

Compiled Nonlocal Games from any Trapdoor Claw-Free Function

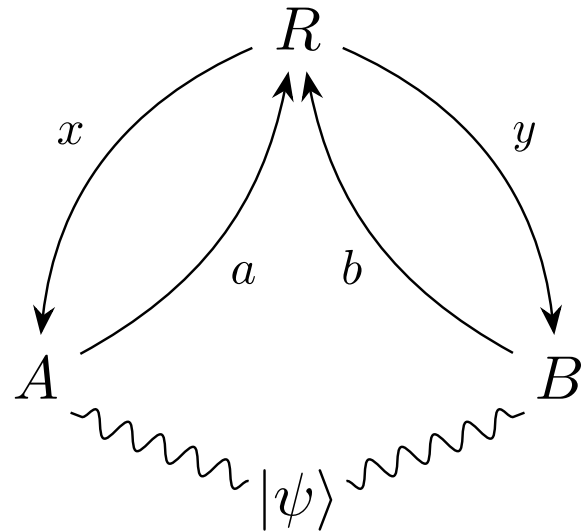
Kaniuar Bacho^{1,2}, Alexander Kulpe¹, Giulio Malavolta³, Simon Schmidt¹, Michael Walter¹

¹Ruhr University Bochum

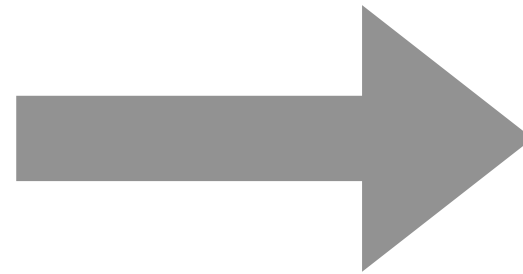
²University of Edinburgh

³Bocconi University

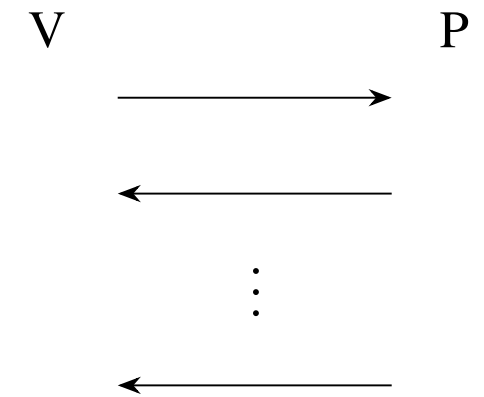
Nonlocal Game



Compiler

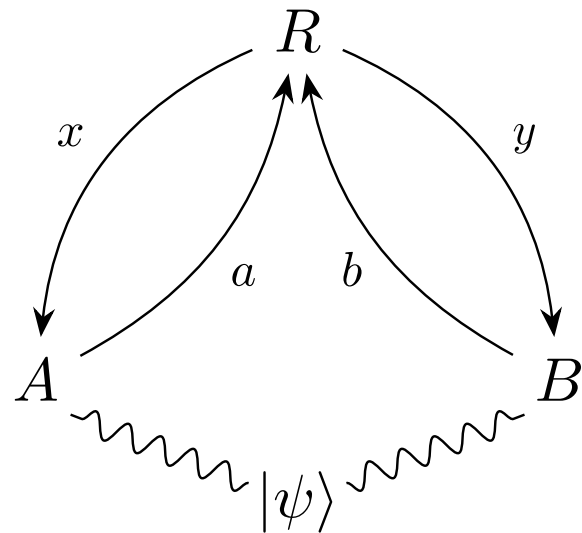


Compiled Nonlocal Game

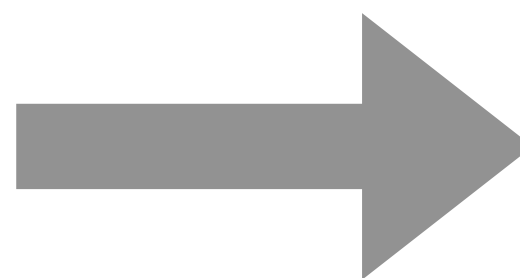


Compiler should preserve properties of the nonlocal game

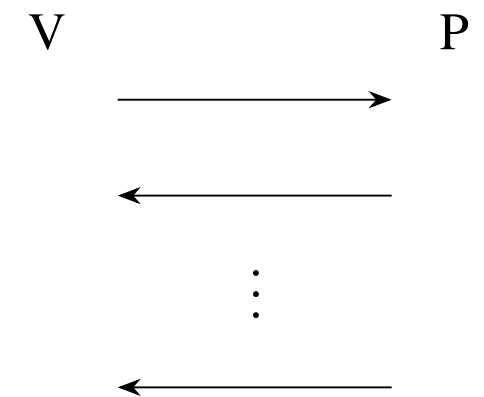
Nonlocal Game



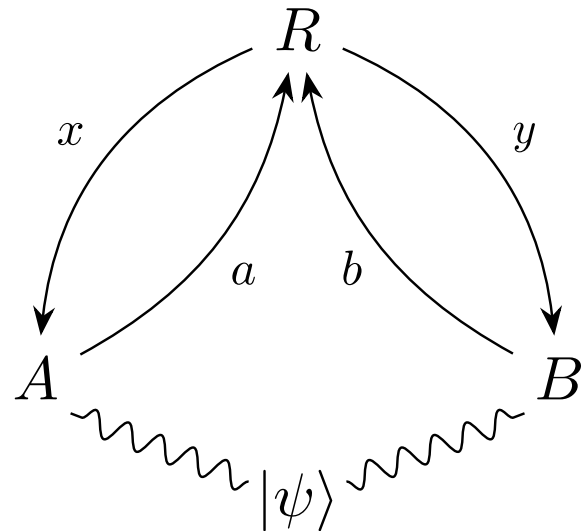
Compiler



Compiled Nonlocal Game

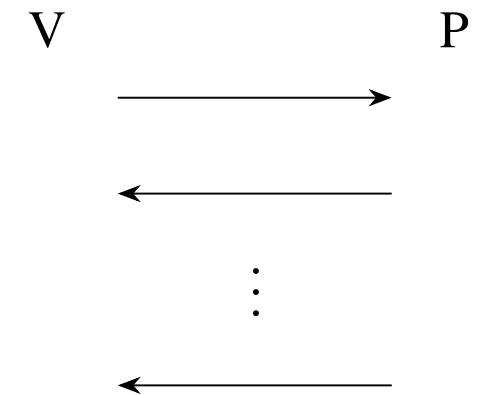


Nonlocal Game



Compiler

Compiled Nonlocal Game

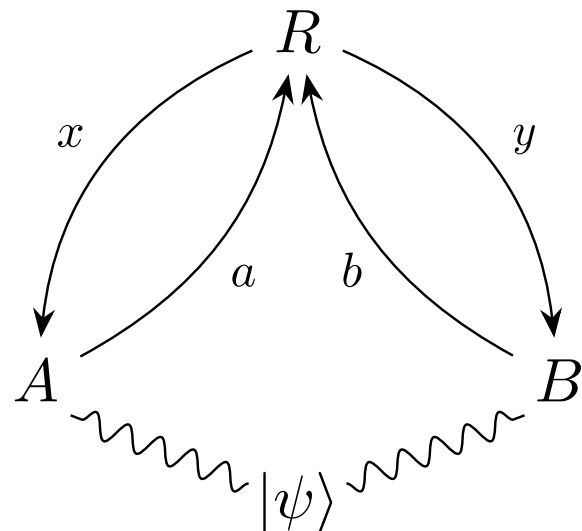


CHSH Game (Clauser–Horne–Shimony–Holt)

