

New proof systems and an OPRF from CSIDH

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Group Action Setting

Group G acting freely and transitively on a set \mathcal{E} by the action

$$\star : G \times \mathcal{E} \rightarrow \mathcal{E}$$

$$(\mathfrak{a}, E) \mapsto E' = \mathfrak{a} \star E$$

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Assume $\langle \mathfrak{g} \rangle = G$

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$$(a, E) \mapsto E' = [a]E = g^a \star E$$

$$[a]([b]E) = [a + b]E$$

Exponent group $\mathcal{G} = \mathbb{Z}/|G|\mathbb{Z}$

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(Scalar) Multiplication

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$$[ab]E = \mathfrak{g}^{ab} \star E$$

(Scalar) Multiplication

$$[a^e]E = \mathfrak{g}^{a^e} \star E$$

Exponentiation

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Exponent group $\mathcal{G} = \mathbb{Z}/|G|\mathbb{Z}$

$$[ab]E = g^{ab} \star E$$

(Scalar) Multiplication

$$[a^e]E = g^{a^e} \star E$$

Exponentiation

$$[f(a)]E = g^{f(a)} \star E$$

Polynomial Evaluation

ID protocol

$$E_0 \xrightarrow{a} E_1$$

 \mathcal{P} \mathcal{V}

$$\mathcal{L} = \left\{ ((E_0, E_1), a) : E_1 = [a]E_0 \right\}$$

ID protocol

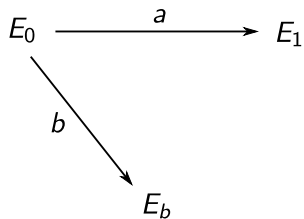
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ID protocol



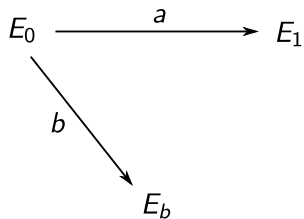
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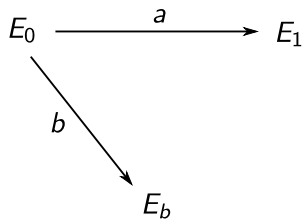
$$b \leftarrow \mathcal{G}$$

$$E_b = [b]E_0$$

E_b

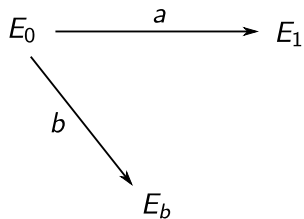
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ID protocol

 \mathcal{P} \mathcal{V} $b \leftarrow \mathcal{G}$ $E_b = [b]E_0$ E_b $c \leftarrow \{0, 1\}$

$$\mathcal{L} = \left\{ ((E_0, E_1), a) : E_1 = [a]E_0 \right\}$$

ID protocol



\mathcal{P}

\mathcal{V}

$b \leftarrow \mathcal{G}$

$E_b = [b]E_0$

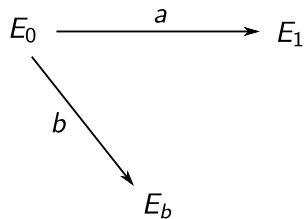
E_b

$c \leftarrow \{0, 1\}$

c

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 E_b

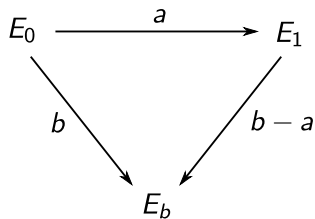
$$c \leftarrow \{0, 1\}$$

 c

$$r = b - ca$$

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ID protocol

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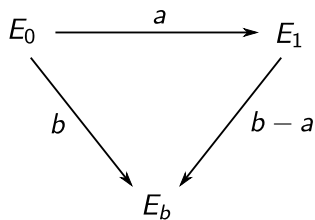
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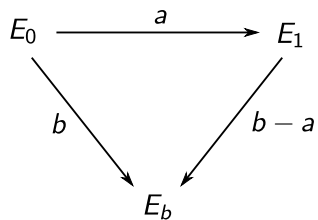
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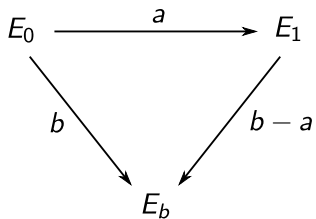
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ID protocol

