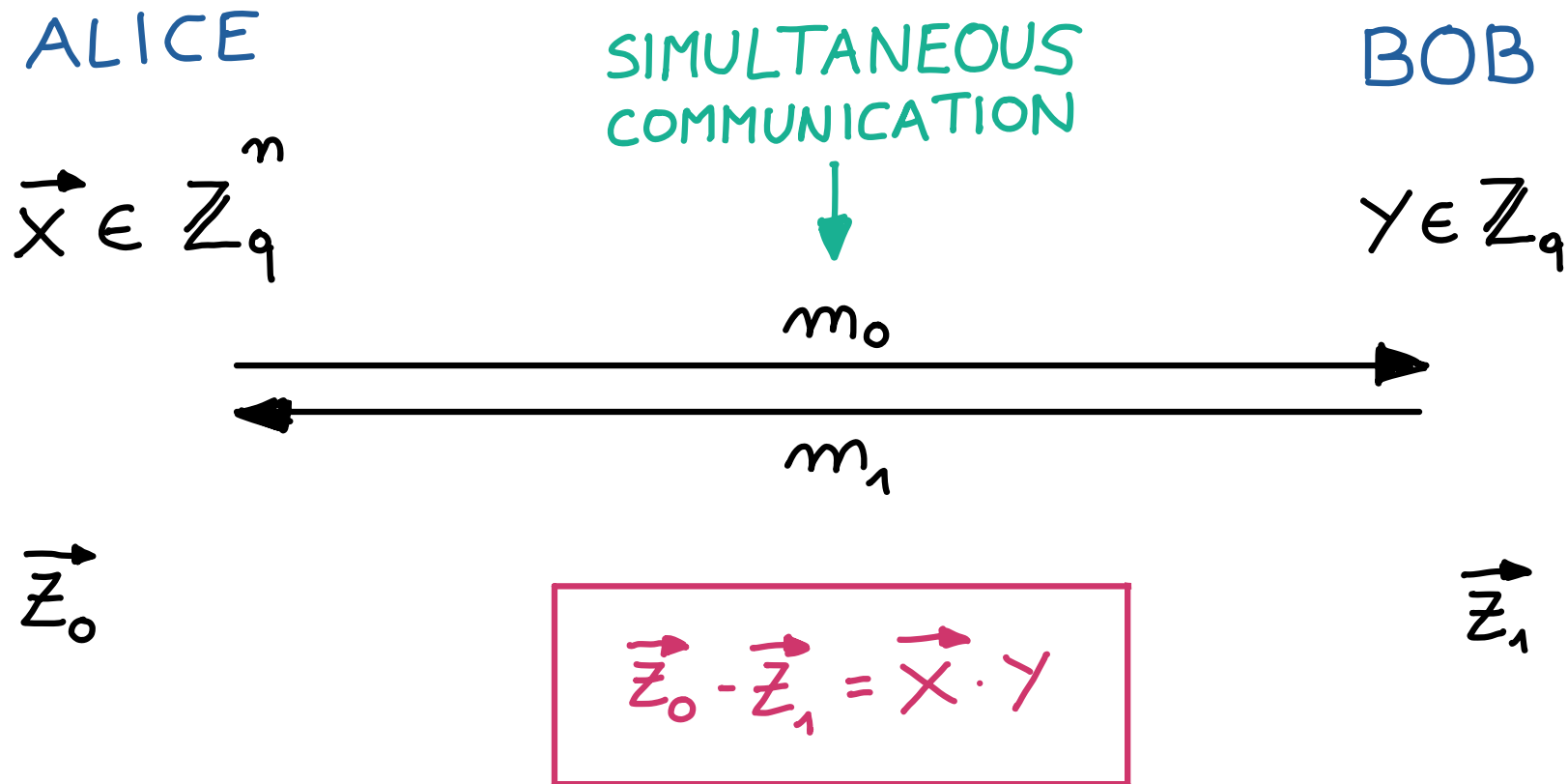
$$\vec{z}_1$$

HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE



What's the minimal communication complexity?

HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE



What's the minimal communication complexity?

$\leq n^\alpha \cdot \text{poly } \lambda$ for $\alpha < 1$

SUCCINCT HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

ASSUMPTION	\mathbb{Z}_q	COMMUNICATION COMPLEXITY
DCR	$q = N$ RSA modulus	$O(m^{2/3})$

SUCCINCT HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

ASSUMPTION	\mathbb{Z}_q	COMMUNICATION COMPLEXITY
DCR	$q = N$ RSA modulus	$O(m^{2/3})$
DDH-like assumption over CLASS GROUPS	$q = \text{any prime}$	$O(m^{2/3})$

trustless setup →

SUCCINCT HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

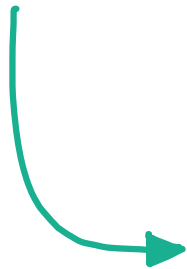
ASSUMPTION	\mathbb{Z}_q	COMMUNICATION COMPLEXITY
DCR	$q = N$ RSA modulus	$O(m^{2/3})$
DDH-like assumption over CLASS GROUPS	$q = \text{any prime}$	$O(m^{2/3})$
QR	$q = 2$	$O(m^{2/3})$

trustless setup →

SUCCINCT HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

ASSUMPTION	\mathbb{Z}_q	COMMUNICATION COMPLEXITY
DCR	$q = N$, RSA modulus	$O(m^{2/3})$
DDH-like assumption over CLASS GROUPS	$q = \text{any prime}$	$O(m^{2/3})$
QR	$q = 2$	$O(m^{2/3})$
LWE (with $\chi^{w(n)}$ modulus-noise ratio)	any q	$O(m^{2/3})$

trustless
setup →



SUCCINCT HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

ASSUMPTION	\mathbb{Z}_q	COMMUNICATION COMPLEXITY
POWER DDH over Paillier groups	$q = N$ or $q = 2$ RSA modulus	$O(m^{1/2})$

SUCCINCT HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

ASSUMPTION	\mathbb{Z}_q	COMMUNICATION COMPLEXITY
POWER DDH over Paillier groups	$q = N$ or $q = 2$ RSA modulus	$O(m^{1/2})$
POWER DDH over CLASS GROUPS	$q = \text{any prime}$	$O(m^{1/2})$

SUCCINCT HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

ASSUMPTION	\mathbb{Z}_q	COMMUNICATION COMPLEXITY
POWER DDH over Paillier groups	$q = N$ or $q = 2$ RSA modulus	$O(m^{1/2})$
POWER DDH over CLASS GROUPS	$q = \text{any prime}$	$O(m^{1/2})$
POWER - RING LWE (with $\chi^{w(n)}$ modulus-noise ratio)	any q	$O(m^{1/2})$

trustless setup →

↑
new assumption!

APPLICATIONS

SUCCINCT HSS

secure 2-round computation of $\langle (x), y \rangle$
with $(|x| + |y|^\alpha) \cdot \text{poly}(\lambda)$ communication $(\alpha < 1)$

NC₁



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SUCCINCT HSS

secure 2-round computation of $\langle (x), y \rangle$
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NC₁



$\langle (x), y \rangle$

PCG FOR N-PARTY DISTRIBUTED POINT FUNCTIONS

communication $(L \cdot T)^\alpha \cdot \text{poly} \lambda$ $(\alpha < 1)$

#DPFs

DOMAIN
SIZE

APPLICATIONS

SUCCINCT HSS

secure 2-round computation of $\langle (x), y \rangle$
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NC₁



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#DPFs DOMAIN SIZE

N-PARTY COMPUTATION FOR LAYERED CIRCUITS WITH
SUBLINEAR COMMUNICATION IN THE CIRCUIT SIZE

APPLICATIONS

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secure 2-round computation of $\langle (x), y \rangle$
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communication $(L \cdot T)^\alpha \cdot \text{poly} \lambda$ ($\alpha < 1$)

#DPFs DOMAIN SIZE

N-PARTY COMPUTATION FOR LAYERED CIRCUITS WITH
SUBLINEAR COMMUNICATION IN THE CIRCUIT SIZE

1st construction

$$O\left(N \cdot \frac{s}{\log \log s}\right)$$

s ← size of
the circuit

APPLICATIONS

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secure 2-round computation of $\langle (x), y \rangle$
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NC₁



PCG FOR N-PARTY DISTRIBUTED POINT FUNCTIONS

communication $(L \cdot T)^\alpha \cdot \text{poly} \lambda$ ($\alpha < 1$)

#DPFs

DOMAIN SIZE

N-PARTY COMPUTATION FOR LAYERED CIRCUITS WITH SUBLINEAR COMMUNICATION IN THE CIRCUIT SIZE

1st construction

$$O\left(N \cdot \frac{s}{\log \log s}\right)$$

s ← size of the circuit

2nd construction

$$O\left(N \cdot \frac{s}{\log s}\right)$$

only for sufficiently wide circuits

BILINEAR HSS

HASHER

$$\vec{x} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

ENCRYPTOR

$$\vec{y} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

BILINEAR HSS

HASHER

$$\vec{x} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

CRS



ENCRYPTOR

$$\vec{y} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

BILINEAR HSS

HASHER

$$\vec{x} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

$$(d, \varphi) \xleftarrow{\$} \text{Hash}(pk, \vec{x})$$

CRS



ENCRYPTOR

$$\vec{y} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

BILINEAR HSS

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$$\vec{x} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

$$(d, \psi) \xleftarrow{\$} \text{Hash}(pk, \vec{x})$$

CRS



ENCRYPTOR

$$\vec{y} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

$$(c, \psi) \xleftarrow{\$} \text{Enc}(pk, \vec{y})$$

BILINEAR HSS

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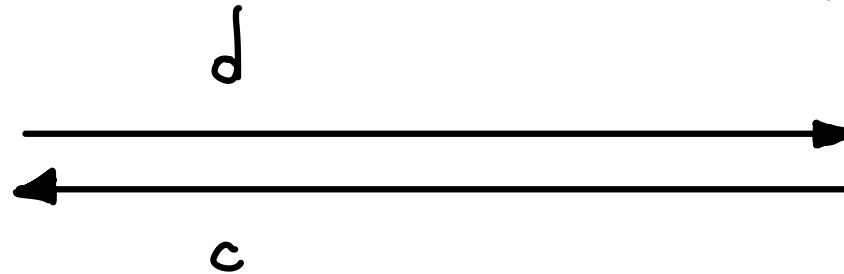
CRS



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SIMULTANEOUS
COMMUNICATION!

BILINEAR HSS

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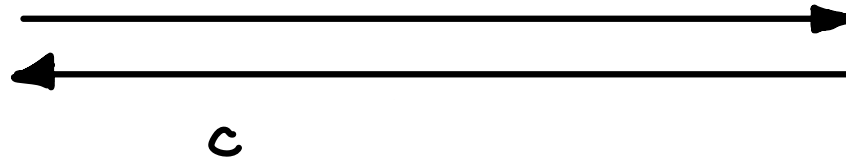


ENCRYPTOR

$$\vec{y} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

$$(c, \psi) \xleftarrow{\$} \text{Enc}(pk, \vec{y})$$

$$d \xleftarrow{\text{small}} |d| = \text{poly}(\lambda)$$



SIMULTANEOUS
COMMUNICATION!

BILINEAR HSS

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$$(d, \psi) \xleftarrow{\$} \text{Hash}(pk, \vec{x})$$

CRS



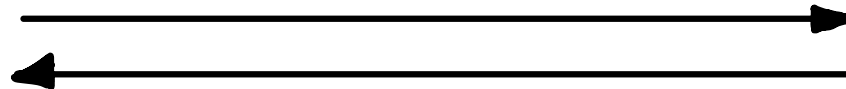
ENCRYPTOR

$$\vec{y} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

$$(c, \psi) \xleftarrow{\$} \text{Enc}(pk, \vec{y})$$

$$d \xleftarrow{\text{small}} |d| = \text{poly}(\lambda)$$

$$c \xleftarrow{\text{large}} |c| = n \cdot \text{poly}(\lambda)$$



SIMULTANEOUS
COMMUNICATION!