- Questions & answers: $x, y, a, b \in \{0,1\}$
- No communication between A and B
- Winning condition: $a \oplus b = x \cdot y$

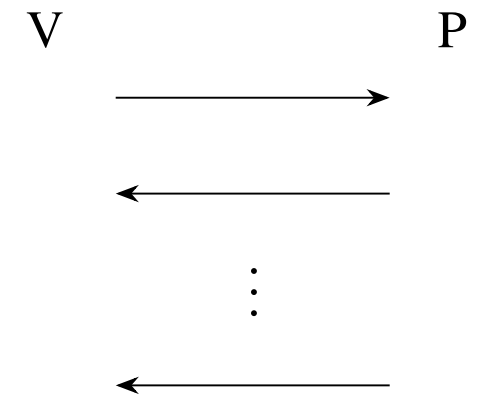
x	y	winning condition
0	0	$a = b$
0	1	$a = b$
1	0	$a = b$
1	1	$a \neq b$

Nonlocal Game



Compiler

Compiled Nonlocal Game



CHSH Game (Clauser–Horne–Shimony–Holt)

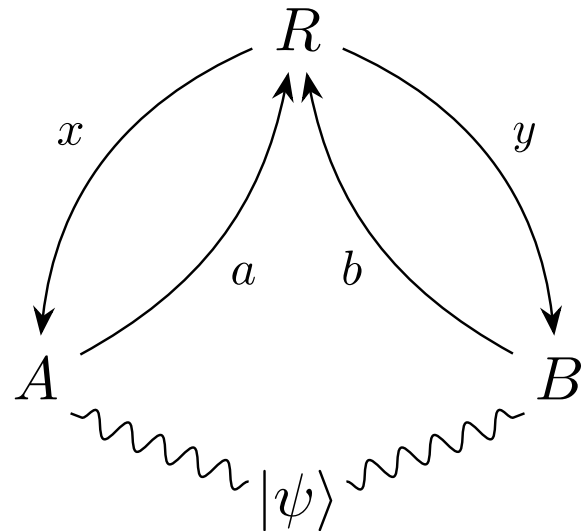
- Questions & answers: $x, y, a, b \in \{0,1\}$
- No communication between A and B
- Winning condition: $a \oplus b = x \cdot y$

x	y	winning condition
0	0	$a = b$
0	1	$a = b$
1	0	$a = b$
1	1	$a \neq b$

$\omega_c(\mathcal{G}) :=$ maximal winning probability
for classical players

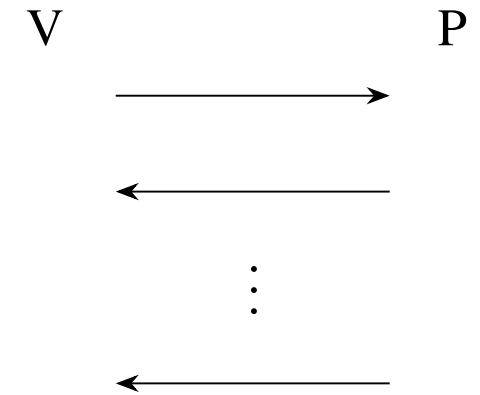
$\omega_q(\mathcal{G}) :=$ maximal winning probability
for \otimes quantum players

Nonlocal Game



Compiler

Compiled Nonlocal Game



CHSH Game (Clauser–Horne–Shimony–Holt)

- Questions & answers: $x, y, a, b \in \{0,1\}$
- No communication between A and B
- Winning condition: $a \oplus b = x \cdot y$

$\omega_c(\mathcal{G}) :=$ maximal winning probability for classical players

$\omega_q(\mathcal{G}) :=$ maximal winning probability for \otimes quantum players

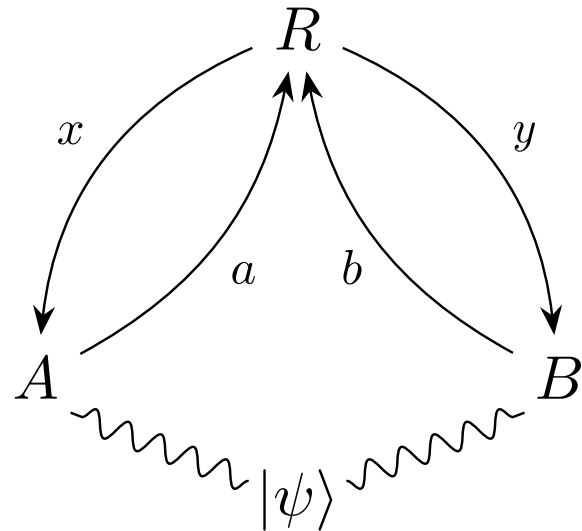
x	y	winning condition
0	0	$a = b$
0	1	$a = b$
1	0	$a = b$
1	1	$a \neq b$

$$\omega_c(\mathcal{G}_{\text{CHSH}}) = 75\%$$

$$\omega_q(\mathcal{G}_{\text{CHSH}}) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \approx 85\%$$