 \mathcal{P} \mathcal{V} $b \leftarrow \mathcal{G}$ $E_b = [b]E_0$ E_b $c \leftarrow \{0, 1\}$ c $r = b - ca$ r $[r]E_c \stackrel{?}{=} E_1$

$$\mathcal{L} = \left\{ ((E_0, E_1), a) : E_1 = [a]E_0 \right\}$$

Addition



\mathcal{P}

\mathcal{V}

$$b \leftarrow \mathcal{G}$$
$$E_b = [b]E_0$$

$$\xrightarrow{E_b}$$

$$c \leftarrow \{0, 1\}$$

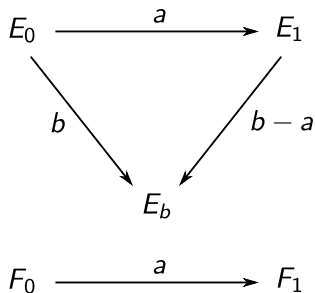
$$\xleftarrow{c}$$

$$r = b - ca$$

$$\xrightarrow{r}$$

$$[r]E_c \stackrel{?}{=} E_1$$

Addition



\mathcal{P}

\mathcal{V}

$$b \leftarrow \mathcal{G}$$
$$E_b = [b]E_0$$

$$\xrightarrow{E_b}$$

$$c \leftarrow \{0, 1\}$$

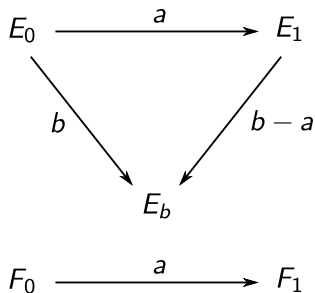
$$\xleftarrow{c}$$

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$$E_b = [b]E_0$$

$$\xrightarrow{E_b}$$

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$$\xleftarrow{c}$$

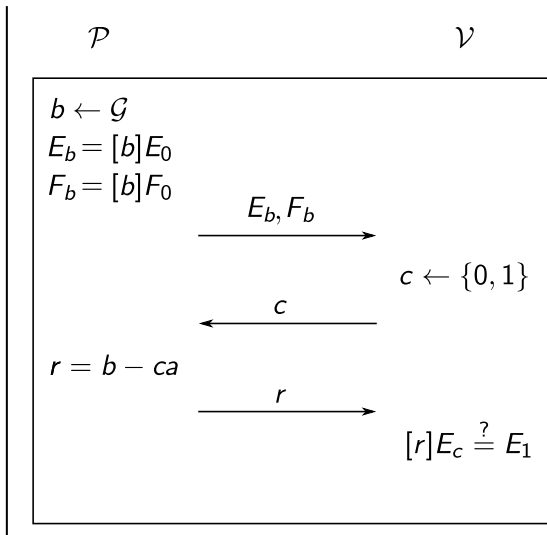
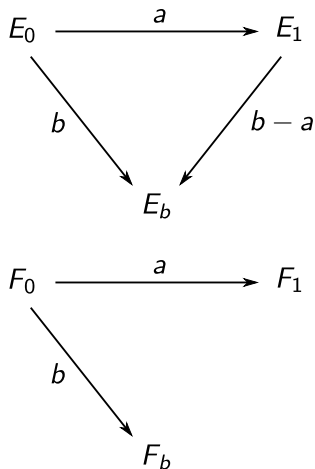
$$r = b - ca$$

$$\xrightarrow{r}$$

$$[r]E_c \stackrel{?}{=} E_1$$

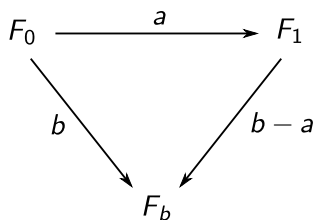
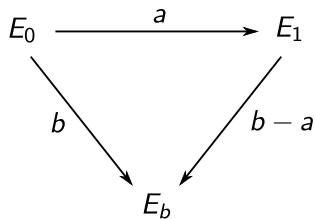
$$\mathcal{L}_2^{\text{Add}} = \left\{ ((E_0, E_1), (F_0, F_1), a) : E_1 = [a]E_0 \wedge F_1 = [a]F_0 \right\}$$

Addition



$$\mathcal{L}_2^{\text{Add}} = \left\{ ((E_0, E_1), (F_0, F_1), a) : E_1 = [a]E_0 \wedge F_1 = [a]F_0 \right\}$$