BILINEAR HSS

HASHER

$$\vec{x} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

$$(d, \psi) \xleftarrow{\$} \text{Hash}(pk, \vec{x})$$

CRS

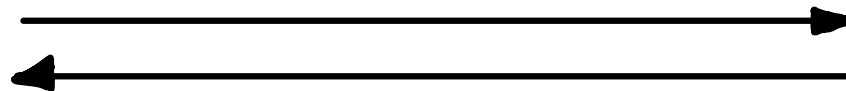


ENCRYPTOR

$$\vec{y} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

$$(c, \psi) \xleftarrow{\$} \text{Enc}(pk, \vec{y})$$

small
 $d \leftarrow |d| = \text{poly}(\lambda)$



large
 $c \leftarrow |c| = n \cdot \text{poly}(\lambda)$

$$z_0 \leftarrow \text{Eval}(c, \psi)$$

$$z_1 \leftarrow \text{Eval}(d, \psi)$$

SIMULTANEOUS
COMMUNICATION!

$$z_1 - z_0 = \langle \vec{x}, \vec{y} \rangle$$

FROM BILINEAR HSS TO HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

ALICE

$$\vec{x} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

BOB

$$y \in \mathbb{Z}_q$$

FROM BILINEAR HSS TO HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

ALICE

$$\vec{x} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

$$t = m^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

BOB

$$y \in \mathbb{Z}_q$$

FROM BILINEAR HSS TO HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

ALICE

$$\vec{x} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

$$\vec{x}_1 \in \mathbb{Z}_q^t$$

$$\vec{x}_{t^2} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^t$$

$$t = m^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

BOB
 $y \in \mathbb{Z}_q$

$$M_{x_i} = \begin{bmatrix} \vec{x}_1 \\ \vdots \\ \vec{x}_{t^2} \end{bmatrix}$$

} t^2

{ t

FROM BILINEAR HSS TO HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

ALICE

$$\vec{x} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

$$\vec{x}_1 \in \mathbb{Z}_q^t$$

...

$$\vec{x}_{t^2} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^t$$

$$t = m^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$M_x := \left[\begin{array}{c} \vec{x}_1 \\ \vdots \\ \vec{x}_{t^2} \end{array} \right] \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{c} \vec{x}_1 \\ \vdots \\ \vec{x}_{t^2} \end{array}} \right\} t^2$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_t$

BOB

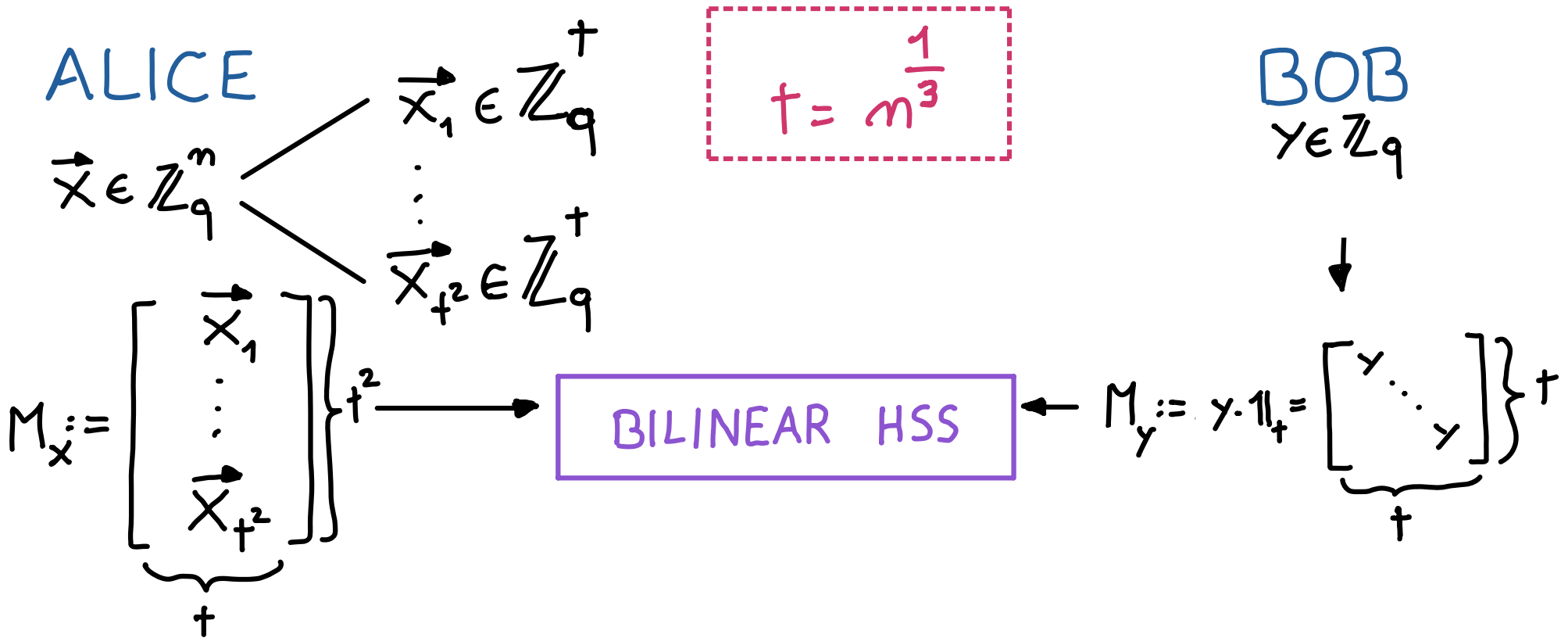
$$y \in \mathbb{Z}_q$$



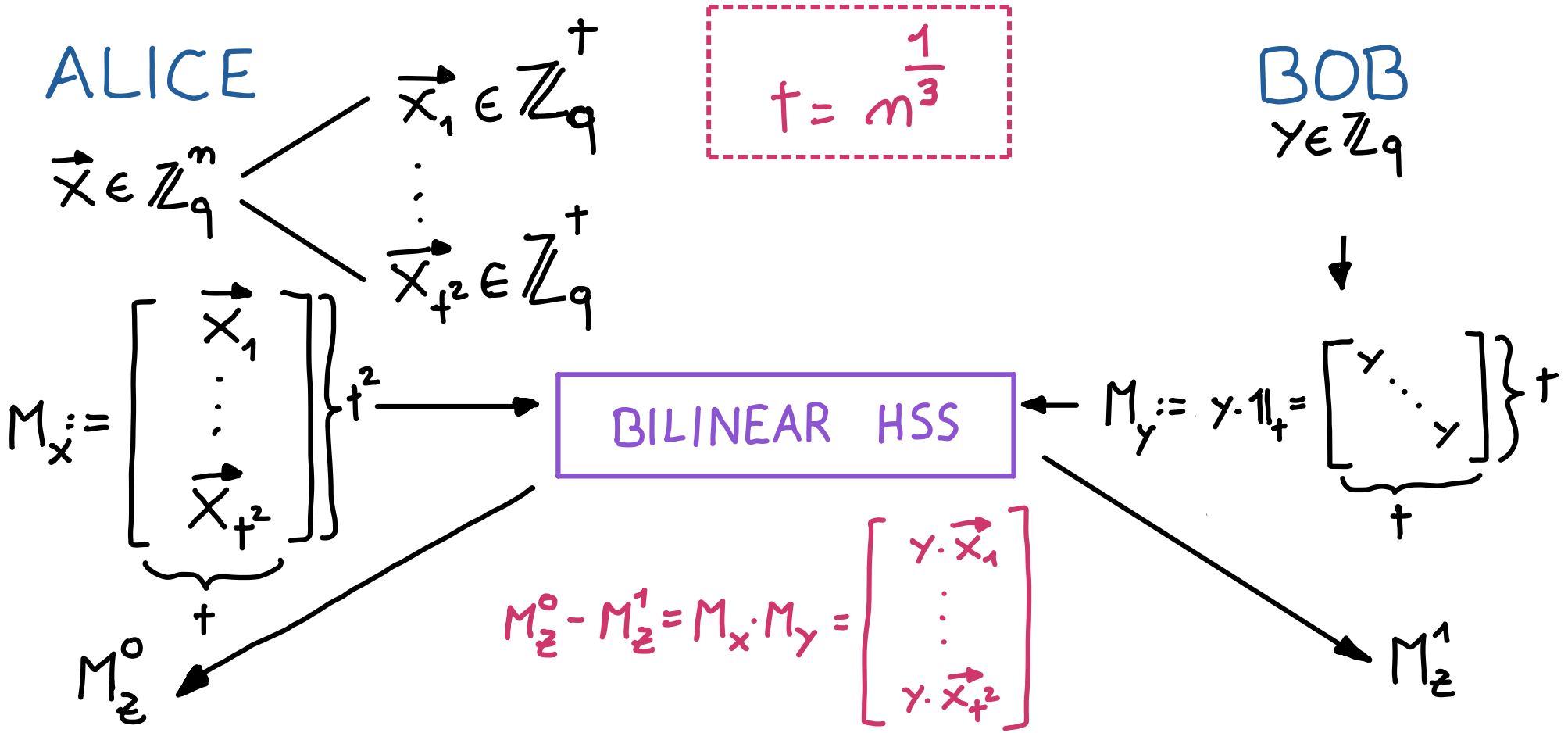
$$M_y := y \cdot \mathbb{1}_t = \left[\begin{array}{c} y \\ \vdots \\ y \end{array} \right] \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{c} y \\ \vdots \\ y \end{array}} \right\} t$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_t$

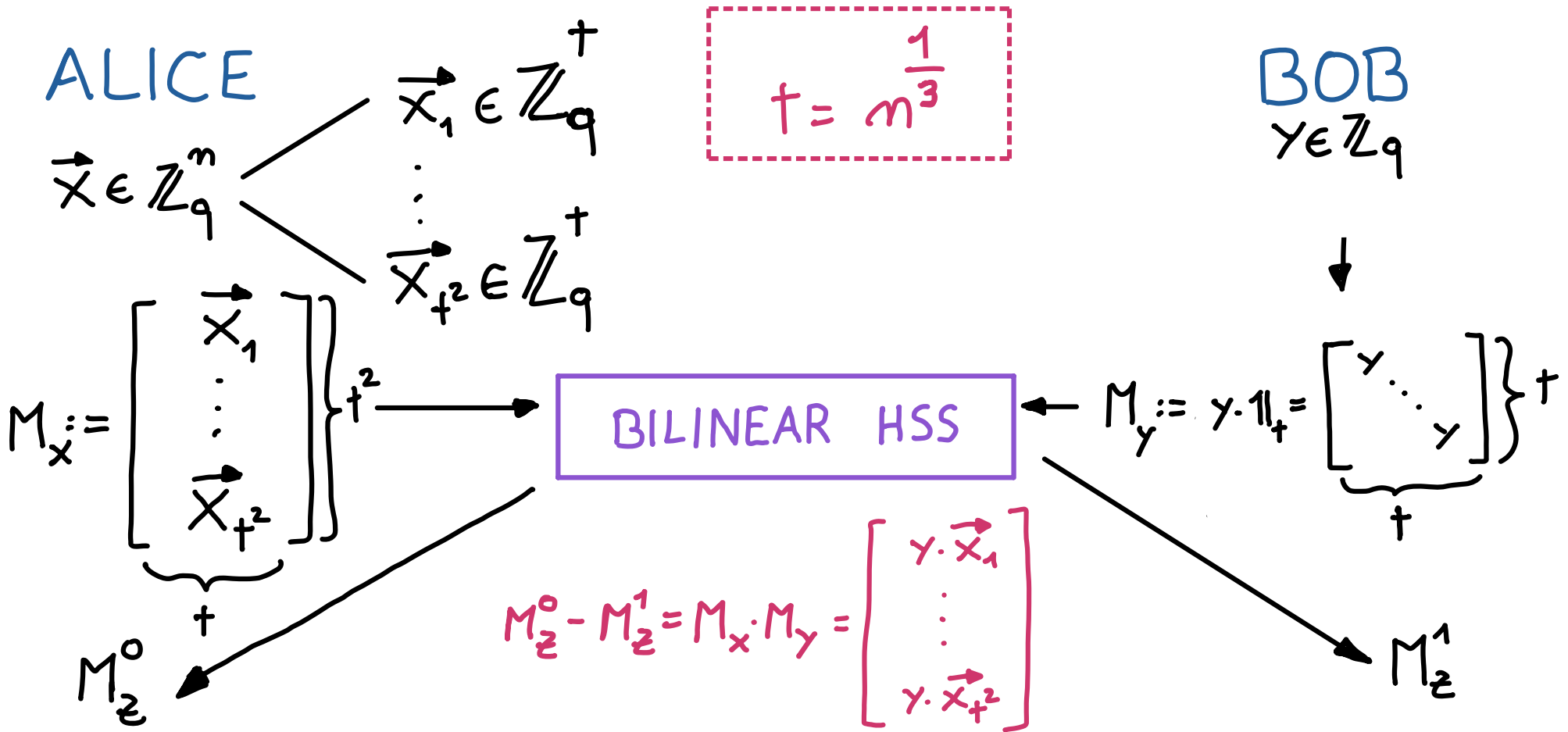
FROM BILINEAR HSS TO HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE



FROM BILINEAR HSS TO HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

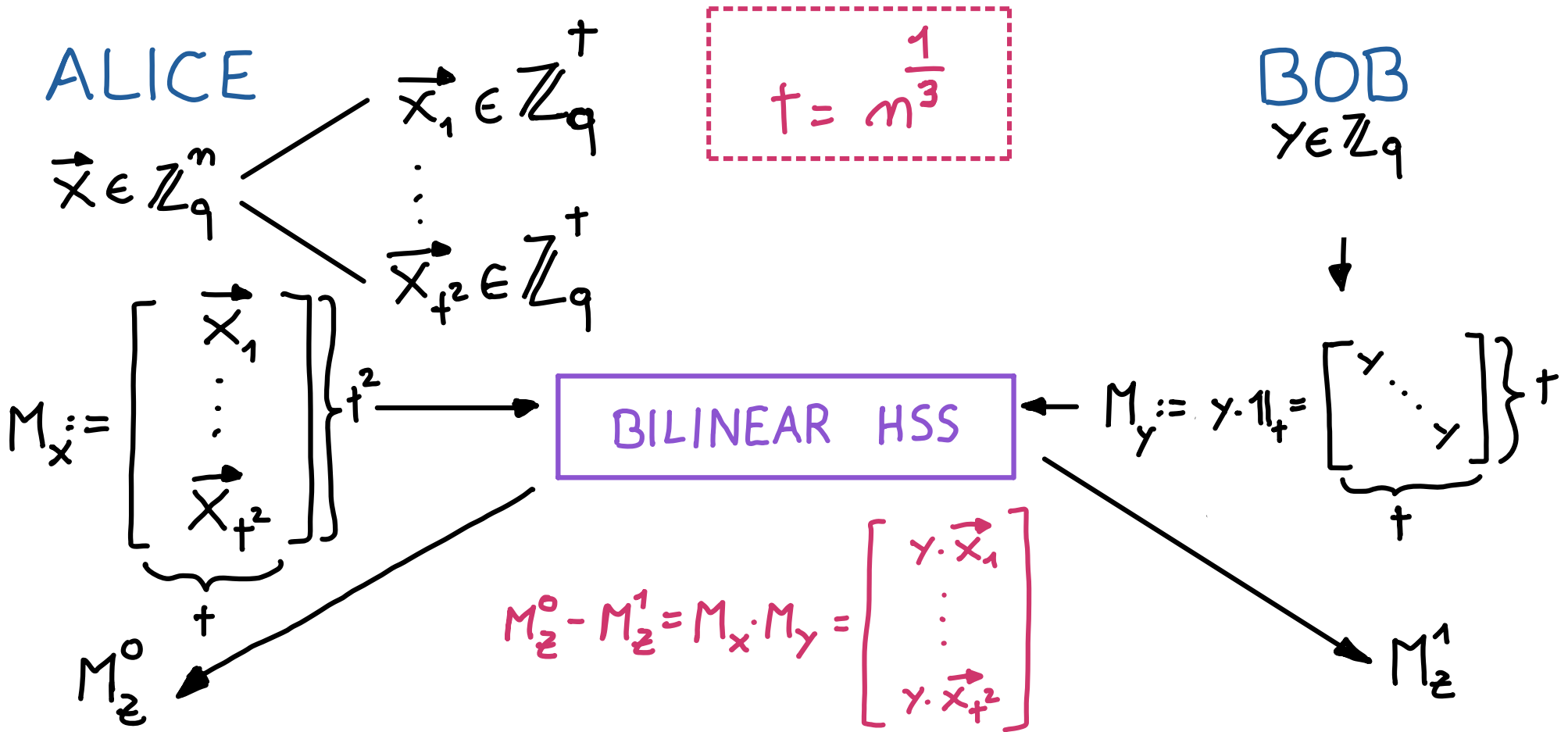


FROM BILINEAR HSS TO HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE



COMMUNICATION: $\underbrace{(\# \text{ entries } M_y)}_{t^2} + \underbrace{(\# \text{ rows } M_x)}_{t^2}$