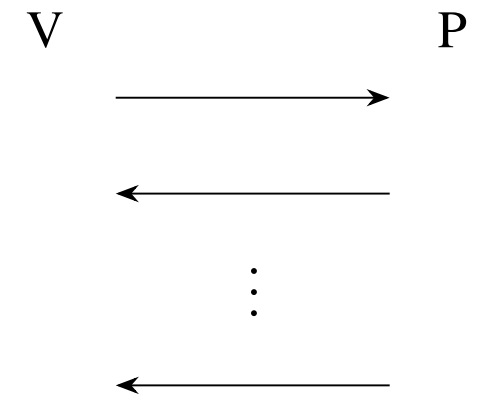
2-Prover Proof of Quantumness

Nonlocal Game



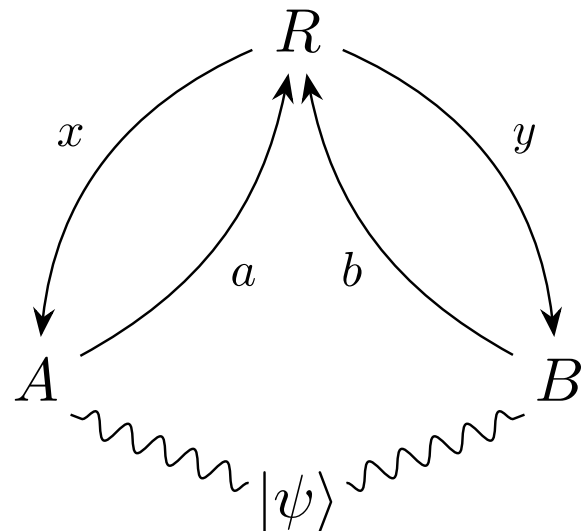
Compiler

Compiled Nonlocal Game



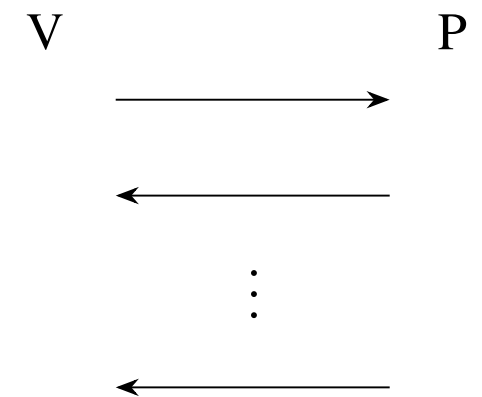
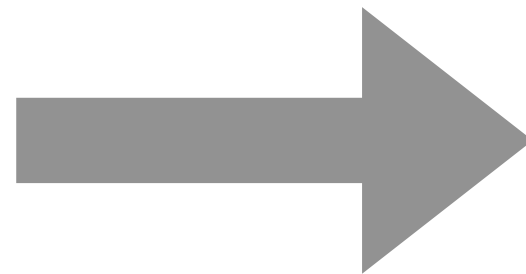
- Compiler should preserve properties of the nonlocal game

Nonlocal Game



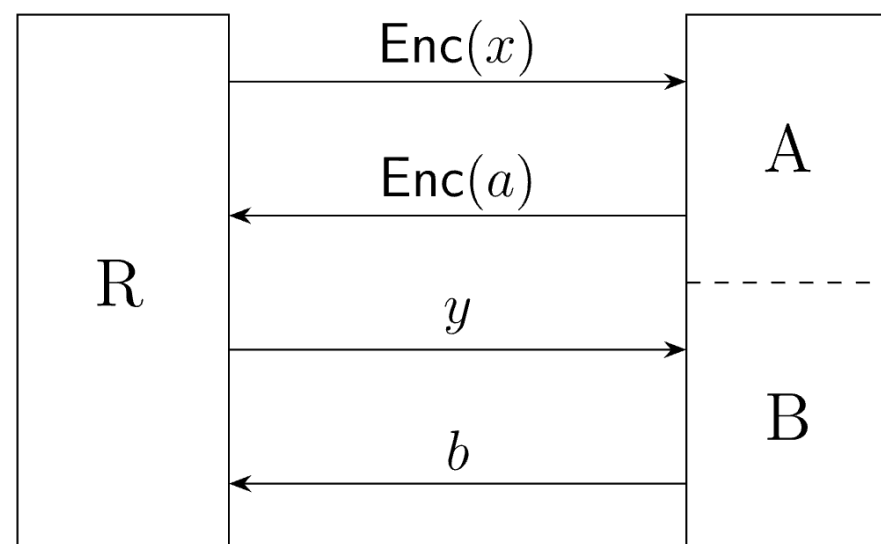
Compiled Nonlocal Game

Compiler

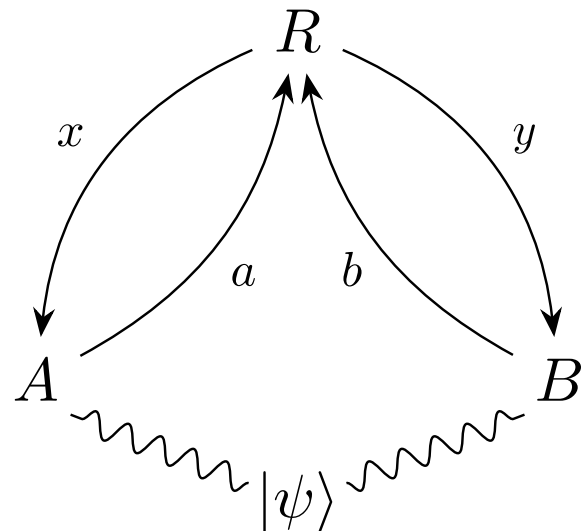


KLVY Compiler

- Kalai, Lombardi, Vaikuntanathan, and Yang [KLVY21] compiler from Quantum Fully Homomorphic Encryption

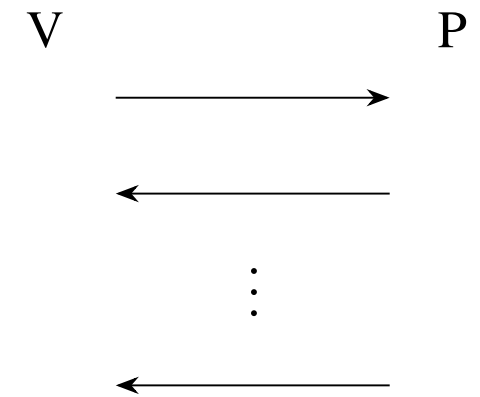


Nonlocal Game



Compiler

Compiled Nonlocal Game



KLVY Compiler

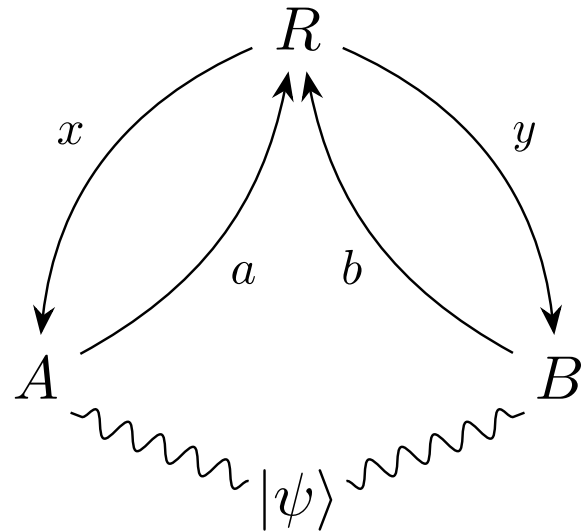
- **Quantum Completeness** ([KLVY23])

$$\omega_q(\mathcal{G}_{\text{comp}}) \geq \omega_q(\mathcal{G})$$

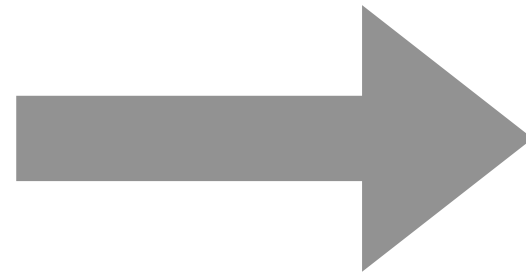
- **Classical Soundness** ([KLVY23])