Addition



\mathcal{P}

\mathcal{V}

$b \leftarrow \mathcal{G}$

$E_b = [b]E_0$

$F_b = [b]F_0$

E_b, F_b

\longrightarrow

$c \leftarrow \{0, 1\}$

c

\longleftarrow

$r = b - ca$

r

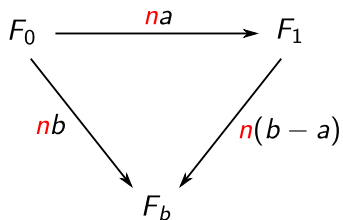
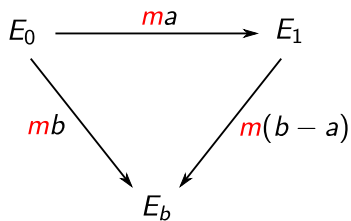
\longrightarrow

$[r]E_c \stackrel{?}{=} E_1$

$[r]F_c \stackrel{?}{=} F_1$

$$\mathcal{L}_2^{\text{Add}} = \left\{ ((E_0, E_1), (F_0, F_1), a) : E_1 = [a]E_0 \wedge F_1 = [a]F_0 \right\}$$

Scalar Multiplication



\mathcal{P}

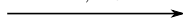
\mathcal{V}

$$b \leftarrow \mathcal{G}$$

$$E_b = [mb]E_0$$

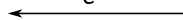
$$F_b = [nb]F_0$$

E_b, F_b



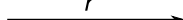
$$c \leftarrow \{0, 1\}$$

c



$$r = b - ca$$

r



$$[mr]E_c \stackrel{?}{=} E_1$$

$$[nr]F_c \stackrel{?}{=} F_1$$

$$\mathcal{L}_2^{\text{Scal}} = \left\{ ((E_0, E_1, m), (F_0, F_1, n), a) : E_1 = [ma]E_0 \wedge F_1 = [na]F_0 \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_k^{\text{Add}} = \left\{ ((E_i, E'_i)_{i=1, \dots, k}, a) : \bigwedge_{i=1}^k E'_i = [a]E_i \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_k^{\text{Scal}} = \left\{ ((E_i, E'_i, c_i)_{i=1, \dots, k}, a) : \bigwedge_{i=1}^k E'_i = [c_i a]E_i \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_k^{\text{Add}} = \left\{ ((E_i, E'_i)_{i=1, \dots, k}, a) : \bigwedge_{i=1}^k E'_i = [a]E_i \right\}$$

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$$\mathcal{L}^{\text{Exp}} = \left\{ ([a]E, E', e), a) : E' = [a^e]E \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{\text{Mult}} = \left\{ ([a]E, [b]E, E'), (a, b) : E' = [ab]E \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_k^{\text{Add}} = \left\{ ((E_i, E'_i)_{i=1, \dots, k}, a) : \bigwedge_{i=1}^k E'_i = [a]E_i \right\}$$

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$$\mathcal{L}^{\text{Exp}} = \left\{ ([a]E, E', e), a) : E' = [a^e]E \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{\text{Mult}} = \left\{ ([a]E, [b]E, E'), (a, b) : E' = [ab]E \right\}$$

Addition \equiv Scalar Mult. \leq Exponentiation \equiv Multiplication \leq Key Recovery

A proof for $\mathcal{L}^{\text{Mult}}$

$[ab]E_0$

A proof for $\mathcal{L}^{\text{Mult}}$

$$x, y \leftarrow \mathcal{G}$$

$$\alpha = a - x$$

$$\beta = b - y$$

$$[ab]E_0$$

A proof for $\mathcal{L}^{\text{Mult}}$

$$x, y \leftarrow \mathcal{G}$$

$$\alpha = a - x$$

$$\beta = b - y$$

$$[ab]E_0 = [(\alpha + x)(\beta + y)]E_0$$

A proof for $\mathcal{L}^{\text{Mult}}$

$$x, y \leftarrow \mathcal{G}$$

$$\alpha = a - x$$

$$\beta = b - y$$

$$[ab]E_0 = [(\alpha + x)(\beta + y)]E_0 = [\alpha\beta][\alpha y][\beta x][xy]E_0$$

A proof for $\mathcal{L}^{\text{Mult}}$

$$x, y \leftarrow \mathcal{G}$$

$$\alpha = a - x$$

$$\beta = b - y$$

public



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public

$$\pi_1 : \left((E_0, [y]E_0, 1), (F, [\alpha y]F, \alpha), y \right) \in \mathcal{L}_2^{\text{Scal}}$$

