### Successfully Attacking Masked AES Hardware Implementations

ΓUG

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### **Presentation Outline**



- Masking schemes for AES
- Implementation of masking schemes on a chip
- Results of attacks on the chip
- Conclusions and future work

### Masking Schemes for AES

- Multiplicative schemes having the "zero" problem
  - CHES 2001: Akkar, Giraud
  - CHES 2002: Trichina, De Seta, Germani
- Provably secure schemes:
  - SAC 2004: Blömer, Gerado, Krummel
  - FSE 2005: Oswald, Mangard, Pramstaller, Rijmen
- Other schemes:
  - CHES 2002: Golić, Tymen
  - AES 2004: Trichina, Korkishko

### Block Diagram of the Chip

VLSI





#### Measurement Setup









VLSI

| Implementation | Needed Measurements |
|----------------|---------------------|
| Unmasked       | 120,000             |
| Oswald et al.  | 1,000,000           |
| Akkar et al.   | 1,000,000           |



#### Attacking the Output of SubBytes



#### The output of the SubBytes transformation is not stored in registers!







#### Attacks on an Unmasked S-Box



Attacks based on predicting the Hamming weight and individual bits have been performed

# Results of Attacks on the Unmasked S-Box Implementations





The correct key was not revealed (1 Mio Measurements)!

# The Switching Activity of the Unmasked

**TUG** 





# The Switching Activity of the Unmasked

JG



Average toggle count for the 256 possible outputs (65536 simulations)

# Results of Attacks Using the Simulated Power Model

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|          | Elin Elono | Sbox                 | Sbox               |
|----------|------------|----------------------|--------------------|
|          |            | (simple power model) | (characterization) |
| Unmasked | 120,000    | 220,000              | 25,000             |

# Using the simulation result as power model, an attack was possible



#### Results of Attacks with Simple Power Models

| Implementation | Elin Elono | Sbox                 |  |
|----------------|------------|----------------------|--|
| Implementation | riip riops | (simple power model) |  |
| Unmasked       | 120,000    | 220,000              |  |
| Oswald et al.  | 1,000,000  | 250,000              |  |
| Akkar et al.   | 1,000,000  | 900,000              |  |



# The Switching Activity of the Masked Sbox (Oswald et al.)



# Simulation based on the back-annotated netlist

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Functional simulation based on the netlist (timing information is ignored)

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### Summary of all Attack Results

| Implementation | Flip Flops | Sbox                 | Sbox               |
|----------------|------------|----------------------|--------------------|
|                |            | (simple power model) | (characterization) |
| Unmasked       | 120,000    | 220,000              | 25,000             |
| Oswald et al.  | 1,000,000  | 250,000              | 30,000             |
| Akkar et al.   | 1,000,000  | 900,000              | 130,000            |



## **Conclusions and Future Work**

 No significant difference in attacking masked and unmasked S-Box implementations, if implemented in static CMOS

- We are currently analyzing, if there are "general power models"
- Masking schemes need to consider glitches





The Side-Channel Analysis Lab

http://www.iaik.at/research/sca-lab

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Chip Design and Production in Cooperation With Frank K. Gürkaynak (ETH Zürich) and Simon Häne (ETH Zürich)