$$\omega_c(\mathcal{G}_{\text{comp}}) \leq \omega_c(\mathcal{G})$$

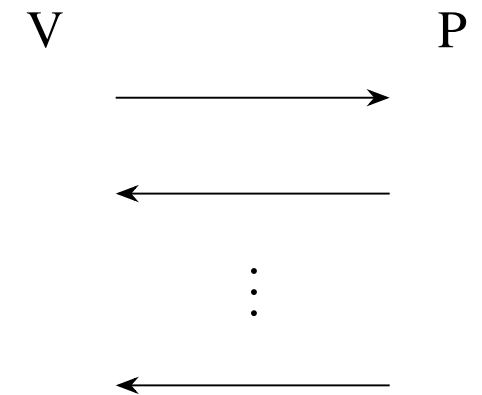
Nonlocal Game



Compiler



Compiled Nonlocal Game



KL VY Compiler

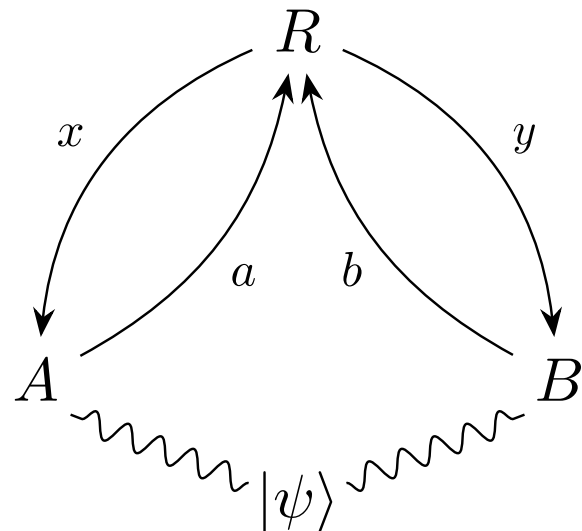
- Quantum Completeness ([KL VY23])

- Classical Completeness ([KL VY23])

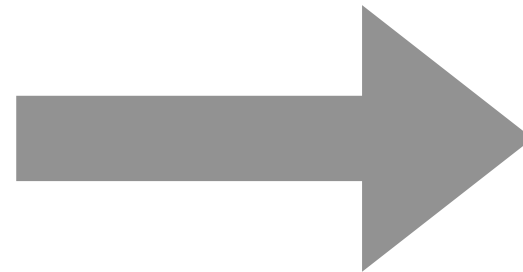
Proof of Quantumness

$$\omega_{\text{cl}}(\mathcal{G}_{\text{comp}}) \geq \omega_{\text{cl}}(\mathcal{G})$$

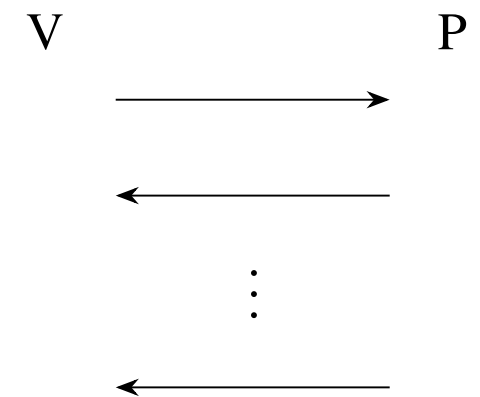
Nonlocal Game



Compiler



Compiled Nonlocal Game



KLVY Compiler

- Quantum Completeness ([KLVY23])

- Classical Completeness ([KLVY23])

Proof of Quantumness

$$\omega_c(\mathcal{G}_{\text{comp}}) \geq \omega_q(\mathcal{G})$$

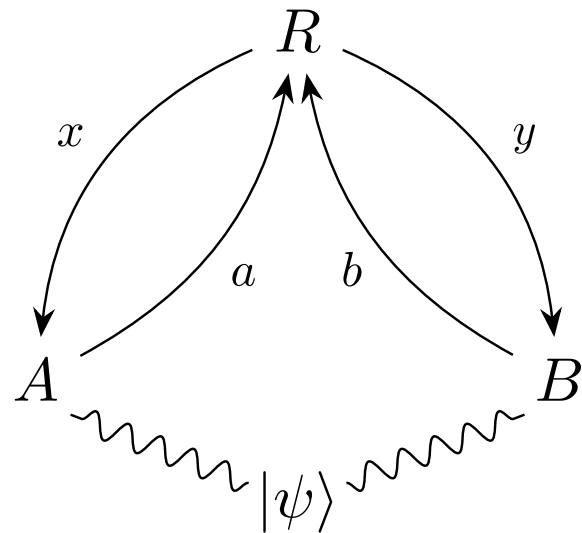
- Quantum Soundness ([NZ23, KMPSW24]):

$$\omega_q(\mathcal{G}_{\text{comp}}) \leq \omega_{qc}(\mathcal{G})$$

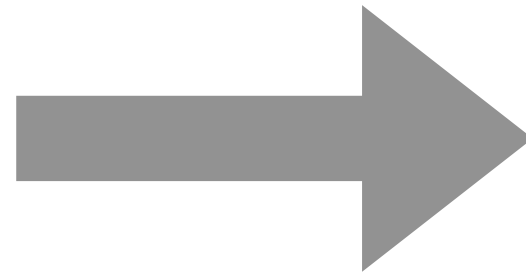
+

Rigidity

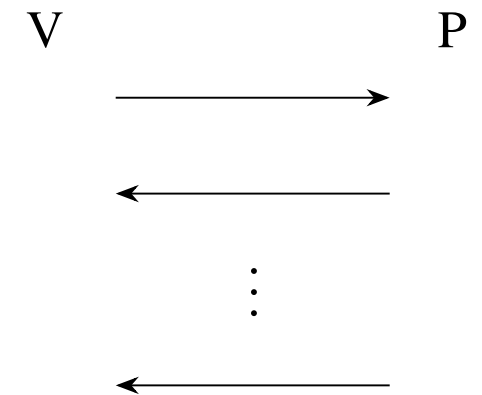
Nonlocal Game



Compiler



Compiled Nonlocal Game



KLVY Compiler

- Quantum Completeness ([KLVY23])

Proof of Quantumness

- Classical Completeness ([KLVY23])

$\omega_c(\mathcal{G}_{\text{comp}}) \geq \omega_c(\mathcal{G})$

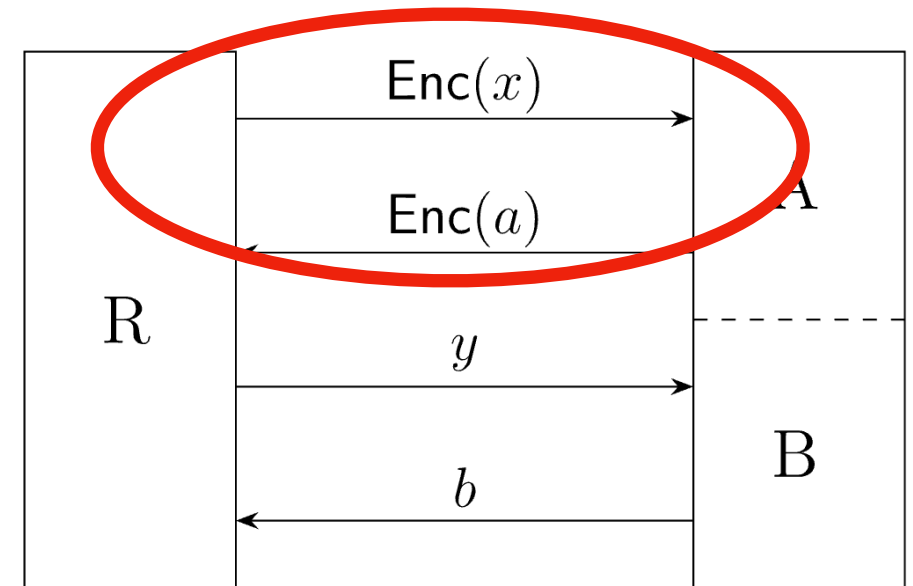
- Quantum Soundness ([IPSW24]):