A proof for $\mathcal{L}^{\text{Mult}}$

$$x, y \leftarrow \mathcal{G}$$

$$\alpha = a - x$$

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$$[ab]E_0 = [(\alpha + x)(\beta + y)]E_0 = [\alpha\beta][\alpha y][\beta x][xy]E_0$$

public

$$\pi_1 : \left((E_0, [y]E_0, 1), (F, [\alpha y]F, \alpha), y \right) \in \mathcal{L}_2^{\text{Scal}}$$

$$\pi_2 : \left((E_0, [x]E_0, 1), (F', [\beta x]F', \beta), x \right) \in \mathcal{L}_2^{\text{Scal}}$$

A proof for $\mathcal{L}^{\text{Mult}}$

$$x, y \leftarrow \mathcal{G}$$

$$\alpha = a - x$$

$$\beta = b - y$$

$$[ab]E_0 = [(\alpha + x)(\beta + y)]E_0 = [\alpha\beta][\alpha y][\beta x][xy]E_0$$

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$$\pi_2 : \left((E_0, [x]E_0, 1), (F', [\beta x]F', \beta), x \right) \in \mathcal{L}_2^{\text{Scal}}$$

Trusted Setup $\mathcal{T} : (x, y, M_x = [x]E_0, M_y = [y]E_0, M_z = [xy]E_0)$

A proof for $\mathcal{L}^{\text{Mult}}$

$$x, y \leftarrow \mathcal{G}$$

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public



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$$\pi_1 : \left((E_0, M_y, 1), (F, [\alpha y]F, \alpha), y \right) \in \mathcal{L}_2^{\text{Scal}}$$

$$\pi_2 : \left((E_0, M_x, 1), (F', [\beta x]F', \beta), x \right) \in \mathcal{L}_2^{\text{Scal}}$$

$$(\pi_1, \pi_2, \alpha, \beta)$$

Trusted Setup $\mathcal{T} : (x, y, M_x = [x]E_0, M_y = [y]E_0, M_z = [xy]E_0)$

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$$\pi_1 : \left((E_0, M_y, 1), (F, [\alpha y]F, \alpha), y \right) \in \mathcal{L}_2^{\text{Scal}}$$

$$(\pi_1, \pi_2, \alpha, \beta)$$

$$\pi_2 : \left((E_0, M_x, 1), (F', [\beta x]F', \beta), x \right) \in \mathcal{L}_2^{\text{Scal}}$$

$$[\alpha]M_x \stackrel{?}{=} E_a \wedge [\beta]M_y \stackrel{?}{=} E_b \wedge \text{Verify}(\pi_1) \wedge \text{Verify}(\pi_2)$$

Trusted Setup $\mathcal{T} : (x, y, M_x = [x]E_0, M_y = [y]E_0, M_z = [xy]E_0)$

A proof for $\mathcal{L}^{\text{Mult}}$ using MPC-in-the-head

$$\mathcal{T} : \left((x_i, y_i, z_i)_{i \in \{1, \dots, n\}}, M_x, M_y \right)$$

A proof for $\mathcal{L}^{\text{Mult}}$ using MPC-in-the-head

$$\mathcal{T} : \left((x_i, y_i, z_i)_{i \in \{1, \dots, n\}}, M_x, M_y \right)$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n x_i = x, \quad \sum_{i=1}^n y_i = y, \quad \sum_{i=1}^n z_i = xy$$

$$M_x = [x]E_0, \quad M_y = [y]E_0$$

A proof for $\mathcal{L}^{\text{Mult}}$ using MPC-in-the-head

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$$\alpha = a - x \quad \beta = b - y$$

$\mathcal{P}_1 :$

$\mathcal{P}_2 :$

$\mathcal{P}_3 :$

..