FROM BILINEAR HSS TO HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE



COMMUNICATION: $\underbrace{(\# \text{ entries } M_y)}_{t^2} + \underbrace{(\# \text{ rows } M_x)}_{t^2} = O(m^{\frac{2}{3}})$

DISTRIBUTED DLOG

DISTRIBUTED DLOG

$$G = F \times H$$

DISTRIBUTED DLOG

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" $\langle f \rangle$ $\text{ord } f = q$

DISTRIBUTED DLOG

easy dlog hard dlog

↙ ↘

$$G = F \times H$$

 "

$\langle f \rangle$ $\text{ord } f = q$

DISTRIBUTED DLOG

easy dlog hard dlog

$G = F \times H$

$\langle f \rangle \quad \text{ord } f = q$

ALICE

u_0

PROMISE

$$\frac{u_0}{u_1} = f^z$$

BOB

u_1

DISTRIBUTED DLOG

easy dlog hard dlog

$$G = F \times H$$

$\langle f \rangle$ $\text{ord } f = q$

ALICE

$$u_0 \xrightarrow{\text{DDLOG}} z_0$$

PROMISE

$$\frac{u_0}{u_1} = f^z$$

$$z_0 - z_1 = z \pmod q$$

BOB

$$u_1 \xrightarrow{\text{DDLOG}} z_1$$

DISTRIBUTED DLOG

easy dlog hard dlog

$$G = F \times H$$

$\underbrace{F}_{\langle f \rangle} \quad \text{ord } f = q$

ALICE

$$\begin{array}{c} u_0 \\ \downarrow \text{DDLOG} \\ z_0 \end{array}$$

PROMISE

$$\frac{u_0}{u_1} = f^z$$

$$z_0 - z_1 = z \pmod q$$

NO INTERACTION!

BOB

$$\begin{array}{c} u_1 \\ \downarrow \text{DDLOG} \\ z_1 \end{array}$$

BILINEAR HSS FROM DDLOG

HASHER

$$\vec{x} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

ENCRYPTOR

$$\vec{y} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

BILINEAR HSS FROM DDLOG

$$G = F \times H$$

\uparrow
 $\langle g \rangle \quad q = \text{ord } g$

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BILINEAR HSS FROM DDLOG

$$G = F \times H$$

\uparrow
 $\langle g \rangle$ $q = \text{ord } g$

$$PK = g_0, \dots, g_m \in G$$

HASHER

$$\vec{x} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

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BILINEAR HSS FROM DDLOG

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$$r \xleftarrow{\$} [e]$$

ENCRYPTOR

$$\vec{y} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

$$d := g_0^r \cdot g_1^{x_1} \cdot \dots \cdot g_m^{x_m}$$



BILINEAR HSS FROM DDLOG

$$G = F \times H \quad PK = g_0, \dots, g_m \in G$$

\uparrow
 $\langle g \rangle \quad q = \text{ord } g$

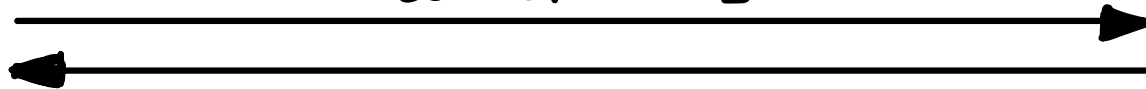
HASHER

$$\vec{x} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$
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ENCRYPTOR

$$\vec{y} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$
$$s \xleftarrow{\$} [e]$$

$$d := g_0^r \cdot g_1^{x_1} \cdot \dots \cdot g_m^{x_m}$$



$$c_0 := g_0^s, \quad c_1 := g_1^{y_1} \cdot g_1^s, \quad \dots, \quad c_m := g_m^{y_m} \cdot g_m^s$$

BILINEAR HSS FROM DDLOG

$$G = F \times H$$

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$$PK = g_0, \dots, g_m \in G$$

HASHER

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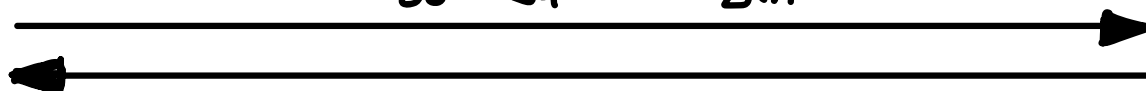
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$$\vec{y} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

$$s \xleftarrow{\$} [e]$$

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$$c_0 := g_0^s, \quad c_1 := g^{y_1} \cdot g_1^s, \quad \dots, \quad c_m := g^{y_m} \cdot g_m^s$$

$$U_0 := c_0^r \cdot c_1^{x_1} \cdot \dots \cdot c_m^{x_m}$$

$$U_1 := d^s$$

BILINEAR HSS FROM DDLOG

$$G = F \times H \quad PK = g_0, \dots, g_m \in G$$

\uparrow
 $\langle g \rangle \quad q = \text{ord } g$

HASHER

$$\vec{x} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

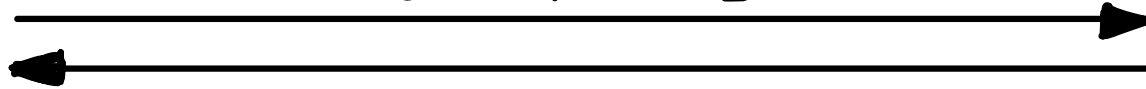
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ENCRYPTOR

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$$U_0 := c_0^r \cdot c_1^{x_1} \cdot \dots \cdot c_m^{x_m}$$

$$U_1 := d^s$$

$$\frac{c_0}{c_1} =$$

BILINEAR HSS FROM DDLOG

$$G = F \times H \quad PK = g_0, \dots, g_m \in G$$

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 $\langle g \rangle \quad q = \text{ord } g$

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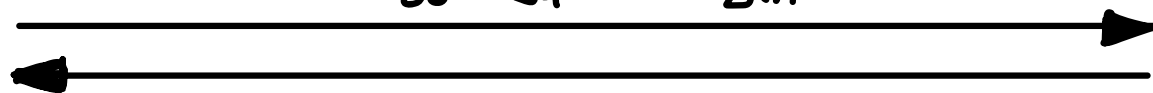
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$$U_0 := c_0^r \cdot c_1^{x_1} \cdot \dots \cdot c_m^{x_m}$$

$$U_1 := d^s$$

$$\frac{U_0}{U_1} = \frac{c_0^r \cdot \prod_{i=1}^m c_i^{x_i}}{d^s}$$

BILINEAR HSS FROM DDLOG

$$G = F \times H \quad PK = g_0, \dots, g_m \in G$$

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 $\langle g \rangle \quad q = \text{ord } g$

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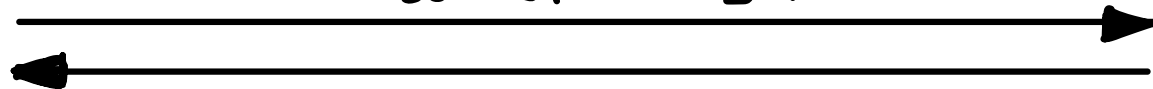
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BILINEAR HSS FROM DDLOG

$$G = F \times H \quad \text{pk} = g_0, \dots, g_m \in G$$

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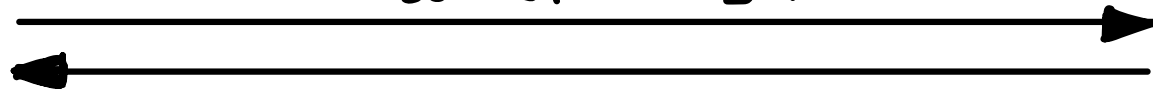
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$$U_0 := c_0^r \cdot c_1^{x_1} \cdot \dots \cdot c_m^{x_m}$$

$$U_1 := d^s$$

$$\frac{U_0}{U_1} = \frac{g_0^{r \cdot s} \cdot \prod_{i=1}^m g_i^{x_i \cdot y_i} \cdot g_i^{s \cdot x_i}}{d^s}$$

BILINEAR HSS FROM DDLOG

$$G = F \times H \quad \text{PK} = g_0, \dots, g_m \in G$$

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 $\langle g \rangle \quad q = \text{ord } g$

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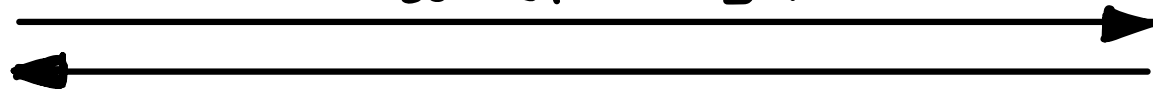
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$$s \xleftarrow{\$} [e]$$

$$d := g_0^r \cdot g_1^{x_1} \cdot \dots \cdot g_m^{x_m}$$



$$c_0 := g_0^s, \quad c_1 := g_1^{y_1} \cdot g_1^s, \quad \dots, \quad c_m := g_m^{y_m} \cdot g_m^s$$

$$U_0 := c_0^r \cdot c_1^{x_1} \cdot \dots \cdot c_m^{x_m}$$

$$U_1 := d^s$$

$$\frac{U_0}{U_1} = \frac{g_0^{r \cdot s} \cdot \prod_{i=1}^m g_i^{x_i \cdot y_i} \cdot g_i^{s \cdot x_i}}{g_0^{r \cdot s} \cdot g_1^{s \cdot x_1} \cdot \dots \cdot g_m^{s \cdot x_m}}$$

BILINEAR HSS FROM DDLOG

$$G = F \times H \quad \text{PK} = g_0, \dots, g_m \in G$$

\uparrow
 $\langle g \rangle \quad q = \text{ord } g$

HASHER

$$\vec{x} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

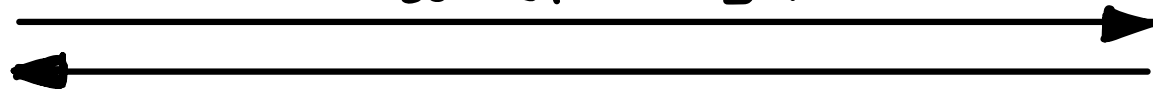
$$r \xleftarrow{\$} [e]$$

ENCRYPTOR

$$\vec{y} \in \mathbb{Z}_q^m$$

$$s \xleftarrow{\$} [e]$$

$$d := g_0^r \cdot g_1^{x_1} \cdot \dots \cdot g_m^{x_m}$$



$$c_0 := g_0^s, \quad c_1 := g \cdot g_1^{y_1}, \quad \dots, \quad c_m := g \cdot g_m^{y_m}$$

$$U_0 := c_0^r \cdot c_1^{x_1} \cdot \dots \cdot c_m^{x_m}$$

$$U_1 := d^s$$

$$\frac{U_0}{U_1} = \frac{g_0^{r \cdot s} \cdot \prod_{i=1}^m g^{x_i \cdot y_i} \cdot g^{s \cdot x_i}}{g_0^{r \cdot s} \cdot g_1^{s \cdot x_1} \cdot \dots \cdot g_m^{s \cdot x_m}} = g^{\langle \vec{x}, \vec{y} \rangle}$$