Classical Verification
of
Quantum Computation

Fidelity

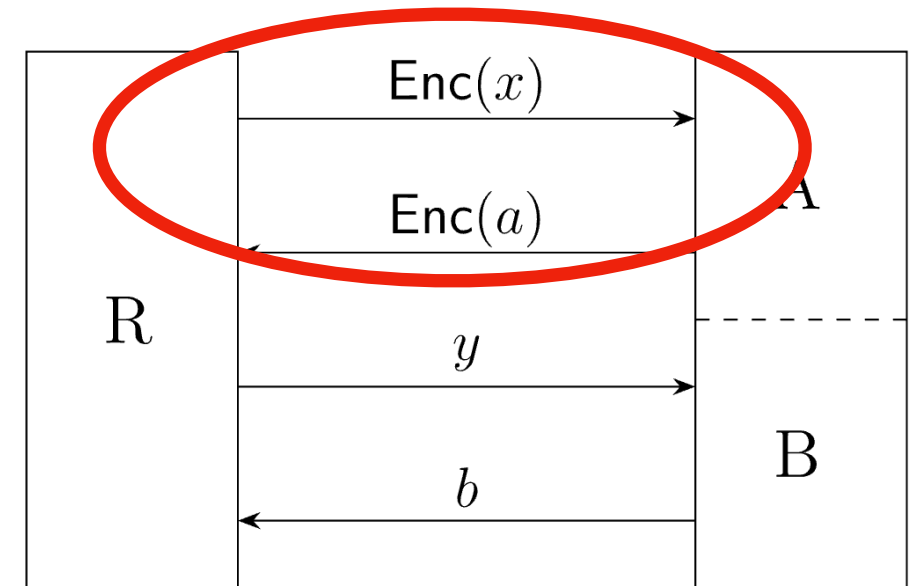
Our Compiler

- **Idea 1:** Replace QFHE with interactive blind classical delegation of any quantum computation



Our Compiler

- **Idea 1:** Replace QFHE with interactive blind classical delegation of any quantum computation



- **Idea 2:**

Blind classical delegation

=

Modification of universal blind quantum computation (UBQC) [BFK09]
in the measurement-based quantum computation (MBQC) model

+

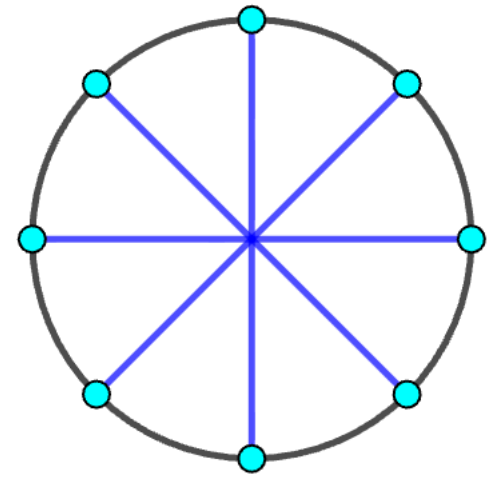
Blind remote state preparation (blind RSP)

Half-Blind Quantum Computation (HBQC)

- **Assumption:** V can prepare single qubits in the state

$$|+\theta\rangle := \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + e^{i\theta}|1\rangle),$$

where $\theta \in \Theta := \{k \cdot \pi/4 \mid k = 0, \dots, 7\}$ is uniformly random.

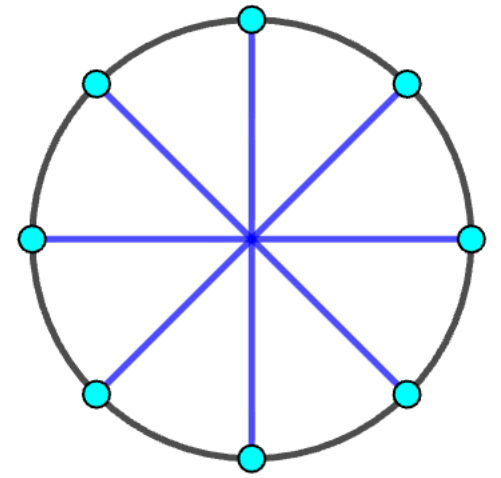


(X, Y)-plane Bloch sphere

Half-Blind Quantum Computation (HBQC)

- **Assumption:** V can prepare single qubits in the state

$$|+\theta\rangle := \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + e^{i\theta} |1\rangle),$$



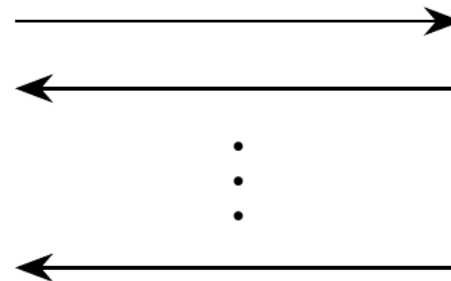
(X, Y)-plane Bloch sphere

where $\theta \in \Theta := \{k \cdot \pi/4 \mid k = 0, \dots, 7\}$ is uniformly random.

- **HBQC protocol:**

V(classical description of U)

$P(|\psi\rangle)$

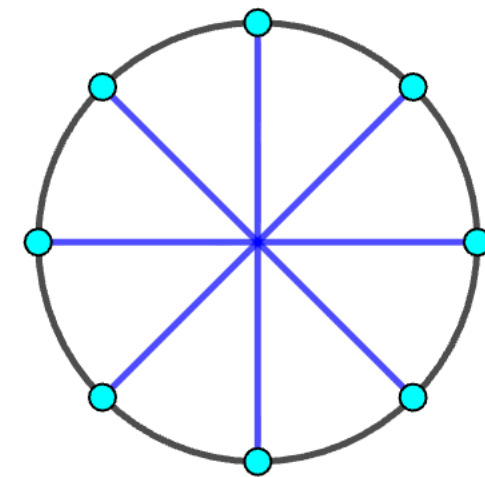


Outputs: a_i, b_i

Outputs: $(U' \otimes I) |\psi\rangle$

$$U' := \left(X^{a_1} Z^{b_1} \otimes \dots \otimes X^{a_n} Z^{b_n} \right) U$$

Half-Blind Quantum Computation (HBQC)



(X, Y)-plane Bloch sphere

- **Assumption:** V can prepare single qubits in the state

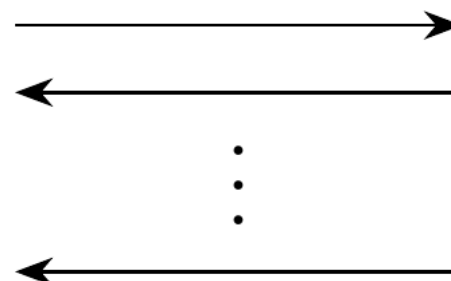
$$|+\theta\rangle := \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + e^{i\theta} |1\rangle),$$

where $\theta \in \Theta := \{k \cdot \pi/4 \mid k = 0, \dots, 7\}$ is uniformly random.