$\mathcal{P}_{n-1} :$

$\mathcal{P}_n :$

A proof for $\mathcal{L}^{\text{Mult}}$ using MPC-in-the-head

$$\mathcal{T} : \left((x_i, y_i, z_i)_{i \in \{1, \dots, n\}}, M_x, M_y \right)$$

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$$M_x = [x]E_0, \quad M_y = [y]E_0$$

$$\alpha = a - x \quad \beta = b - y$$

$$\mathcal{P}_1 : (\alpha, \beta, x_1, y_1, z_1)$$

$$\mathcal{P}_2 :$$

$$\mathcal{P}_3 :$$

..

$$\mathcal{P}_{n-1} :$$

$$\mathcal{P}_n :$$

A proof for $\mathcal{L}^{\text{Mult}}$ using MPC-in-the-head

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$$\mathcal{P}_1 : (\alpha, \beta, x_1, y_1, z_1)$$

$$\mathcal{P}_2 : (\alpha, \beta, x_2, y_2, z_2)$$

$$\mathcal{P}_3 :$$

..

$$\mathcal{P}_{n-1} :$$

$$\mathcal{P}_n :$$

A proof for $\mathcal{L}^{\text{Mult}}$ using MPC-in-the-head

$$\mathcal{T} : \left((x_i, y_i, z_i)_{i \in \{1, \dots, n\}}, M_x, M_y \right)$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n x_i = x, \quad \sum_{i=1}^n y_i = y, \quad \sum_{i=1}^n z_i = xy$$

$$M_x = [x]E_0, \quad M_y = [y]E_0$$

$$\alpha = a - x \quad \beta = b - y$$

$$\mathcal{P}_1 : (\alpha, \beta, x_1, y_1, z_1)$$

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 E_0

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$$\mathcal{P}_n : (\alpha, \beta, x_n, y_n, z_n)$$

E_0

$$E_1 = [\beta x_1 + \alpha y_1 + z_1]E_0$$

A proof for $\mathcal{L}^{\text{Mult}}$ using MPC-in-the-head

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E_0

$$E_1 = [\beta x_1 + \alpha y_1 + z_1]E_0$$

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A proof for $\mathcal{L}^{\text{Mult}}$ using MPC-in-the-head

$$\mathcal{T} : \left((x_i, y_i, z_i)_{i \in \{1, \dots, n\}}, M_x, M_y \right)$$

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E_0

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$$\mathcal{P}_3 : (\alpha, \beta, x_3, y_3, z_3)$$

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$$E_{n-1} = [\beta x_{n-1} + \alpha y_{n-1} + z_{n-1}]E_{n-2}$$

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...

$$\mathcal{P}_{n-1} : (\alpha, \beta, x_{n-1}, y_{n-1}, z_{n-1})$$

$$\mathcal{P}_n : (\alpha, \beta, x_n, y_n, z_n)$$

E_0

$$E_1 = [\beta x_1 + \alpha y_1 + z_1]E_0$$

$$E_2 = [\beta x_2 + \alpha y_2 + z_2]E_1$$

$$E_3 = [\beta x_3 + \alpha y_3 + z_3]E_2$$

...

$$E_{n-1} = [\beta x_{n-1} + \alpha y_{n-1} + z_{n-1}]E_{n-2}$$

$$E_n = [\alpha\beta + \beta x_n + \alpha y_n + z_n]E_{n-1}$$

A proof for $\mathcal{L}^{\text{Mult}}$ using MPC-in-the-head

$$\alpha = a - x \quad \beta = b - y$$

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A proof for $\mathcal{L}^{\text{Mult}}$ using MPC-in-the-head

$$T_1 : \left((x_i, y_i, z_i)_{i \in \{1, \dots, n\}}, M_x, M_y \right)_1 \quad T_2 : \left((x_i, y_i, z_i)_{i \in \{1, \dots, n\}}, M_x, M_y \right)_2$$

$$T_3 : \left((x_i, y_i, z_i)_{i \in \{1, \dots, n\}}, M_x, M_y \right)_3 \quad \dots$$

$$T_{m-1} : \left((x_i, y_i, z_i)_{i \in \{1, \dots, n\}}, M_x, M_y \right)_{m-1} \quad T_m : \left((x_i, y_i, z_i)_{i \in \{1, \dots, n\}}, M_x, M_y \right)_m$$

E_0

\mathcal{P}_1

$\mathcal{P}_2 :$

$\mathcal{P}_3 :$

\dots

$\mathcal{P}_{n-1} :$

$\mathcal{P}_n :$

A proof for $\mathcal{L}^{\text{Mult}}$ using MPC-in-the-head

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$\mathcal{P}_2 :$

$\mathcal{P}_3 :$

\dots

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Costs

	Prover cost	Verifier cost	Trusted Party	Statement type

ZK : standard zero-knowledge proof

ITH : MPC-in-the-Head proof

\mathcal{T} : Trusted Setup , *cnc* : Cut-and-Choose

Costs

	Prover cost	Verifier cost	Trusted Party	Statement type
Scal.ZK _{k=1}	λ	λ	No	$(E, [s]E)$