BILINEAR HSS FROM DDLOG

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$$U_0 := c_0^r \cdot c_1^{x_1} \cdot \dots \cdot c_m^{x_m}$$

$$U_1 := d^s$$

DDLOG

z_0

DDLOG

z_1

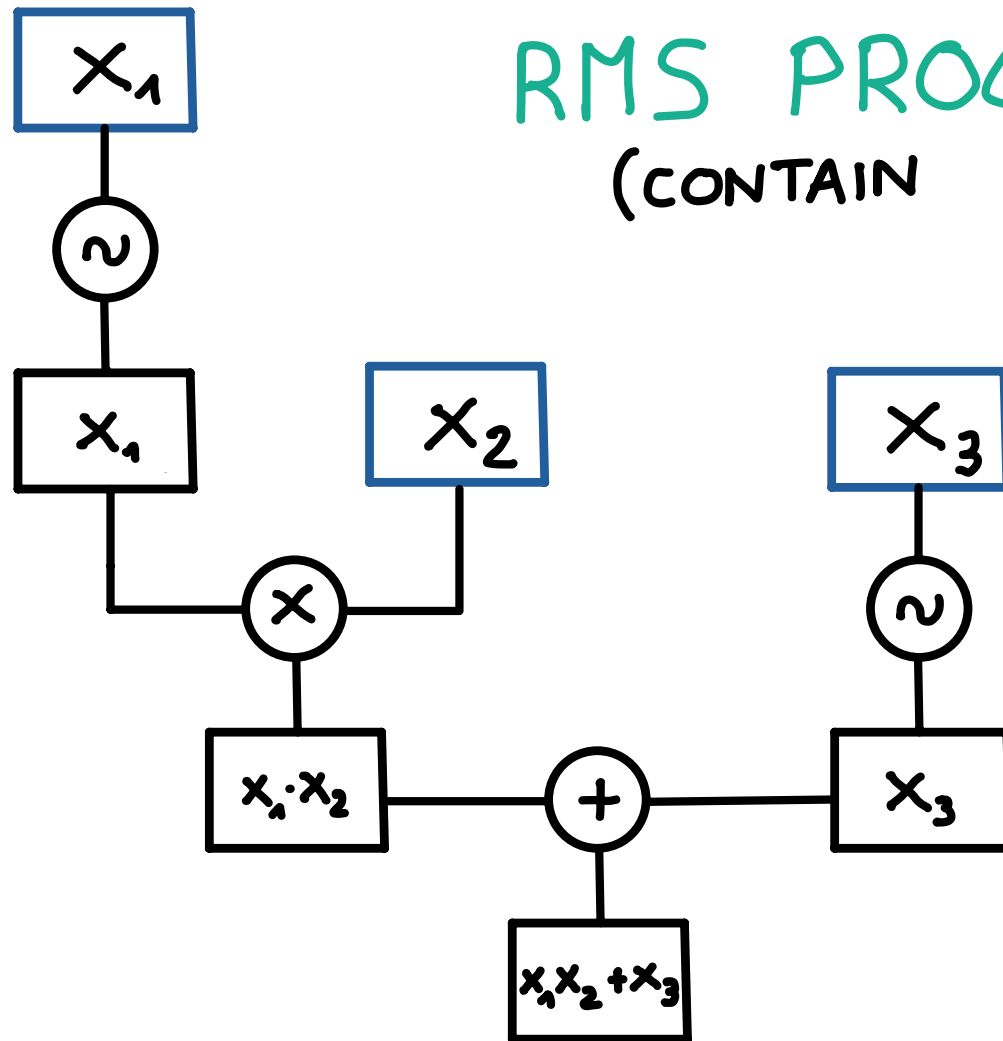
$$\frac{U_0}{U_1} = \frac{g_0^{r \cdot s} \cdot \prod_{i=1}^m g^{x_i \cdot y_i} \cdot g_i^{s \cdot x_i}}{g_0^{r \cdot s} \cdot g_1^{s \cdot x_1} \cdot \dots \cdot g_m^{s \cdot x_m}} = g^{\langle \vec{x}, \vec{y} \rangle}$$

$$z_0 - z_1 = \langle \vec{x}, \vec{y} \rangle$$

SUCCINCT HSS FROM
HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

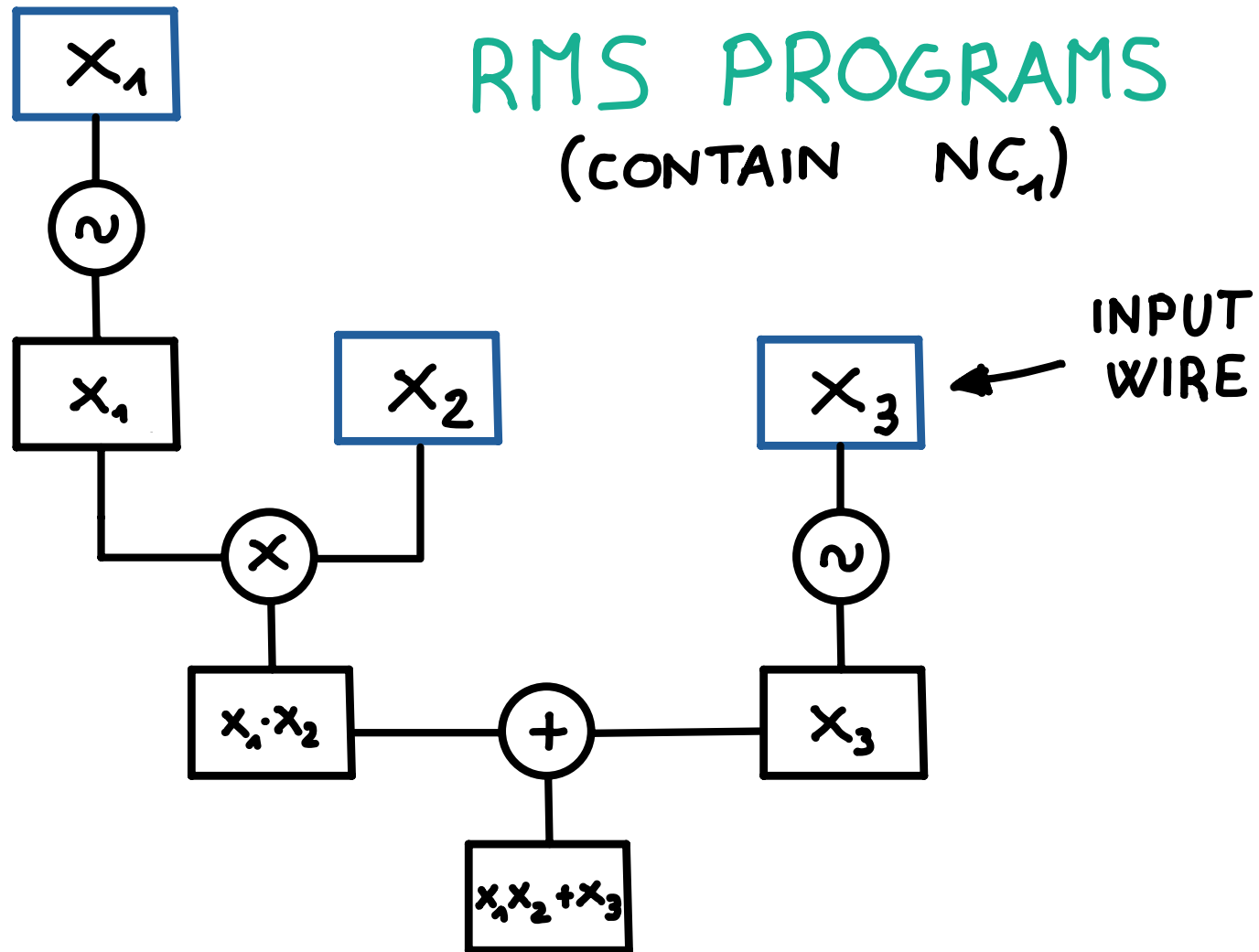
RMS PROGRAMS
(CONTAIN NC_1)

SUCCINCT HSS FROM HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

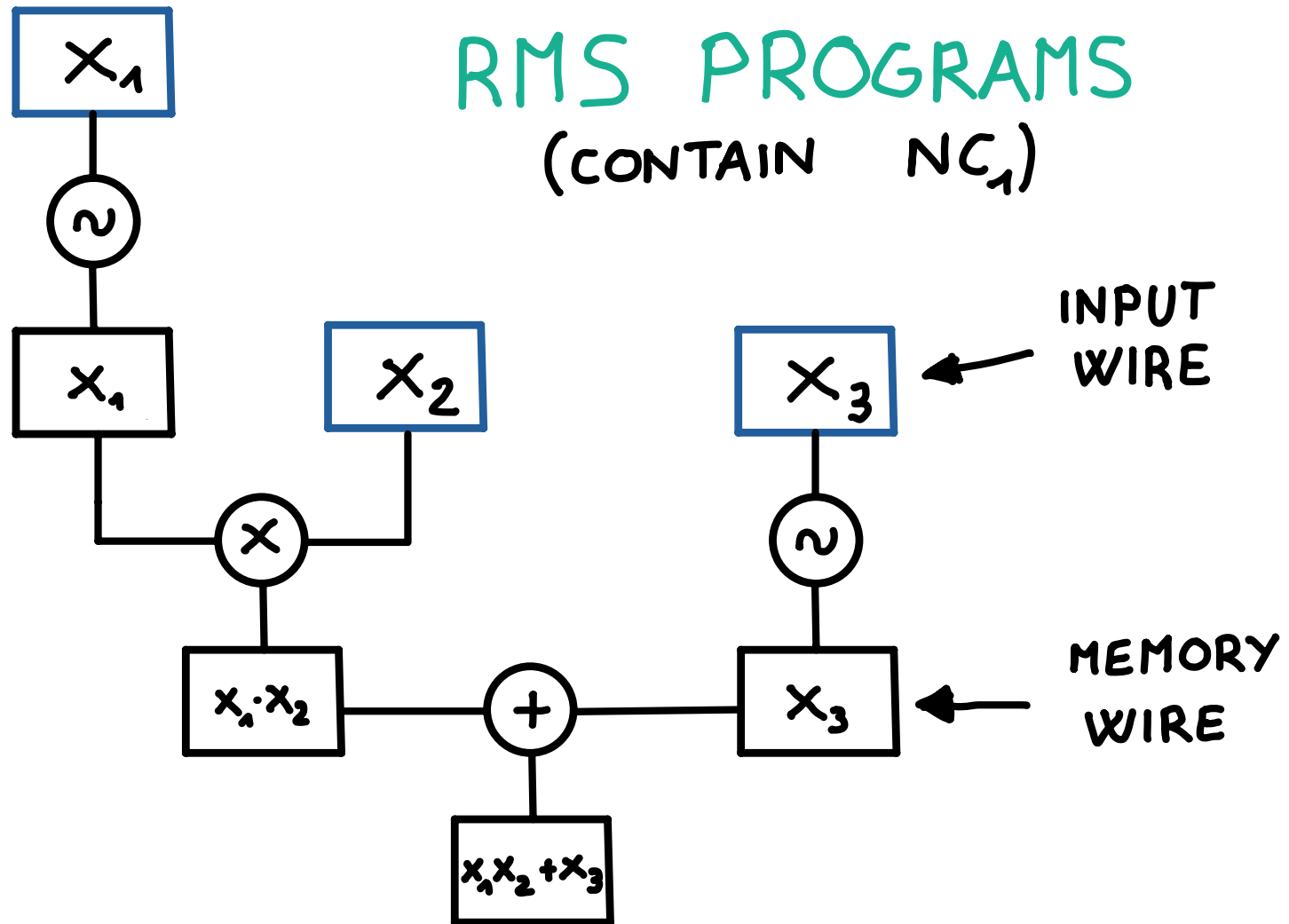


RMS PROGRAMS
(CONTAIN NC_1)