- **HBQC protocol:**

V(classical description of U)

$P(|\psi\rangle)$



Outputs: a_i, b_i

Outputs: $(U' \otimes I) |\psi\rangle$

$$U' := \left(X^{a_1} Z^{b_1} \otimes \dots \otimes X^{a_n} Z^{b_n} \right) U$$

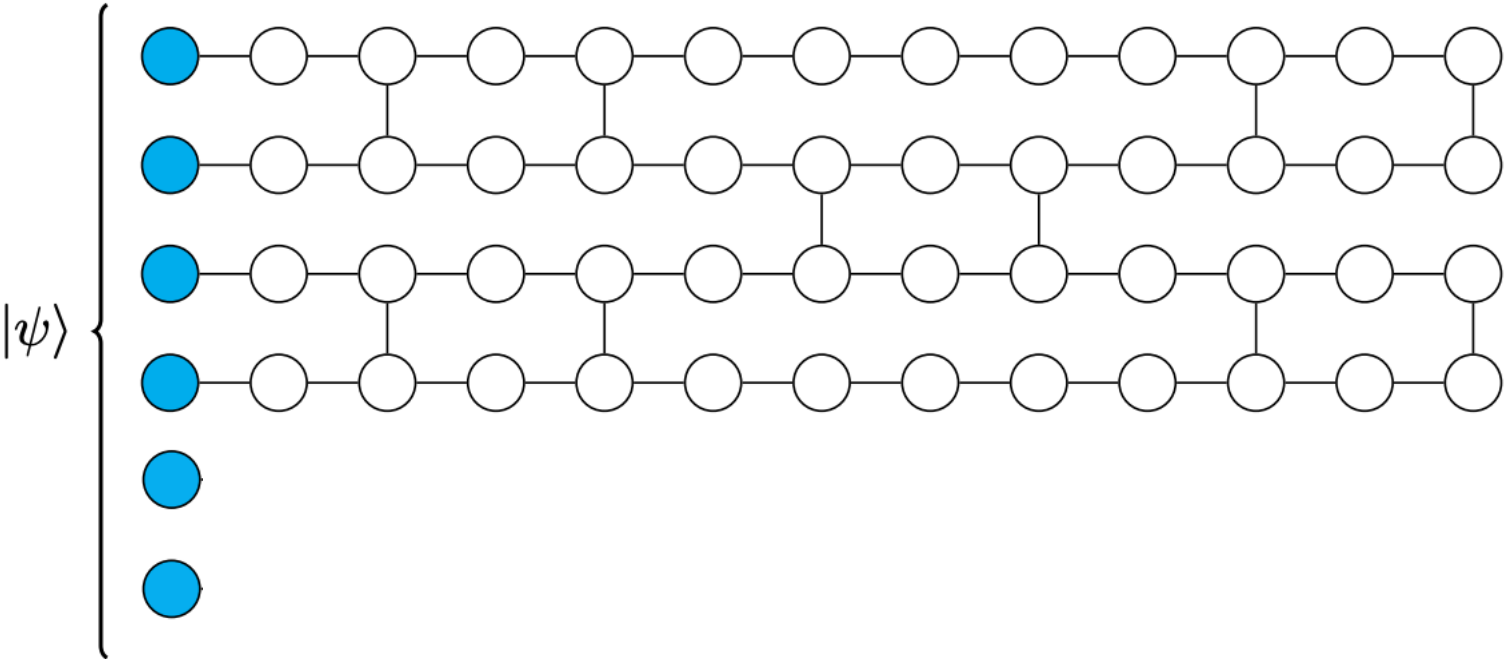
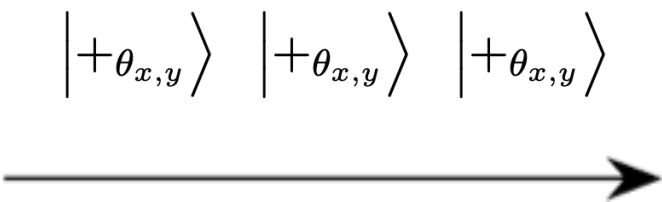
- **Security:** Prover gains no information about U and a_i, b_i
- Security holds unconditionally (no computational assumptions!)

Half-Blind Quantum Computation (HBQC)

- HBQC protocol:

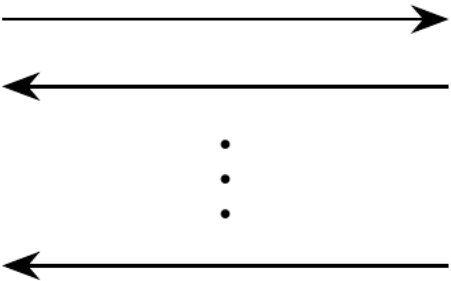
V (description of U)

$P(|\psi\rangle)$



V computes the updated measurement angle

P transmits the result

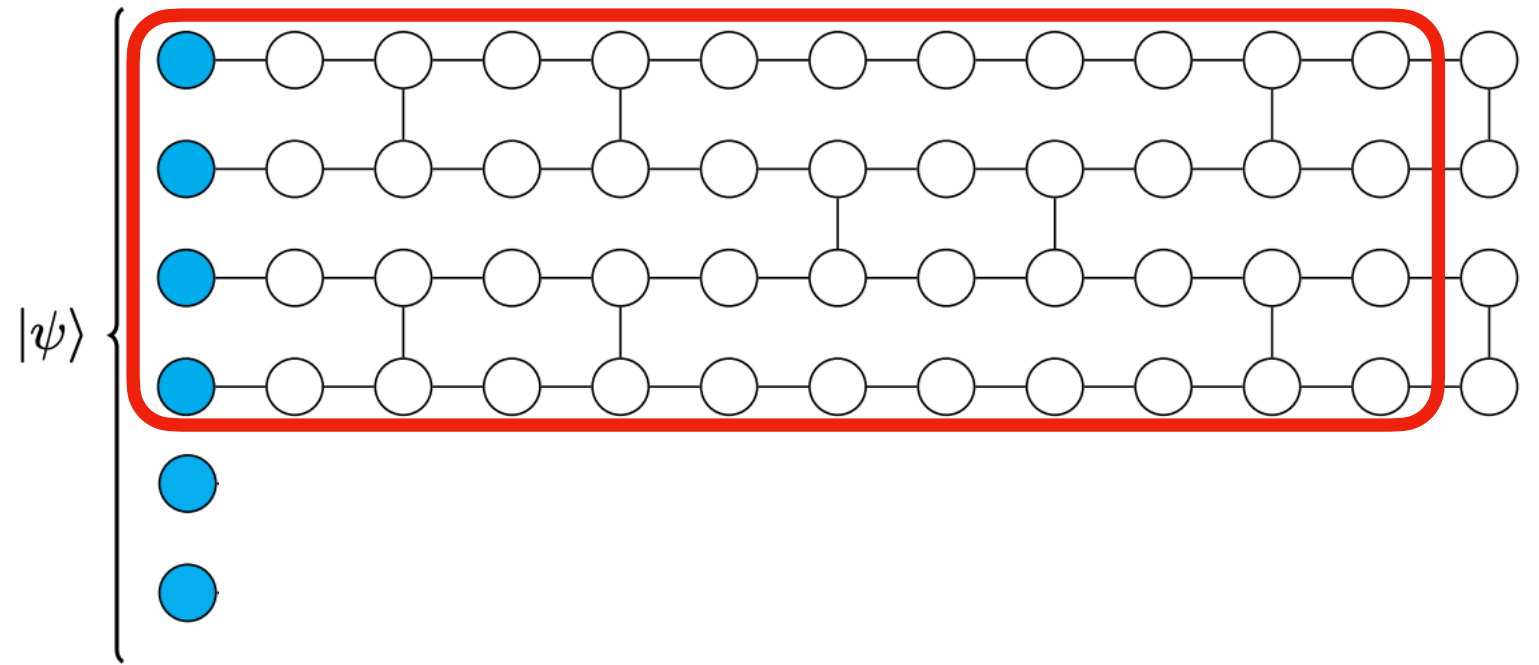
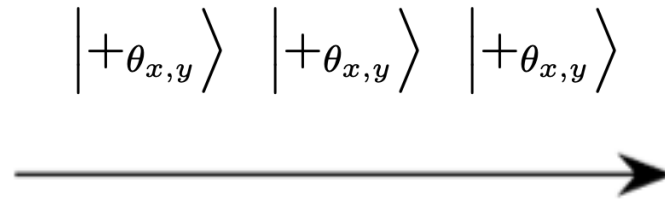