ZK : standard zero-knowledge proof

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\mathcal{T} : Trusted Setup , *cnc* : Cut-and-Choose

Costs

	Prover cost	Verifier cost	Trusted Party	Statement type
Scal.ZK _{k=1}	λ	λ	No	$(E, [s]E)$
Scal.ZK _{k=2}	2λ	2λ	No	$(E, [a]E, [b]E, [a + b]E)$

ZK : standard zero-knowledge proof

ITH : MPC-in-the-Head proof

\mathcal{T} : Trusted Setup , *cnc* : Cut-and-Choose

Costs

	Prover cost	Verifier cost	Trusted Party	Statement type
Scal.ZK _{k=1}	λ	λ	No	$(E, [s]E)$
Scal.ZK _{k=2}	2λ	2λ	No	$(E, [a]E, [b]E, [a + b]E)$
				$(E, [a]E, [b]E, [ab]E)$

ZK : standard zero-knowledge proof

ITH : MPC-in-the-Head proof

\mathcal{T} : Trusted Setup , *cnc* : Cut-and-Choose

Costs

	Prover cost	Verifier cost	Trusted Party	Statement type
Scal.ZK _{k=1}	λ	λ	No	$(E, [s]E)$
Scal.ZK _{k=2}	2λ	2λ	No	$(E, [a]E, [b]E, [a + b]E)$
Mult.ZK	4λ	4λ	Yes	$(E, [a]E, [b]E, [ab]E)$
Exp.ZK	$\lceil \log_2 e \rceil 6\lambda$	$\lceil \log_2 e \rceil 6\lambda$	Yes	$(e, [a]E, [a^e]E)$

ZK : standard zero-knowledge proof

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Costs

	Prover cost	Verifier cost	Trusted Party	Statement type
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Scal.ZK _{k=2}	2λ	2λ	No	$(E, [a]E, [b]E, [a + b]E)$
Mult.ZK	4λ	4λ	Yes	$(E, [a]E, [b]E, [ab]E)$
MultITH _{\mathcal{T}}	1.89λ	2.52λ	Yes	
Exp.ZK	$\lceil \log_2 e \rceil 6\lambda$	$\lceil \log_2 e \rceil 6\lambda$	Yes	$(e, [a]E, [a^e]E)$
ExpITH _{\mathcal{T}}	1.89λ	1.89λ	Yes	

ZK : standard zero-knowledge proof

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\mathcal{T} : Trusted Setup , *cnc* : Cut-and-Choose

Costs

	Prover cost	Verifier cost	Trusted Party	Statement type
Scal.ZK _{k=1}	λ	λ	No	$(E, [s]E)$
Scal.ZK _{k=2}	2λ	2λ	No	$(E, [a]E, [b]E, [a + b]E)$
Mult.ZK	4λ	4λ	Yes	$(E, [a]E, [b]E, [ab]E)$
MultITH _{\mathcal{T}}	1.89λ	2.52λ	Yes	
MultITH _{cnc}	4.96λ	4.25λ	No	
Exp.ZK	$\lceil \log_2 e \rceil 6\lambda$	$\lceil \log_2 e \rceil 6\lambda$	Yes	$(e, [a]E, [a^e]E)$
ExpITH _{\mathcal{T}}	1.89λ	1.89λ	Yes	
ExpITH _{cnc}	3.52λ	3.52λ	No	

ZK : standard zero-knowledge proof

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Applications: (Verifiable) oblivious pseudo-random function

\mathcal{S}

key $k = (f_0, f_1, \dots, f_d) \in \mathcal{G}^{d+1}$

\mathcal{C}

input $m \in \mathcal{G}$

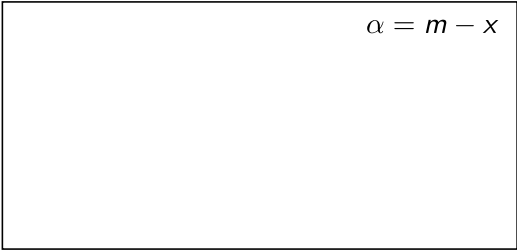
Applications: (Verifiable) oblivious pseudo-random function

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key $k = (f_0, f_1, \dots, f_d) \in \mathcal{G}^{d+1}$