SUCCINCT HSS FROM HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

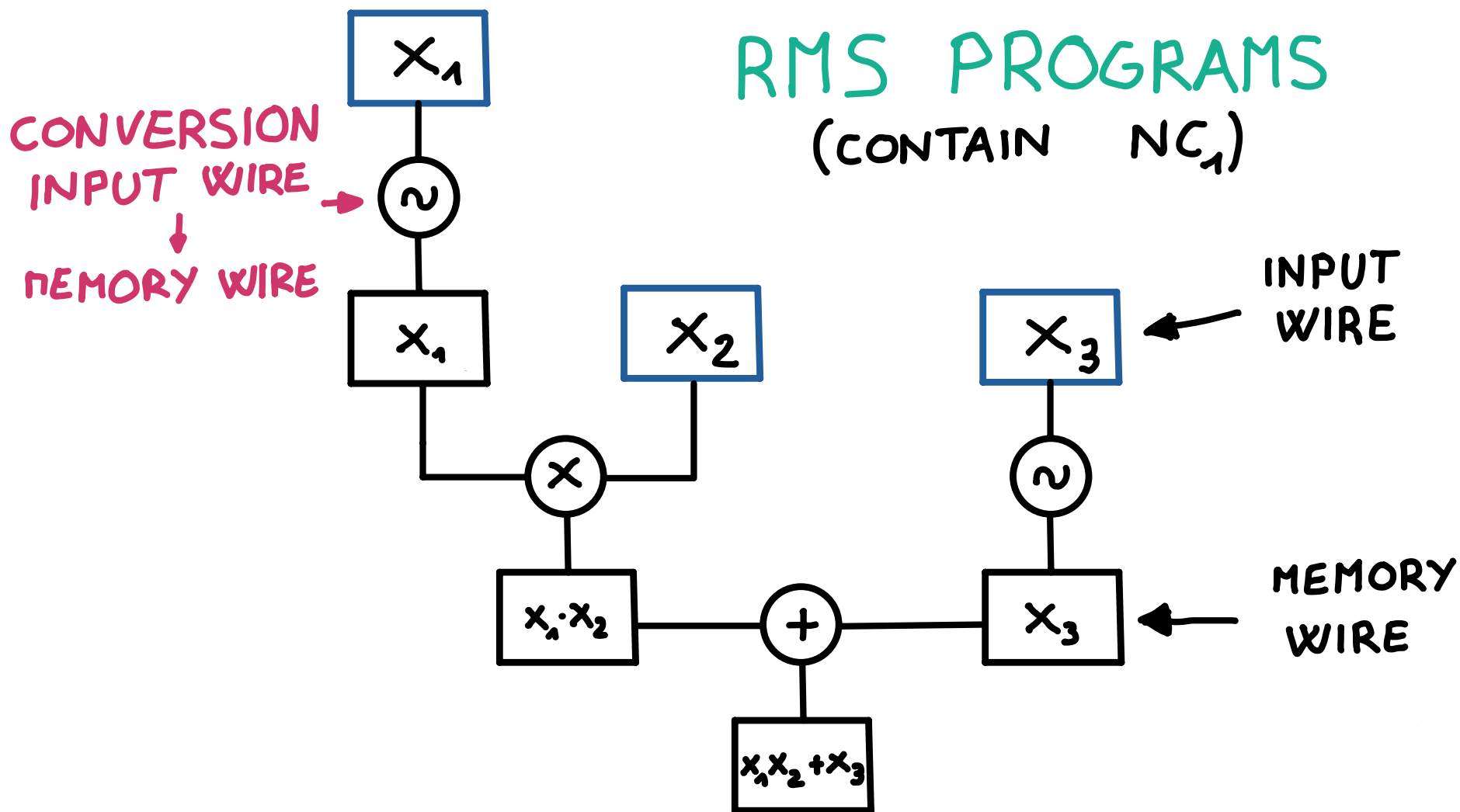


SUCCINCT HSS FROM HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE



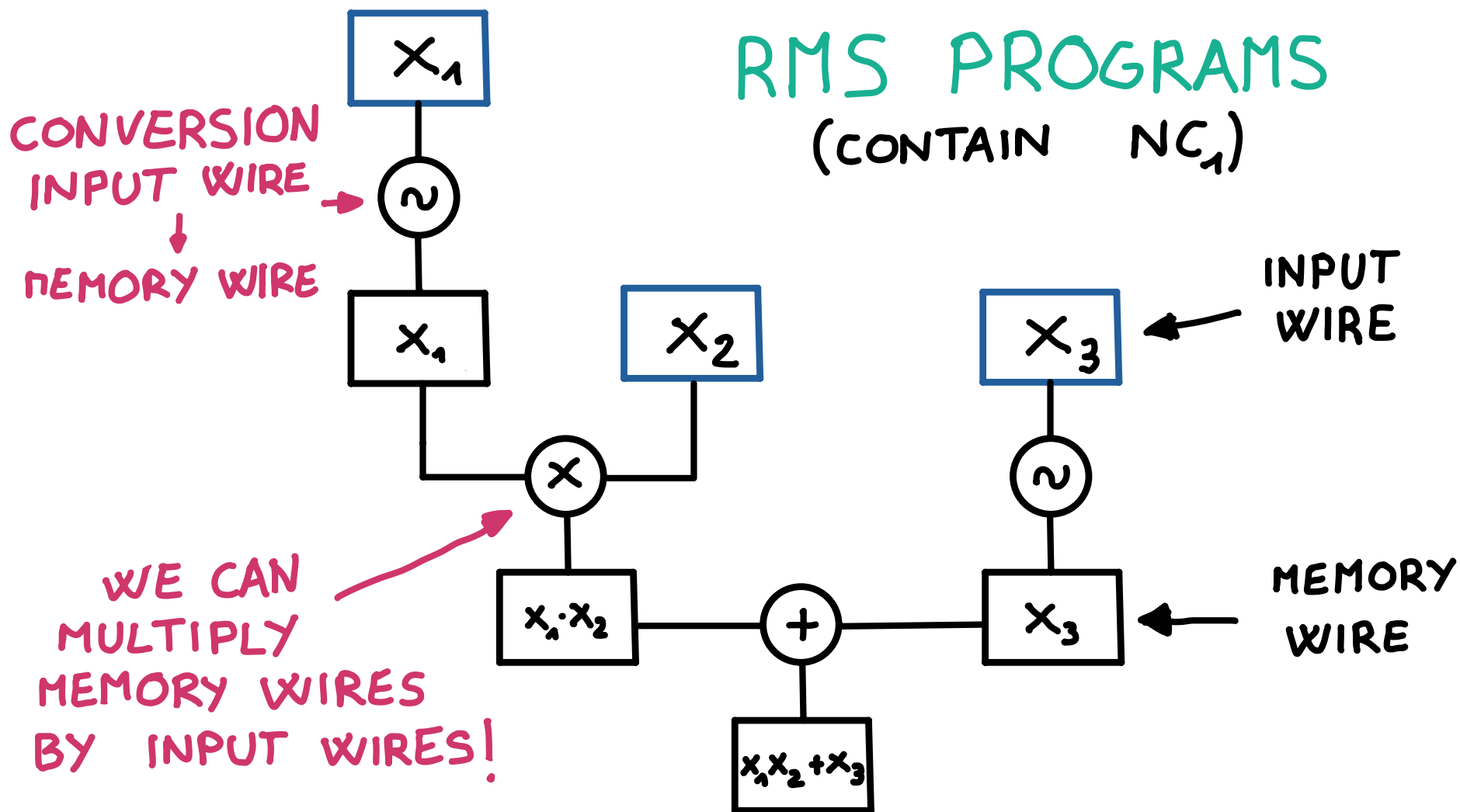
SUCCINCT HSS FROM HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

RMS PROGRAMS
(CONTAIN NC_1)



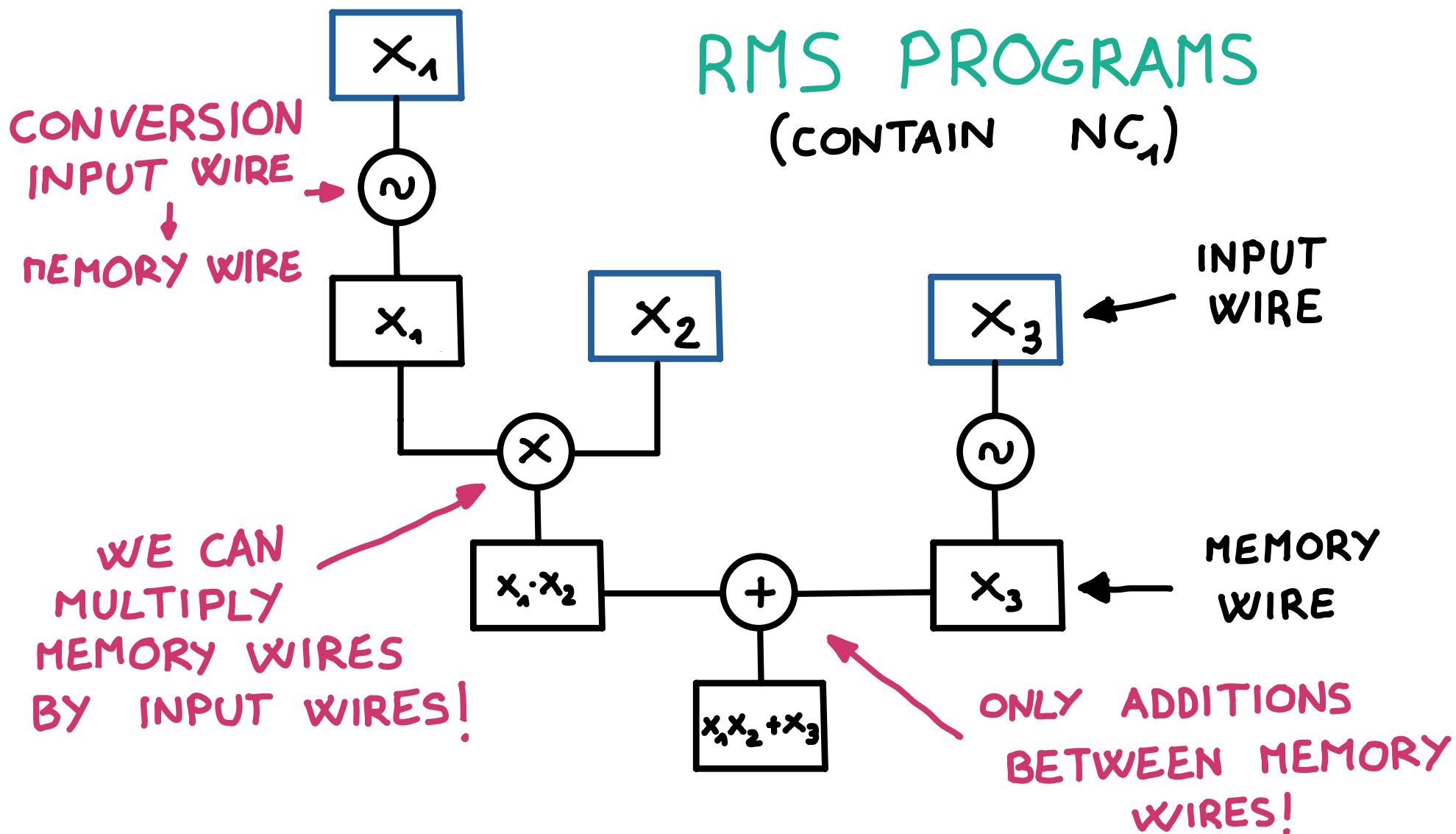
SUCCINCT HSS FROM HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

RMS PROGRAMS
(CONTAIN NC_1)

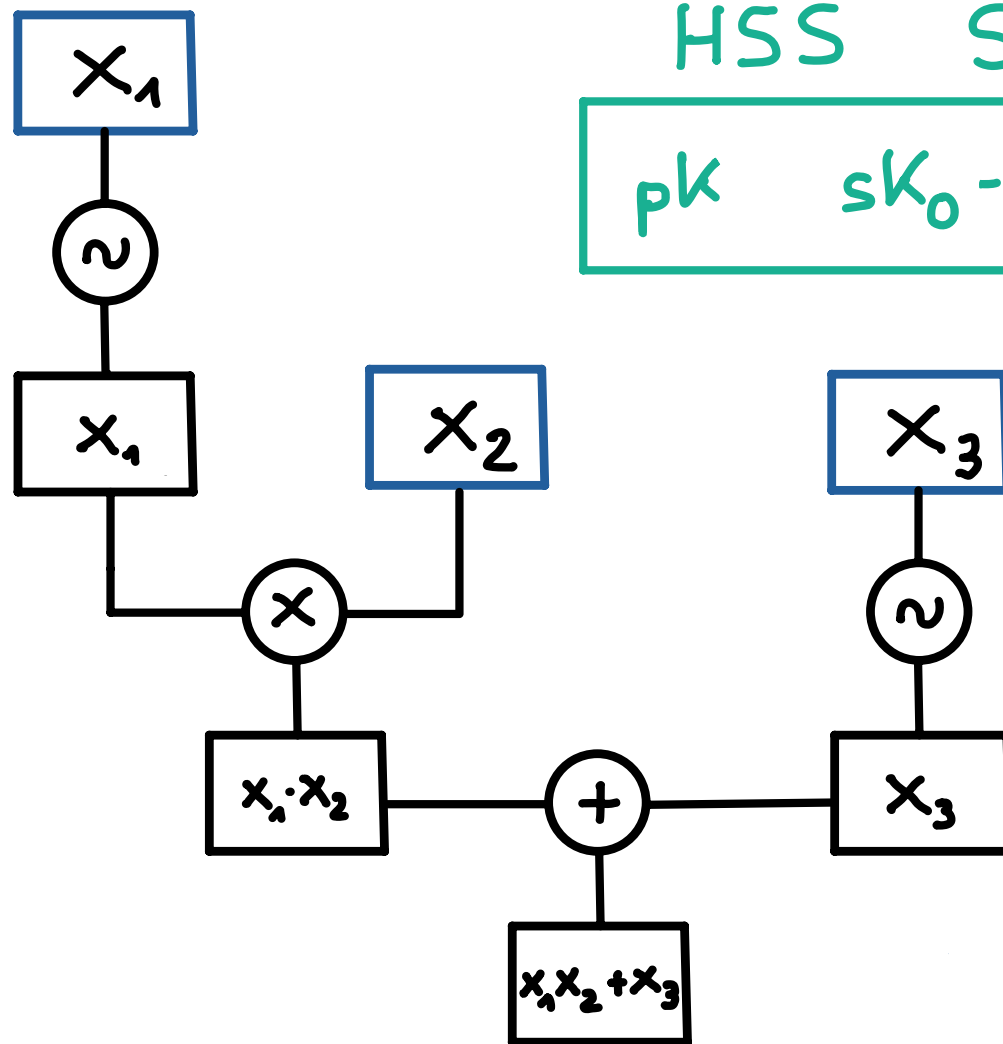


SUCCINCT HSS FROM HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

RMS PROGRAMS
(CONTAIN NC_1)