Half-Blind Quantum Computation (HBQC)

- HBQC protocol:

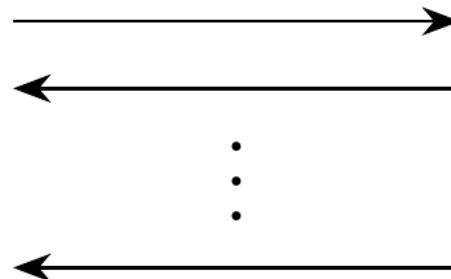
V (description of U)

$P(|\psi\rangle)$



V computes the updated measurement angle

P transmits the result

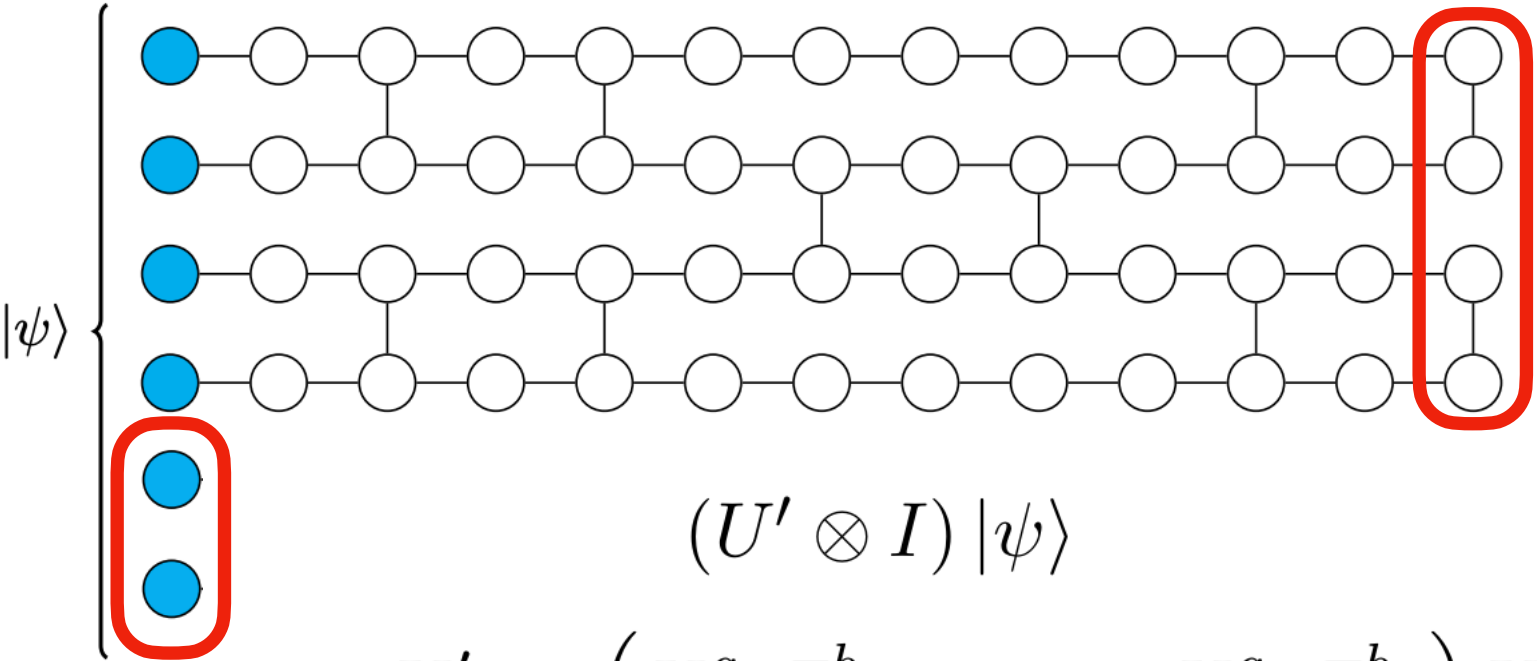
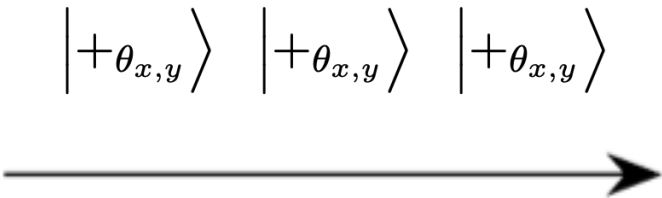


Half-Blind Quantum Computation (HBQC)

- HBQC protocol:

V(description of U)

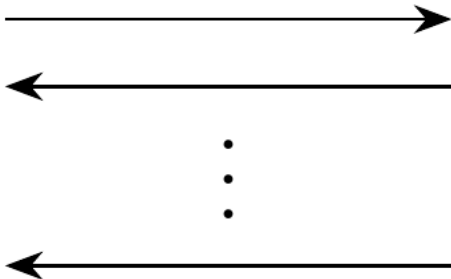
$P(|\psi\rangle)$



$$U' := \left(X^{a_1} Z^{b_1} \otimes \dots \otimes X^{a_n} Z^{b_n} \right) U$$

V computes the updated measurement angle

P transmits the result



Blind Remote State Preparation

- **Blind RSP** = Classical client delegates preparation of single-qubit states to quantum server without revealing information about the state

$$\left\{ |+\theta\rangle := \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(|0\rangle + e^{i\theta\frac{\pi}{4}} |1\rangle \right), \theta \in \{0, \dots, 7\} \right\}$$