 \mathcal{C}

input $m \in \mathcal{G}$


$$\alpha = m - x$$

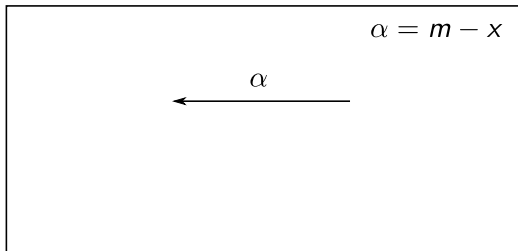
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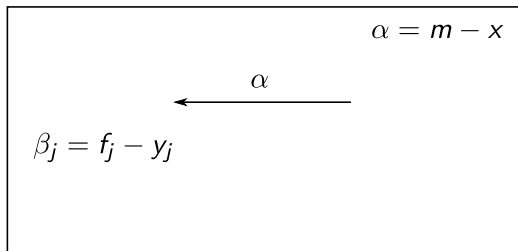
Applications: (Verifiable) oblivious pseudo-random function

 \mathcal{S}

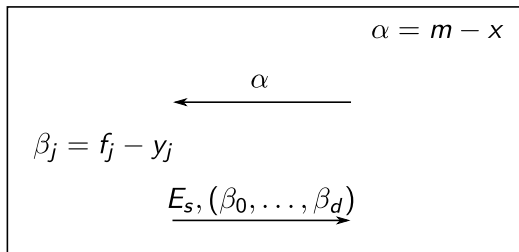
key $k = (f_0, f_1, \dots, f_d) \in \mathcal{G}^{d+1}$

 \mathcal{C}

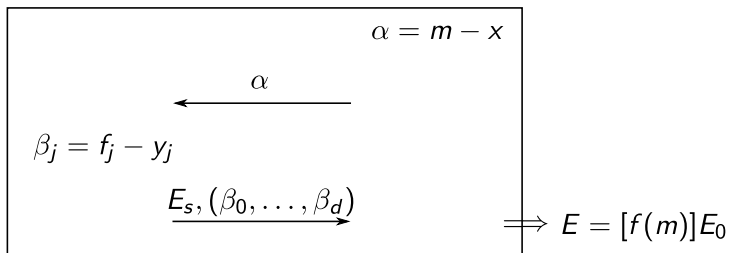
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Applications: (Verifiable) oblivious pseudo-random function

 \mathcal{S} key $k = (f_0, f_1, \dots, f_d) \in \mathcal{G}^{d+1}$ \mathcal{C} input $m \in \mathcal{G}$ 

Applications: (Verifiable) oblivious pseudo-random function

Source	Malicious Client	Verifiable	Number of Rounds	Approx. Computational cost	Approx. Communication cost	No Trusted Setup	Without Class Group

Applications: (Verifiable) oblivious pseudo-random function

Source	Malicious Client	Verifiable	Number of Rounds	Approx. Computational cost	Approx. Communication cost	No Trusted Setup	Without Class Group
[1]	X	X	$2\lambda + 2$	3λ	$3\lambda \log p$	✓	✓
[2]	X	X	2	5λ	$2\lambda(\log p + \lambda)$	X	X

[1]: Lena Heimberger, Tobias Hennerbichler, Fredrik Meisingseth, Sebastian Ramacher, Christian Rechberger: *OPRFs from Isogenies: Designs and Analysis*. Cryptology ePrint Archive, Paper 2023/369 (2023).

[2]: Dan Boneh, Dmitry Kogan, Katharine Woo: *Oblivious Pseudorandom Functions from Isogenies*. In Moriai, S., Wang, H. (eds.) ASIACRYPT 2020, Part II. LNCS, vol. 12492, pp. 520-550. Springer, Heidelberg (Dec 2020).

Applications: (Verifiable) oblivious pseudo-random function

Source	Malicious Client	Verifiable	Number of Rounds	Approx. Computational cost	Approx. Communication cost	No Trusted Setup	Without Class Group
[1]	X	X	$2\lambda + 2$	3λ	$3\lambda \log p$	✓	✓
[2]	X	X	2	5λ	$2\lambda(\log p + \lambda)$	X	X
	✓	X	4	11λ	$5\lambda(\log p + \lambda)$	X	X

[1]: Lena Heimberger, Tobias Hennerbichler, Fredrik Meisingseth, Sebastian Ramacher, Christian Rechberger: *OPRFs from Isogenies: Designs and Analysis*. Cryptology ePrint Archive, Paper 2023/369 (2023).