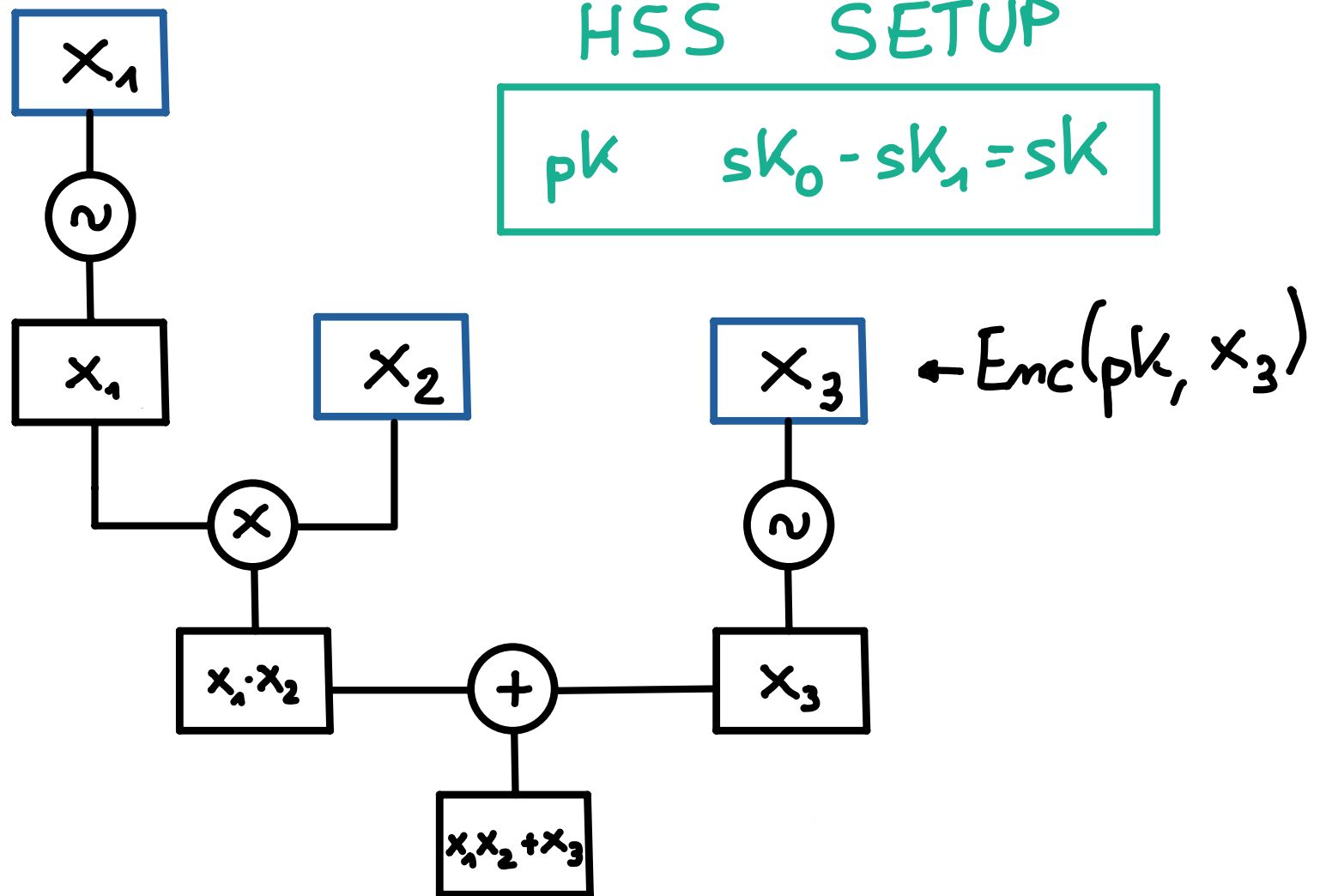
SUCCINCT HSS FROM HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE



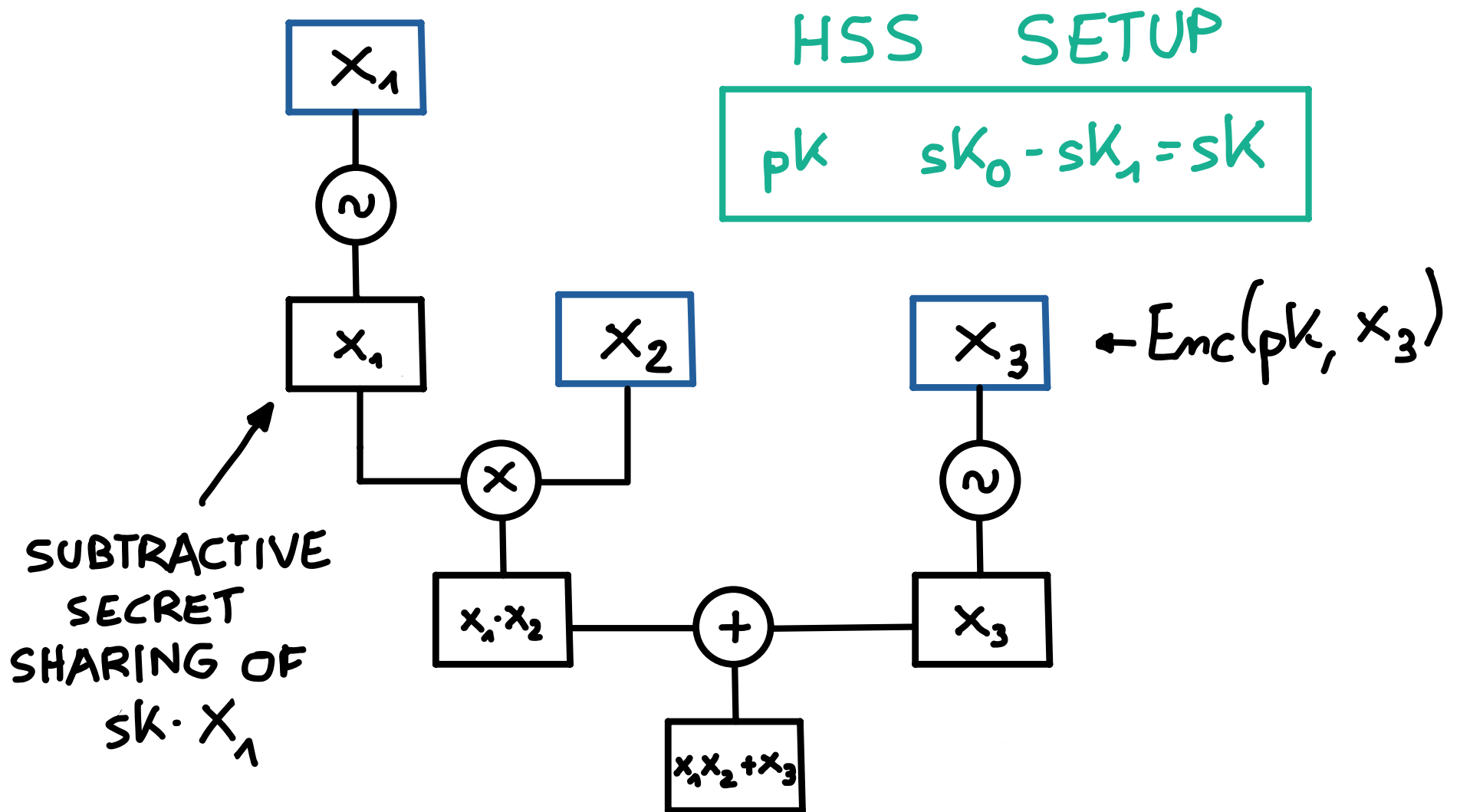
HSS SETUP

$$pk \quad sk_0 - sk_1 = sk$$

SUCCINCT HSS FROM HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE



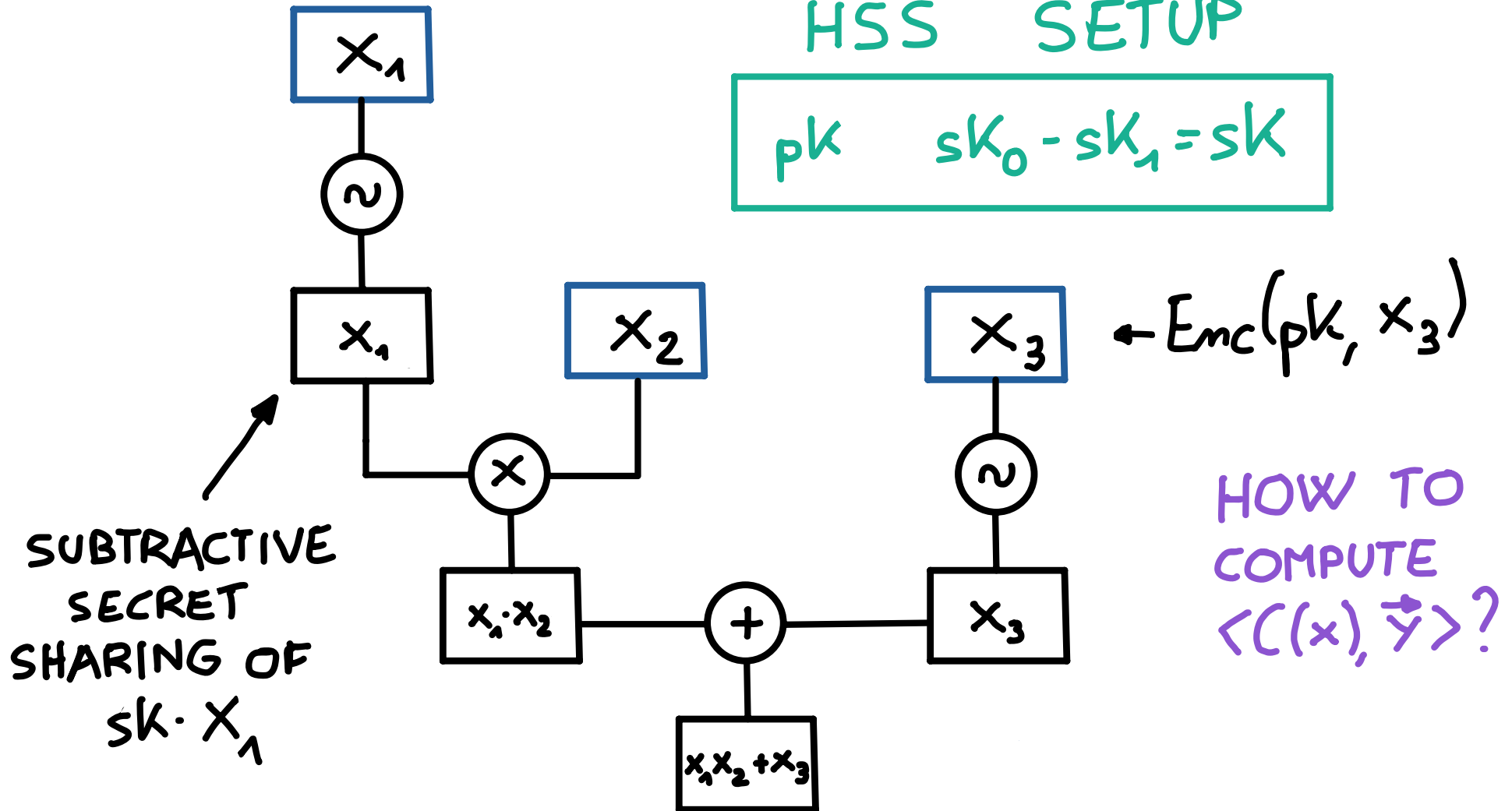
SUCCINCT HSS FROM HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE



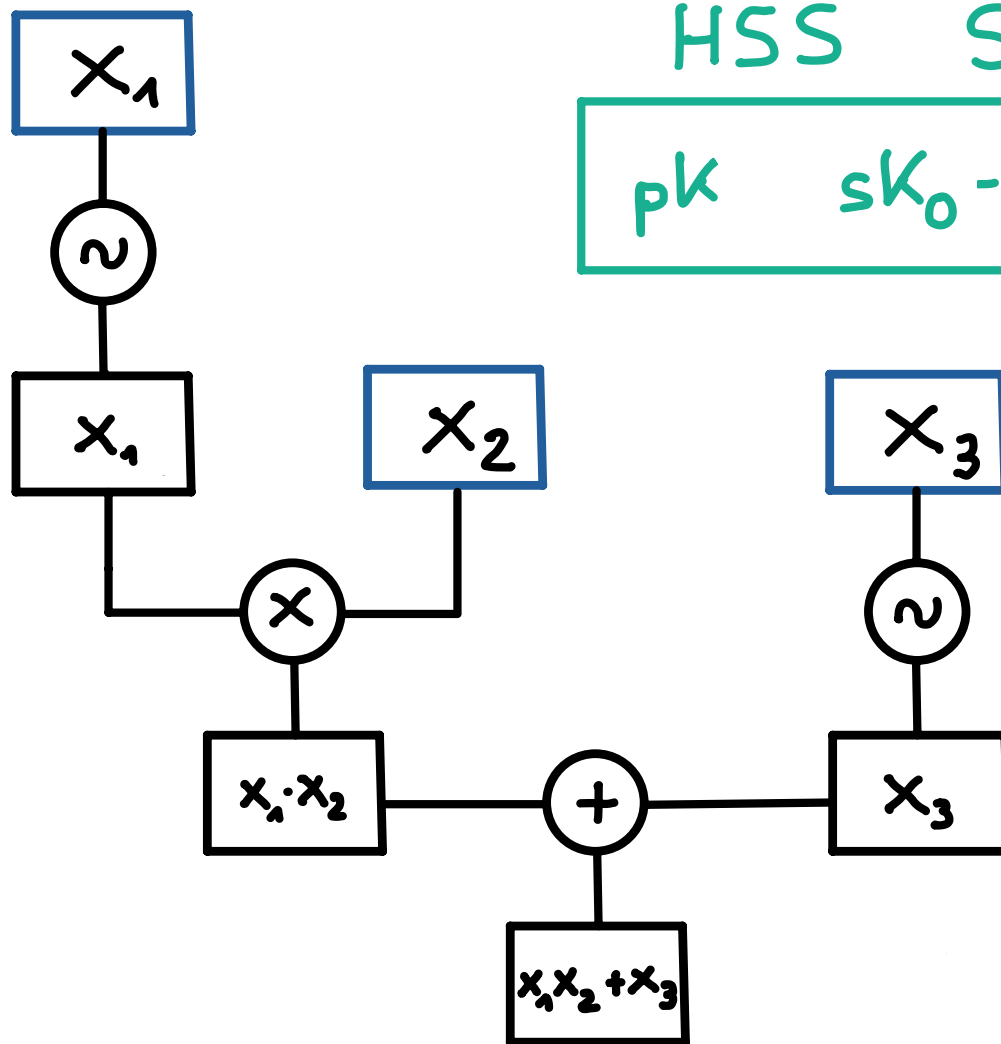
SUCCINCT HSS FROM HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

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SUCCINCT HSS FROM HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE



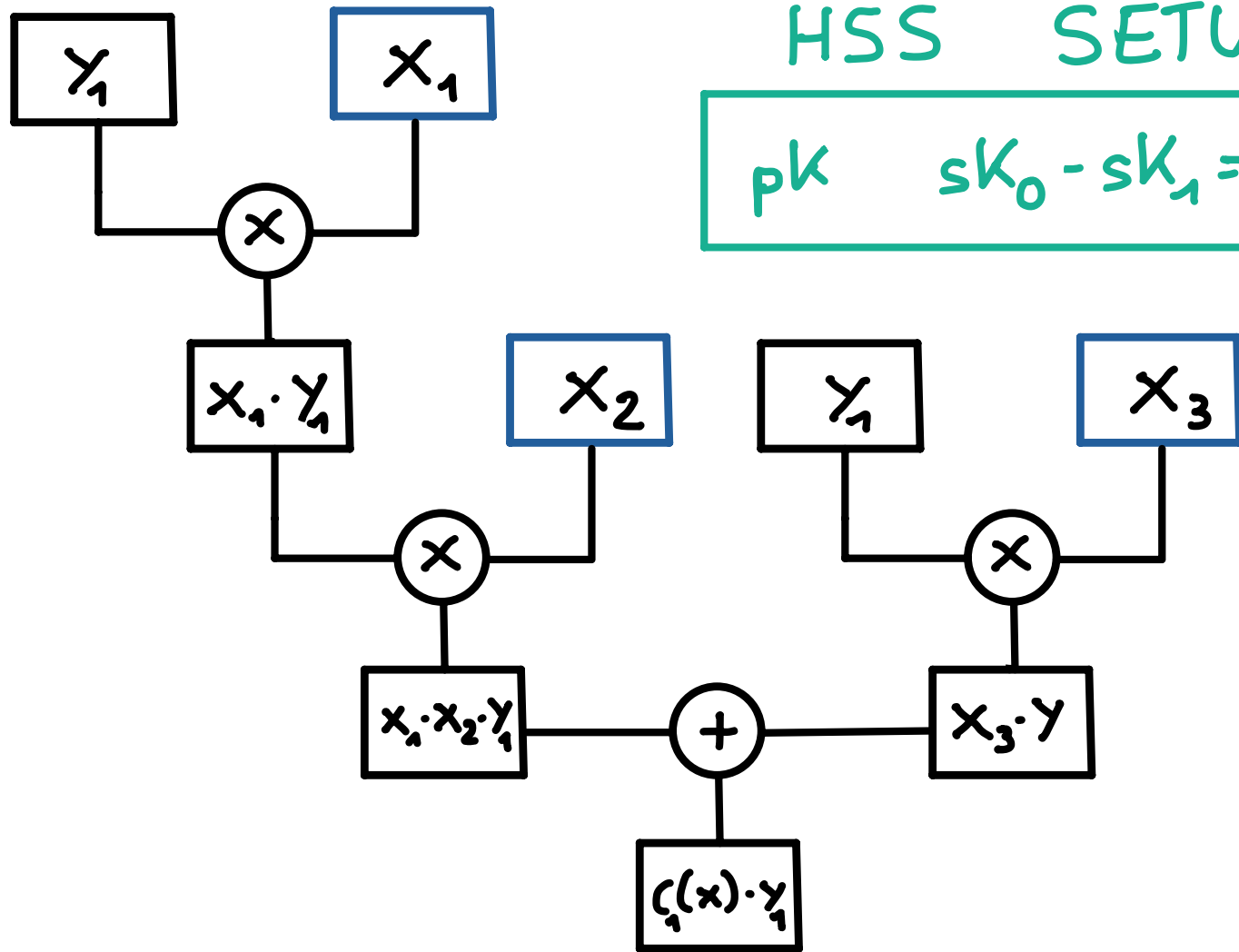
HSS SETUP

$$pk \quad sk_0 - sk_1 = sk$$

← circuit for C_1

HOW TO COMPUTE $\langle C(x), \vec{y} \rangle$?

SUCCINCT HSS FROM HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE



HSS SETUP

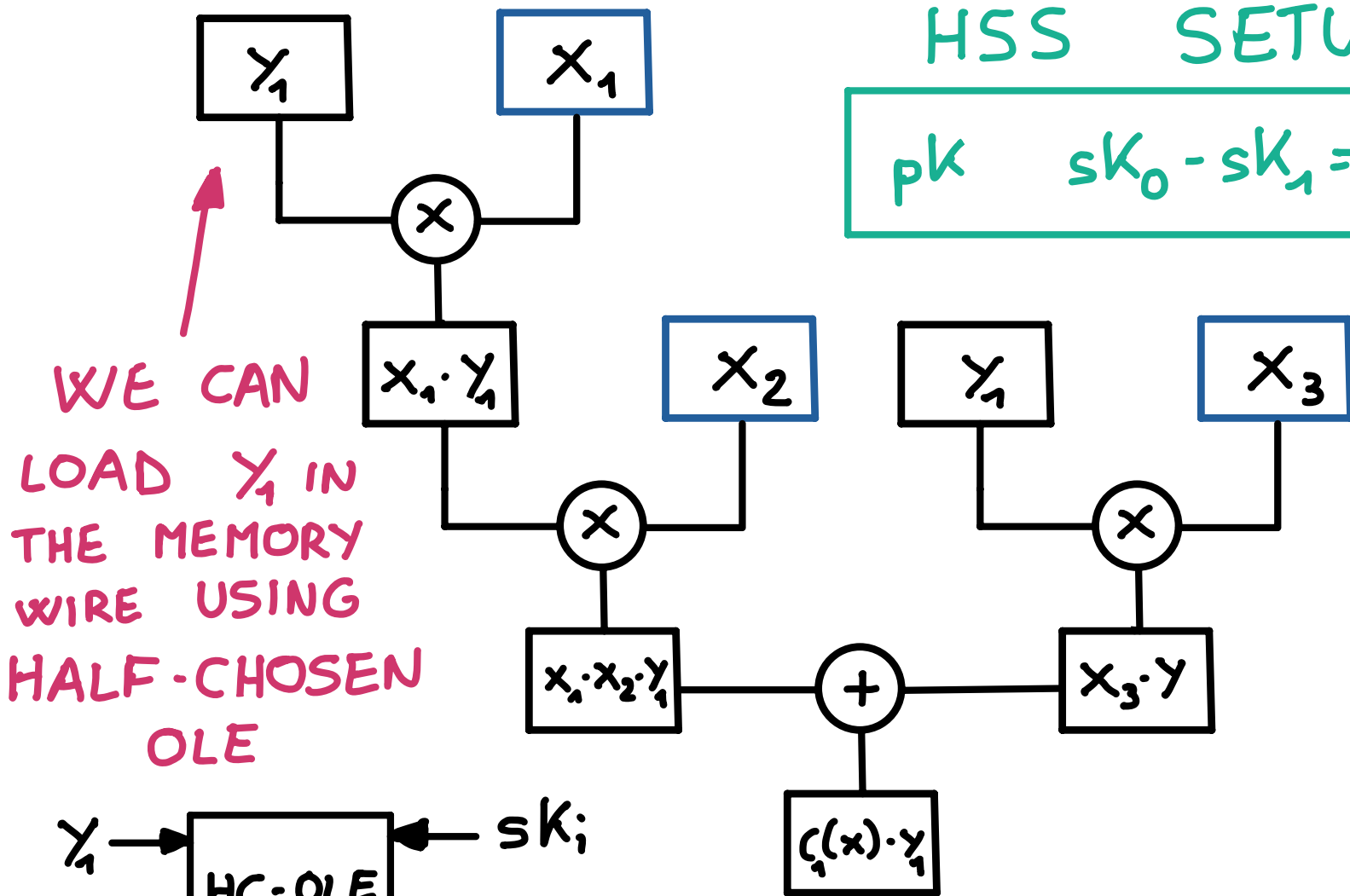
$$pk \quad sk_0 - sk_1 = sk$$

HOW TO COMPUTE $\langle C(x), \vec{y} \rangle$?

SUCCINCT HSS FROM HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

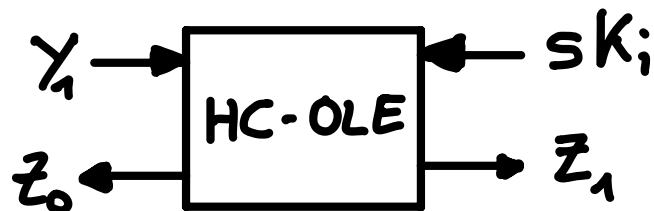
HSS SETUP

$$pk \quad sk_0 - sk_1 = sk$$



WE CAN LOAD y_1 IN THE MEMORY WIRE USING HALF-CHOSEN OLE

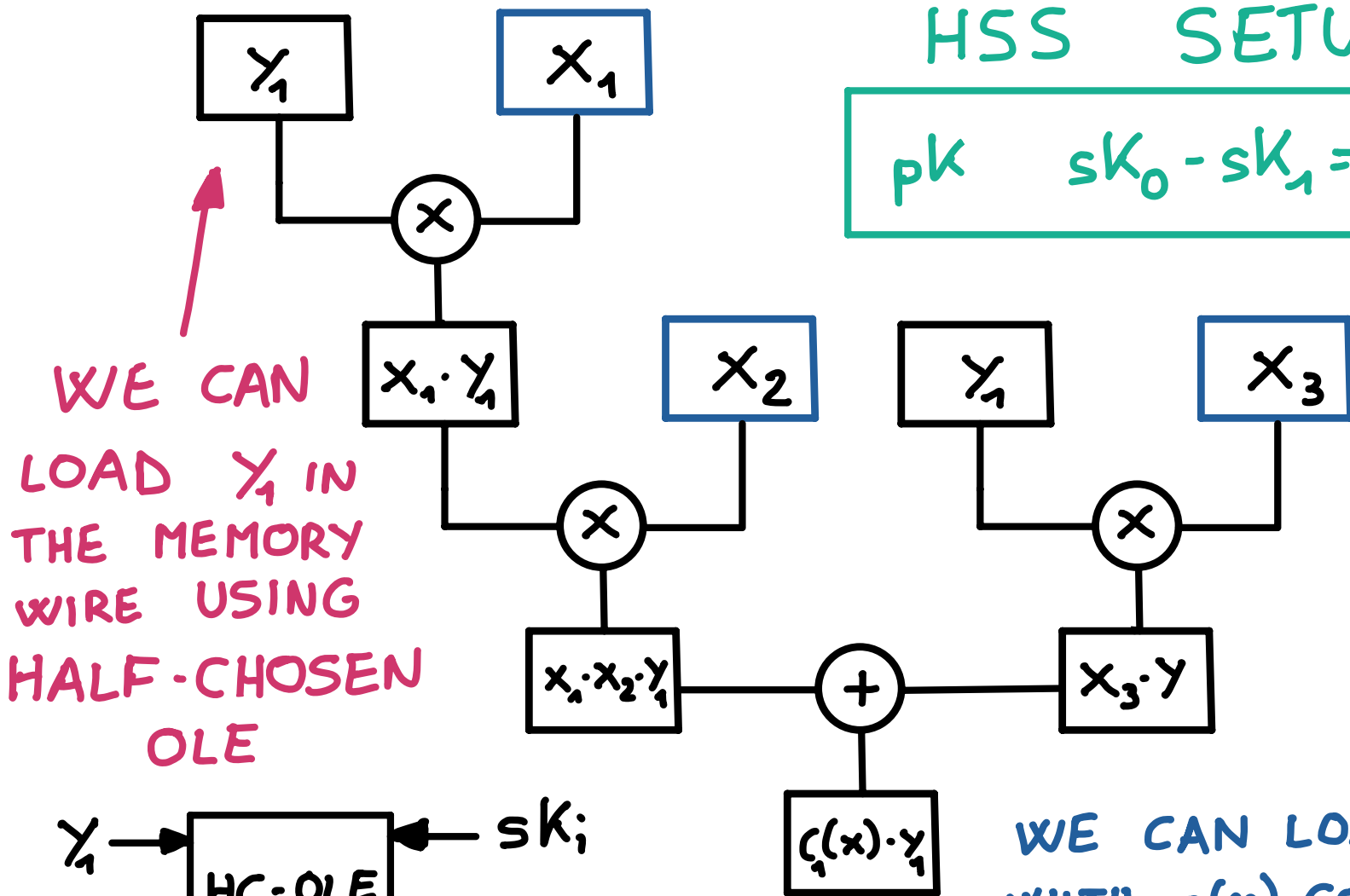
HOW TO COMPUTE $\langle c(x), \vec{y} \rangle$?



SUCCINCT HSS FROM HALF-CHOSEN VECTOR-OLE

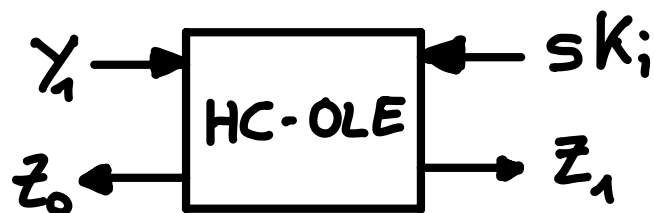
HSS SETUP

$$pk \quad sk_0 - sk_1 = sk$$



WE CAN LOAD y_1 IN THE MEMORY WIRE USING HALF-CHOSEN OLE

HOW TO COMPUTE $\langle c(x), \vec{y} \rangle$?



WE CAN LOAD $\vec{y} = (y_1, \dots, y_m)$ WITH $o(n)$ COMMUNICATION!