Blind Remote State Preparation

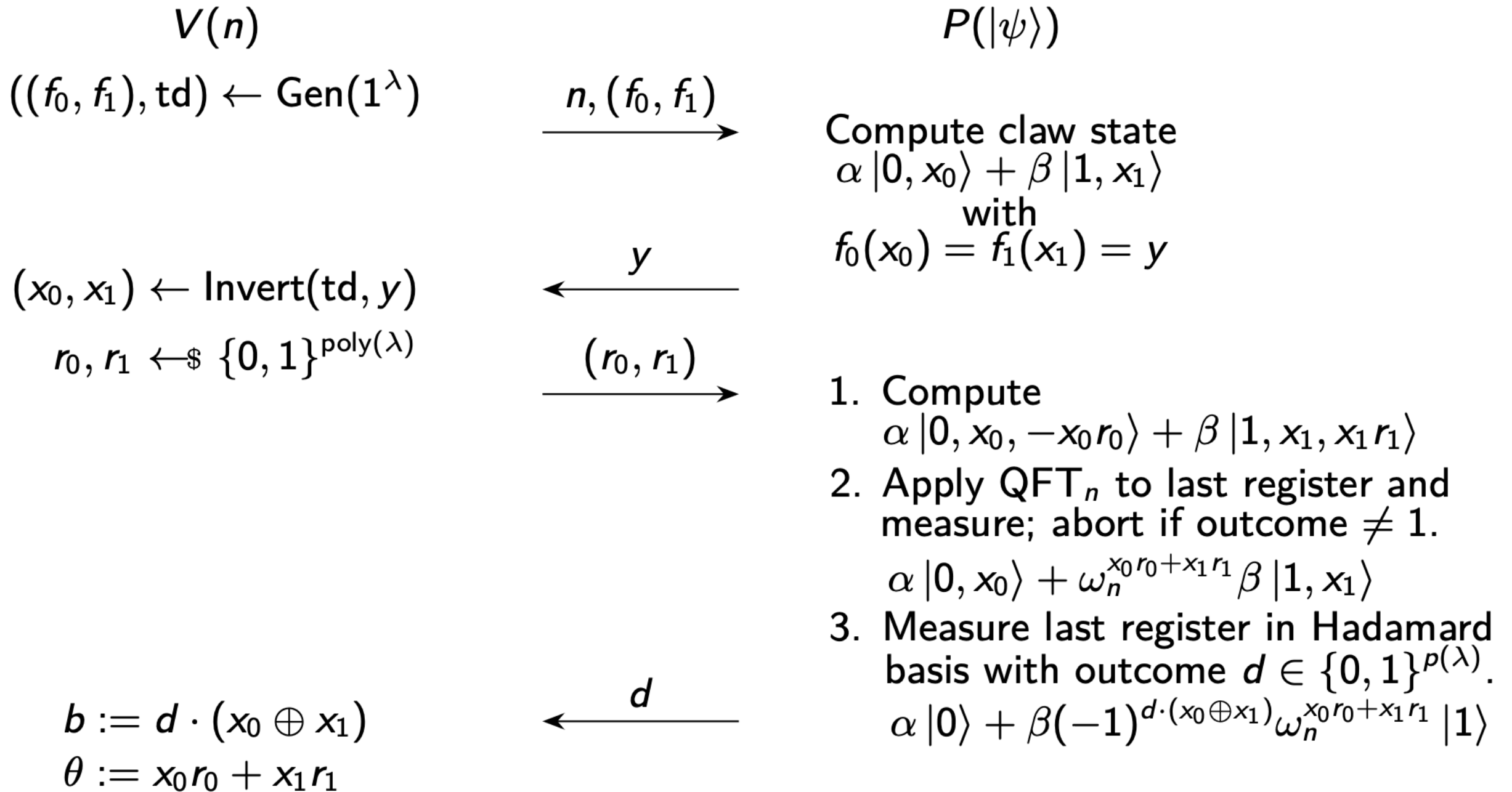
- **Blind RSP** = Classical client delegates preparation of single-qubit states to quantum server without revealing information about the state

$$\left\{ |+\theta\rangle := \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(|0\rangle + e^{i\theta\frac{\pi}{4}} |1\rangle \right), \theta \in \{0, \dots, 7\} \right\}$$

- **Assumption:** Existence of a post-quantum secure trapdoor claw-free function (TCF)
- **TCF:**
 1. Family of injective function pairs $(f_0, f_1) : X \rightarrow Y$ with same image
 2. Claw-freeness: Infeasible to find a claw (x_0, x_1) s.t. $f_0(x_0) = f_1(x_1)$
 3. Given trapdoor and $y \in Y$ in the image, possible to efficiently invert to obtain a claw (x_0, x_1) s.t. $f_0(x_0) = f_1(x_1) = y$.

Blind Remote State Preparation

Subroutine parameterized by n and state $|\psi\rangle = \alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle$ held by the prover:



Blind Remote State Preparation

Blind RSP Protocol: Use the subroutine three times:

- Subroutine with $n = 2$ and $|+\rangle$.
Let (b_1, θ_1) be the output of V , and $|\psi_1\rangle$ the output state of P .
- Subroutine with $n = 4$ and $|\psi_1\rangle$.
Let (b_2, θ_2) be the output of V , and $|\psi_2\rangle$ the output state of P .
- Subroutine with $n = 8$ and $|\psi_2\rangle$.
Let (b_3, θ_3) be the output of V , and $|\psi_3\rangle$ the output state of P .

The prover P holds the final state

$$|\psi_3\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + (-1)^b \omega_8^\theta |1\rangle)$$

The verifier V holds

$$b := b_1 \oplus b_2 \oplus b_3 \text{ and } \theta := 4\theta_1 + 2\theta_2 + \theta_3 \pmod{8}.$$

- **Security:** From the prover's point of view, θ is uniformly random

Summary

- HBQC = generalized UBQC protocol [BFK09]
- TCF \Rightarrow blind RSP for $\left\{ |+\theta\rangle := \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(|0\rangle + e^{i\theta\frac{\pi}{4}} |1\rangle \right), \theta \in \{0, \dots, 7\} \right\}$
- HBQC + blind RSP \Rightarrow classical blind delegation of QC
- New compiler from classical blind delegation of QC, satisfying
 1. Quantum Completeness
 2. Quantum Soundness
- Extending Mahadev's result from
'specific TCF from LWE \Rightarrow CVQC' to 'any TCF \Rightarrow CVQC'

Summary

- HBQC = generalized UBQC protocol [BFK09]
- TCF \Rightarrow blind RSP for $\left\{ |+\theta\rangle := \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(|0\rangle + e^{i\theta\frac{\pi}{4}} |1\rangle \right), \theta \in \{0, \dots, 7\} \right\}$
- HBQC + blind RSP \Rightarrow classical blind delegation of QC
- New compiler from classical blind delegation of QC, satisfying
 1. Quantum Completeness
 2. Quantum Soundness
- Extending Mahadev's result from
'*specific TCF from LWE \Rightarrow CVQC*' to '*any TCF \Rightarrow CVQC*'

Thank you for your attention!