[2]: Dan Boneh, Dmitry Kogan, Katharine Woo: *Oblivious Pseudorandom Functions from Isogenies*. In Moriai, S., Wang, H. (eds.) ASIACRYPT 2020, Part II. LNCS, vol. 12492, pp. 520-550. Springer, Heidelberg (Dec 2020).

Applications: (Verifiable) oblivious pseudo-random function

Source	Malicious Client	Verifiable	Number of Rounds	Approx. Computational cost	Approx. Communication cost	No Trusted Setup	Without Class Group
[1]	X	X	$2\lambda + 2$	3λ	$3\lambda \log p$	✓	✓
[2]	X	X	2	5λ	$2\lambda(\log p + \lambda)$	X	X
	✓	X	4	11λ	$5\lambda(\log p + \lambda)$	X	X
$d = 2$	✓	X	2	2	$6 \log p$	X*	X
$d = 3$	✓	X	2	2	$9 \log p$	X*	X

*: Trusted setup can be removed for one-time cost of 5λ .

- [1]: Lena Heimberger, Tobias Hennerichler, Fredrik Meisingseth, Sebastian Ramacher, Christian Rechberger: *OPRFs from Isogenies: Designs and Analysis*. Cryptology ePrint Archive, Paper 2023/369 (2023).
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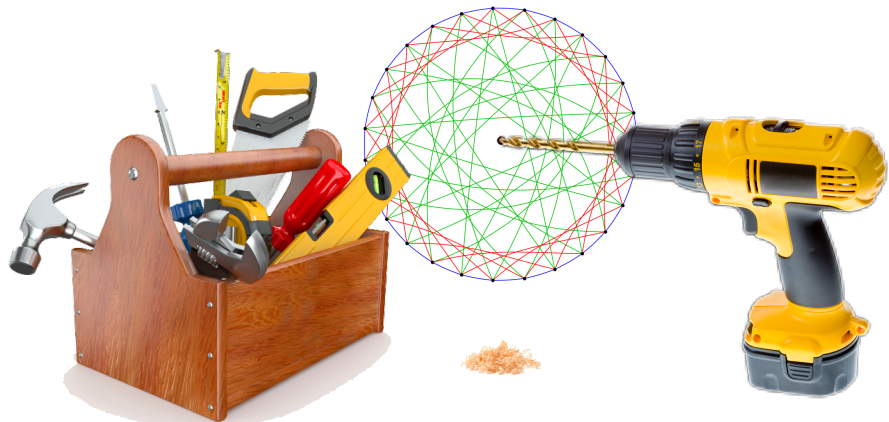
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$d = 2$	✓	X	2	2	$6 \log p$	X*	X
$d = 3$	✓	X	2	2	$9 \log p$	X*	X
$d = 2$	✓	✓	2	8λ	$2\lambda \log p$	X	X
$d = 3$	✓	✓	2	14λ	$3.5\lambda \log p$	X	X

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- [1]: Lena Heimberger, Tobias Hennerbichler, Fredrik Meisingseth, Sebastian Ramacher, Christian Rechberger: *OPRFs from Isogenies: Designs and Analysis*. Cryptology ePrint Archive, Paper 2023/369 (2023).
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Thank you!



The OPRF

$$B = (x, \{y_j\}^{j \in [d]}, (\tilde{z}_C, \tilde{z}_S), \{(z_C^{(j,k)}, z_S^{(j,k)})\}_{k \in [j-1]}^{j \in [d]}),$$
$$z_C^{(j,k)} + z_S^{(j,k)} = y_j x^k \quad \text{and} \quad \tilde{z}_C + \tilde{z}_S = \sum_{j=1}^d y_j x^j.$$

Client: $\alpha = m - x$ and send it to the server.

Server: For $j = 1, \dots, d$, compute $\beta_j = f_j - y_j$, then compute

$$E_S = \left[f_0 + \tilde{z}_S + \sum_{j=1}^d f_j \alpha^j + \sum_{j=1}^d \sum_{k=1}^{j-1} \binom{j}{k} \alpha^{j-k} z_S^{(j,k)} \right] E_0.$$

Send $(\beta_1, \dots, \beta_d)$ and E_S it to the client.

Client: Return

$$\left[\tilde{z}_C + \sum_{j=1}^d \beta_j x^j + \sum_{j=1}^d \sum_{k=1}^{j-1} \binom{j}{k} \alpha^{j-k} (\beta_j x^k + z_C^{(j,k)}) \right] E_S.$$