N-PARTY

DPF

$$P_i \leftarrow \alpha_i \in \{0, 1\}^m, \beta_i \in \mathbb{Z}_q^*$$

N-PARTY DPF

$$P_i \leftarrow \alpha_i \in \{0, 1\}^m, \beta_i \in \mathbb{Z}_q^*$$

GENERATE AN ADDITIVE SECRET-SHARING OF

$$(0, \dots, 0, \prod_i \beta_i, 0, \dots, 0) \in \mathbb{Z}_q^{2^m}$$

↑
position $\oplus \alpha_i$

N-PARTY DPF

$$P_i \leftarrow \alpha_i \in \{0, 1\}^m, \beta_i \in \mathbb{Z}_q^*$$

GENERATE AN ADDITIVE SECRET-SHARING OF

$$(0, \dots, 0, \prod_i \beta_i, 0, \dots, 0) \in \mathbb{Z}_q^{2^m}$$

↑
position $\oplus \alpha_i$

WITH $o(2^m)$ COMMUNICATION

N-PARTY DPF

INVARIANT:

At step j , we obtain an additive secret-sharing

$\vec{s}_1^j, \dots, \vec{s}_j^j$ of $(0, \dots, 0, \prod_{i=1}^j \beta_i, 0, \dots, 0)$ between P_1, \dots, P_j

↑
position
 $\bigoplus_{i=1}^j \alpha_i$

N-PARTY DPF

PROBLEM:

position $\alpha \in \{0,1\}^m$

Given $\vec{s} := (0, \dots, 0, \beta, 0, \dots, 0)$ and $\alpha' \in \{0,1\}^m$ and $\beta' \in \mathbb{Z}_q^*$,

N-PARTY DPF

PROBLEM:

position $\alpha \in \{0,1\}^m$

Given $\vec{s} := (0, \dots, 0, \beta, 0, \dots, 0)$ and $\alpha' \in \{0,1\}^m$ and $\beta' \in \mathbb{Z}_q^*$,

find RMS program C such that

$$(C(\alpha', \beta')) \cdot \vec{s} = (0, \dots, 0, \beta \cdot \beta', 0, \dots, 0)$$

↑
position $\alpha \oplus \alpha'$

N-PARTY DPF

PROBLEM:

position $\alpha \in \{0,1\}^m$

Given $\vec{s} := (0, \dots, 0, \beta, 0, \dots, 0)$ and $\alpha' \in \{0,1\}^m$ and $\beta' \in \mathbb{Z}_q^*$,

find RMS program C such that

$$\begin{array}{c} \uparrow \\ \text{now a} \\ \text{matrix} \end{array} (\alpha', \beta') \cdot \vec{s} = (0, \dots, 0, \beta \cdot \beta', 0, \dots, 0) \begin{array}{c} \uparrow \\ \text{position } \alpha \oplus \alpha' \end{array}$$

N-PARTY DPF

PROBLEM:

position $\alpha \in \{0,1\}^m$

Given $\vec{s} := (0, \dots, 0, \beta, 0, \dots, 0)$ and $\alpha' \in \{0,1\}^m$ and $\beta' \in \mathbb{Z}_q^*$,

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 \uparrow \\
 \text{now a} \\
 \text{matrix}
 \end{array}
 (\alpha', \beta') \cdot \vec{s} = (0, \dots, 0, \beta \cdot \beta', 0, \dots, 0)$$

\uparrow
 position $\alpha \oplus \alpha'$

$$\delta_{\alpha'}(\alpha) = \prod_{i=1}^m (\alpha_i \oplus \alpha'_i \oplus 1)$$

N-PARTY DPF

PROBLEM:

position $\alpha \in \{0,1\}^m$

Given $\vec{s} := (0, \dots, 0, \beta, 0, \dots, 0)$ and $\alpha' \in \{0,1\}^m$ and $\beta' \in \mathbb{Z}_q^*$,

find RMS program C such that

$$\begin{array}{c}
 (\alpha', \beta') \cdot \vec{s} = (0, \dots, 0, \beta \cdot \beta', 0, \dots, 0) \\
 \uparrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \uparrow \\
 \text{now a} \qquad \qquad \text{position } \alpha \oplus \alpha' \\
 \text{matrix}
 \end{array}$$

$$\Delta_{\delta}(\alpha') = \prod_{i=1}^m (\alpha'_i \oplus \delta_i \oplus 1)$$

$\forall \delta$ this is a polynomial in α' :
we can compute it using RMS programs

N-PARTY DPF

PROBLEM:

position $\alpha \in \{0,1\}^m$

Given $\vec{S} := (0, \dots, 0, \beta, 0, \dots, 0)$ and $\alpha' \in \{0,1\}^m$ and $\beta' \in \mathbb{Z}_q^*$,

find RMS program C such that

$$\begin{array}{c}
 (\alpha', \beta') \cdot \vec{S} = (0, \dots, 0, \beta \cdot \beta', 0, \dots, 0) \leftarrow \vec{S}' \\
 \uparrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \uparrow \\
 \text{now a} \qquad \qquad \text{position } \alpha \oplus \alpha' \\
 \text{matrix}
 \end{array}$$

$$\vec{S}'_i = \sum_{\gamma} \vec{S}_{\gamma} \cdot \delta_{\gamma \oplus i}(\alpha') \cdot \beta'$$

N-PARTY DPF

PROBLEM:

position $\alpha \in \{0,1\}^m$

Given $\vec{S} := (0, \dots, 0, \beta, 0, \dots, 0)$ and $\alpha' \in \{0,1\}^m$ and $\beta' \in \mathbb{Z}_q^*$,

find RMS program C such that

$$\begin{array}{c} \uparrow \\ \text{now a} \\ \text{matrix} \end{array} \left((\alpha', \beta') \cdot \vec{S} \right) = (0, \dots, 0, \beta \cdot \beta', 0, \dots, 0) \leftarrow \vec{S}' \begin{array}{c} \uparrow \\ \text{position } \alpha \oplus \alpha' \end{array}$$

$$\vec{S}'_i = \sum_{\alpha} \vec{S}_{\alpha} \cdot \underbrace{\delta_{\alpha \oplus i}(\alpha')}_{\text{computable by RMS program}} \cdot \beta'$$

N-PARTY DPF

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position $\alpha \in \{0,1\}^m$

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 \uparrow \\
 \text{now a} \\
 \text{matrix}
 \end{array}
 \left((\alpha', \beta') \cdot \vec{S} \right) = (0, \dots, 0, \beta \cdot \beta', 0, \dots, 0) \leftarrow \vec{S}'$$

\uparrow
 position $\alpha \oplus \alpha'$

$$\vec{S}'_i = \sum_{\alpha} \vec{S}_{\alpha} \cdot \underbrace{\delta_{\alpha \oplus i}(\alpha')}_{\substack{\text{computable} \\ \text{by RMS program}}} \cdot \beta' = \langle \vec{S}, C_i(\alpha', \beta') \rangle$$

\uparrow
 RMS PROGRAM

N-PARTY

DPF

STEP 1: P_1 sets $\vec{s}_1^1 := (0, \dots, 0, \overset{\text{position } \alpha_1}{\downarrow} \beta_1, 0, \dots, 0)$

N-PARTY DPF

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STEP 2: P_1 and P_2 run succinct HSS to get additive secret-sharing

$$\vec{s}_1^2 + \vec{s}_2^2 = (0, \dots, 0, \overset{\text{position } \alpha_1 \oplus \alpha_2}{\downarrow} \beta_1 \cdot \beta_2, 0, \dots, 0)$$

N-PARTY DPF

STEP 1: P_1 sets $\vec{s}_1^1 := (0, \dots, 0, \overset{\text{position } \alpha_1}{\downarrow} \beta_1, 0, \dots, 0)$

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i) hash $\vec{s}_1^1 = (0, \dots, 0, \beta_1, 0, \dots, 0)$

N-PARTY DPF

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- i) hash $\vec{s}_1^1 = (0, \dots, 0, \beta_1, 0, \dots, 0)$
- ii) input β_2 and bits of α_2

N-PARTY DPF

STEP 1: P_1 sets $\vec{s}_1^1 := (0, \dots, 0, \overset{\text{position } \alpha_1}{\downarrow} \beta_1, 0, \dots, 0)$

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$$\vec{s}_1^2 + \vec{s}_2^2 = (0, \dots, 0, \overset{\text{position } \alpha_1 \oplus \alpha_2}{\downarrow} \beta_1 \cdot \beta_2, 0, \dots, 0)$$

- i) hash $\vec{s}_1^1 = (0, \dots, 0, \beta_1, 0, \dots, 0)$
- ii) input β_2 and bits of α_2
- iii) compute $C(\alpha_2, \beta_2) \cdot \vec{s}_1^1$

N-PARTY

DPF

STEP $i-1$: P_1, \dots, P_{i-1} hold $\vec{s}_1^{i-1} + \dots + \vec{s}_{i-1}^{i-1} = (0, \dots, 0, \overset{\text{position } \alpha_1 \oplus \dots \oplus \alpha_{i-1}}{\downarrow} \beta_1 \dots \beta_{i-1}, 0, \dots, 0)$

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STEP $i-1$: P_1, \dots, P_{i-1} hold $\vec{s}_1^{i-1} + \dots + \vec{s}_{i-1}^{i-1} = (0, \dots, 0, \overset{\text{position } \alpha_1 \oplus \dots \oplus \alpha_{i-1}}{\downarrow} \beta_1 \dots \beta_{i-1}, 0, \dots, 0)$

STEP i : We want to compute

$$C(\alpha_i, \beta_i) \cdot (\vec{s}_1^{i-1} + \dots + \vec{s}_{i-1}^{i-1})$$

↑
MATRIX

N-PARTY DPF

STEP $i-1$: P_1, \dots, P_{i-1} hold $\vec{s}_1^{i-1} + \dots + \vec{s}_{i-1}^{i-1} = (0, \dots, 0, \overset{\text{position } \alpha_1 \oplus \dots \oplus \alpha_{i-1}}{\downarrow} \beta_1 \dots \beta_{i-1}, 0, \dots, 0)$

STEP i : We want to compute

$$C(\alpha_i, \beta_i) \cdot (\vec{s}_1^{i-1} + \dots + \vec{s}_{i-1}^{i-1}) \rightsquigarrow \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} C(\alpha_i, \beta_i) \cdot \vec{s}_j^{i-1}$$

↑
MATRIX

N-PARTY DPF

STEP $i-1$: P_1, \dots, P_{i-1} hold $\vec{S}_1^{i-1} + \dots + \vec{S}_{i-1}^{i-1} = (0, \dots, 0, \overset{\text{position } \alpha_1 \oplus \dots \oplus \alpha_{i-1}}{\downarrow} \beta_1 \dots \beta_{i-1}, 0, \dots, 0)$

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↑
MATRIX

P_i just runs succinct HSS with $P_j \forall j < i$

N-PARTY DPF

STEP $i-1$: P_1, \dots, P_{i-1} hold $\vec{s}_1^{i-1} + \dots + \vec{s}_{i-1}^{i-1} = (0, \dots, 0, \overset{\text{position } \alpha_1 \oplus \dots \oplus \alpha_{i-1}}{\downarrow} \beta_1 \dots \beta_{i-1}, 0, \dots, 0)$

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↑
MATRIX

P_i just runs succinct HSS with $P_j \forall j < i$

i) hash \vec{s}_j^{i-1}

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STEP $i-1$: P_1, \dots, P_{i-1} hold $\vec{s}_1^{i-1} + \dots + \vec{s}_{i-1}^{i-1} = (0, \dots, 0, \overset{\text{position } \alpha_1 \oplus \dots \oplus \alpha_{i-1}}{\downarrow} \beta_1 \dots \beta_{i-1}, 0, \dots, 0)$

STEP i : We want to compute

$$C(\alpha_i, \beta_i) \cdot (\vec{s}_1^{i-1} + \dots + \vec{s}_{i-1}^{i-1}) \rightsquigarrow \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} C(\alpha_i, \beta_i) \cdot \vec{s}_j^{i-1}$$

↑
 MATRIX

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- i) hash \vec{s}_j^{i-1}
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STEP $i-1$: P_1, \dots, P_{i-1} hold $\vec{s}_1^{i-1} + \dots + \vec{s}_{i-1}^{i-1} = (0, \dots, 0, \overset{\text{position } \alpha_1 \oplus \dots \oplus \alpha_{i-1}}{\downarrow} \beta_1 \dots \beta_{i-1}, 0, \dots, 0)$

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↑
MATRIX

P_i just runs succinct HSS with $P_j \forall j < i$

- i) hash \vec{s}_j^{i-1}
- ii) input β_i and bits of α_i
- iii) compute $C(\alpha_i, \beta_i) \cdot \vec{s}_j^{i-1}$

POWER RING LWVE

$R_q \leftarrow$ ring

$X \leftarrow$ error distribution

POWER RING LWWE

$R_q \leftarrow$ ring

$\chi \leftarrow$ error distribution

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{c|c} \begin{array}{c} s + e_0 \\ a \cdot s + e_1 \\ a^2 \cdot s + e_2 \\ \vdots \\ a^m \cdot s + e_m \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} a \xrightarrow{\$} R_q \\ s \xrightarrow{\$} R_q \\ e_0, \dots, e_m \xrightarrow{\$} \chi \end{array} \end{array} \right\} \sim_c \mathcal{U}_{R_q^{m+2}}$$

POWER RING LWWE

$R_q \leftarrow$ ring

$\chi \leftarrow$ error distribution

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{c|c} \begin{array}{c} s + e_0 \\ a \cdot s + e_1 \\ a^2 \cdot s + e_2 \\ \vdots \\ a^m \cdot s + e_m \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} a \xrightarrow{\$} R_q \\ s \xrightarrow{\$} R_q \\ e_0, \dots, e_m \xrightarrow{\$} \chi \end{array} \end{array} \right\} \sim_c \mathcal{U}_{R_q}^{m+2}$$

DUAL SIS PROBLEM HAS ALREADY BEEN STUDIED!
VANISHING SIS [CINI, LAI, MALAVOLTA 2023]

SUMMARY

POWER DDH
POWER RLWE

NEW
ASSUMPTION

$m^{1/2}$

$m^{2/3}$

BILINEAR
HSS
 $\langle \vec{x}, \vec{y} \rangle$

SUCCINCT
HALF-CHOSEN
VECTOR-OLE
 $\vec{x} \cdot y$

DCR/CLASS
GROUPS/LWE

SUCCINCT
HSS
 $\langle C(x), \vec{y} \rangle$

PCG FOR
N-PARTY DPFs

SUBLINEAR
COMMUNICATION
N-PARTY
COMPUTATION